

Documentation

EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx

IO-Link Box Modules with digital inputs

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BECKHOFF

Table of contents

1	Foreword	5
1.1	Notes on the documentation.....	5
1.2	Safety instructions	6
1.3	Documentation issue status	7
2	Product overview	8
2.1	EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx Module overview	8
2.2	EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x.....	9
2.2.1	Introduction	9
2.2.2	Technical Data.....	10
2.2.3	Process image	11
2.3	EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x.....	12
2.3.1	Introduction	12
2.3.2	Technical data	13
2.3.3	Process image	14
3	IO-Link basics	15
3.1	IO-Link system configuration	15
3.2	Establishment of IO-Link communication	17
3.3	Device description IODD	18
3.4	Parameter server.....	18
3.5	Data transfer rate.....	19
4	Mounting and connection	20
4.1	Mounting.....	20
4.1.1	Dimensions.....	20
4.1.2	Fixing	21
4.1.3	Tightening torque for connectors.....	22
4.2	IO-Link connection.....	23
4.2.1	IO-Link master connection.....	23
4.2.2	Connection IO-Link Device.....	24
4.2.3	IO-Link status LED.....	25
4.3	Status LEDs for power supply	25
4.4	Signal connection	26
4.4.1	Digital inputs M8 and M12	26
4.5	UL Requirements.....	27
4.6	Cabling	28
5	Commissioning/configuration of IO-Link master/device	29
5.1	IO-Link master	29
5.1.1	Offline configuration settings - TwinCAT (master).....	29
5.1.2	Online configuration settings - TwinCAT (master).....	35
5.1.3	Configuration via TwinCAT - explanation tabs.....	41
5.1.4	Restoring the delivery state of an EtherCAT device	51
5.2	Accessing IO-Link parameters	51
5.3	IO-Link device.....	54
5.3.1	Configuration of the IO-Link devices.....	54

5.3.2	EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Process data	63
5.3.3	Settings of the IO-Link devices	63
5.3.4	EPIxxxx, ERIxxxx - Setting of the IO-Link device parameters	65
5.3.5	EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Set up the parameters of the IO-Link device	71
5.3.6	EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Input debouncing and input signal extension	74
5.3.7	Object Overview - EPI1809-0021	76
5.3.8	EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x - Object description and parameterization	77
5.3.9	EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x - Object description and parameterization	80
5.3.10	Firmware update of the IO-Link device	83
6	Appendix	85
6.1	General operating conditions	85
6.2	IP67 Box - Accessories	86
6.3	Support and Service	87

1 Foreword

1.1 Notes on the documentation

Intended audience

This description is only intended for the use of trained specialists in control and automation engineering who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

It is essential that the documentation and the following notes and explanations are followed when installing and commissioning these components.

It is the duty of the technical personnel to use the documentation published at the respective time of each installation and commissioning.

The responsible staff must ensure that the application or use of the products described satisfy all the requirements for safety, including all the relevant laws, regulations, guidelines and standards.

Disclaimer

The documentation has been prepared with care. The products described are, however, constantly under development.

We reserve the right to revise and change the documentation at any time and without prior announcement.

No claims for the modification of products that have already been supplied may be made on the basis of the data, diagrams and descriptions in this documentation.

Trademarks

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Patent Pending

The EtherCAT Technology is covered, including but not limited to the following patent applications and patents: EP1590927, EP1789857, DE102004044764, DE102007017835 with corresponding applications or registrations in various other countries.

The TwinCAT Technology is covered, including but not limited to the following patent applications and patents: EP0851348, US6167425 with corresponding applications or registrations in various other countries.

The logo for EtherCAT, featuring the word "EtherCAT" in a bold, sans-serif font. A red arrow points from the top of the "A" towards the right, ending above the "T". A registered trademark symbol (®) is located to the right of the "T".

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1.2 Safety instructions

Safety regulations

Please note the following safety instructions and explanations!
Product-specific safety instructions can be found on following pages or in the areas mounting, wiring, commissioning etc.

Exclusion of liability

All the components are supplied in particular hardware and software configurations appropriate for the application. Modifications to hardware or software configurations other than those described in the documentation are not permitted, and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

Personnel qualification

This description is only intended for trained specialists in control, automation and drive engineering who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

Description of instructions

In this documentation the following instructions are used.
These instructions must be read carefully and followed without fail!

DANGER

Serious risk of injury!

Failure to follow this safety instruction directly endangers the life and health of persons.

WARNING

Risk of injury!

Failure to follow this safety instruction endangers the life and health of persons.

CAUTION

Personal injuries!

Failure to follow this safety instruction can lead to injuries to persons.

NOTE

Damage to environment/equipment or data loss

Failure to follow this instruction can lead to environmental damage, equipment damage or data loss.



Tip or pointer

This symbol indicates information that contributes to better understanding.

1.3 Documentation issue status

Version	Changes
1.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chapter "process data" added
1.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ERI1xxx added Introduction updated Technical Data updated Connection IO-Link Master updated Cabling updated Update chapter <i>IO-Link Master</i> and <i>IO-Link Device</i> Update structure Corrections
1.1.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EPI1008-000x - Technical Data updated EPI1802-002x - Technical Data updated
1.1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Status LEDs for power supply updated Firmware update of the IO-Link device updated
1.1.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EPI1008-000x - Object description and parameterization updated EPI1809-002x - Object description and parameterization updated
1.0.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First publication
0.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrections
0.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> first preliminary version

Firm and hardware version

The documentation refers to the firm and hardware status that was valid at the time it was prepared.

The properties of the modules are subject to continuous development and improvement. Modules having earlier production statuses cannot have the same properties as modules with the latest status. Existing properties, however, are always retained and are not changed, so that these modules can always be replaced by new ones.

The firmware and hardware version (delivery state) can be found in the batch number (D number) printed at the side of the IO-Link box module.

Syntax of the batch number (D number)

D: WW YY FF HH

WW - week of production (calendar week)

YY - year of production

FF - firmware version

HH - hardware version

Example with D No. 29 10 02 01:

29 - week of production 29

10 - year of production 2010

02 - firmware version 02

01 - hardware version 01

2 Product overview

2.1 EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx Module overview

Digital input modules

Module	Signal connection	Number of inputs	Filter (Default adjustment)	Housing
EPI1008-0001 [► 9]	8 x M8	8	3.0 ms	Industrial housing
ERI1008-0001 [► 9]	8 x M8	8	3.0 ms	Zinc die-cast housing
EPI1008-0002 [► 9]	4 x M12	8	3.0 ms	Industrial housing
ERI1008-0002 [► 9]	4 x M12	8	3.0 ms	Zinc die-cast housing
EPI1809-0021 [► 12]	16 x M8	16	3.0 ms	Industrial housing, wide body
ERI1809-0021 [► 12]	16 x M8	16	3.0 ms	Zinc die-cast housing, wide body
EPI1809-0022 [► 12]	8 x M12	16	3.0 ms	Industrial housing, wide body
ERI1809-0022 [► 12]	8 x M12	16	3.0 ms	Zinc die-cast housing, wide body

2.2 EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x

2.2.1 Introduction

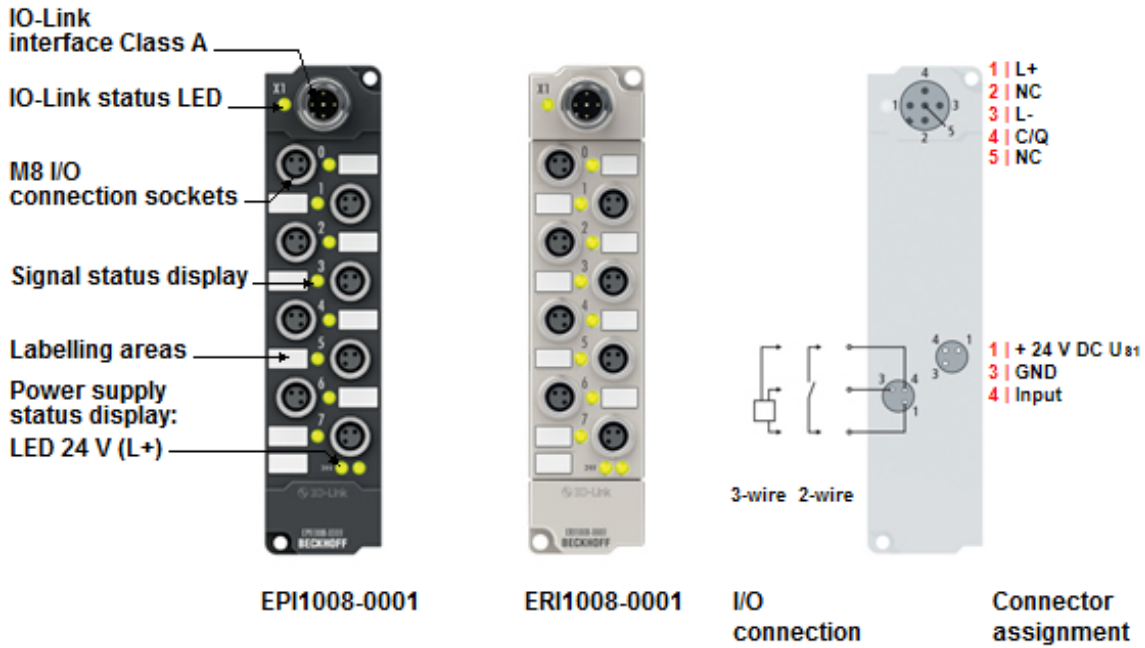


Fig. 1: EPI1008-0001, ERI1008-0001

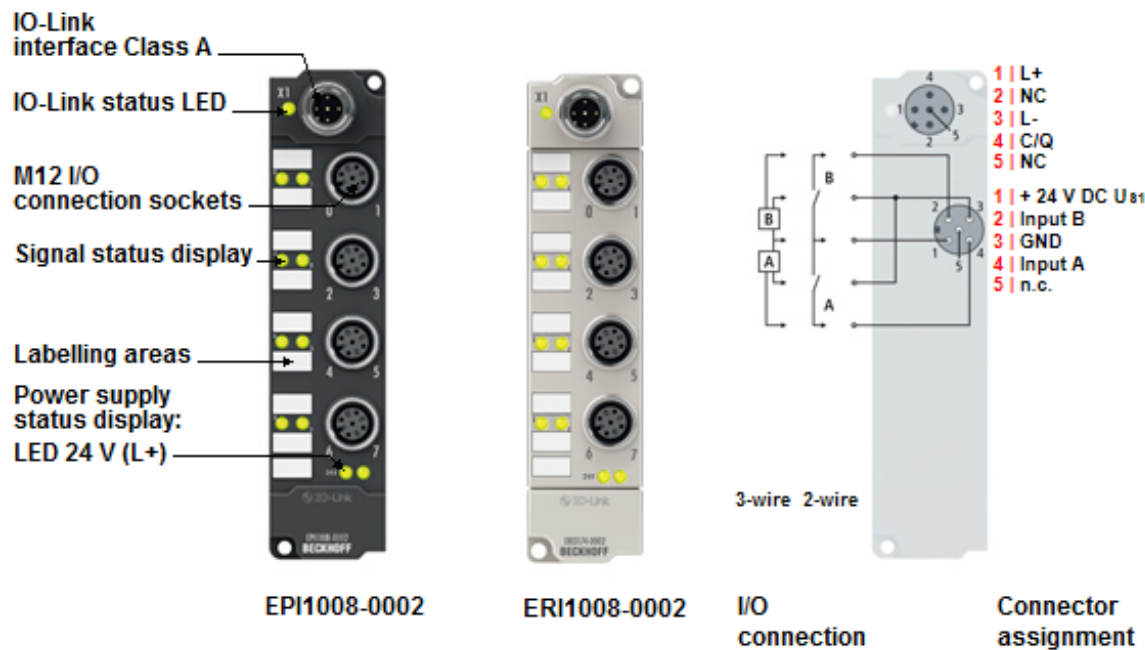


Fig. 2: EPI1008-0002, ERI1008-0002

8 digital inputs, 24 V_{DC}

The EPI1008 IO-Link box module with digital inputs acquires binary control signals from the process level, and transfers them, electrically isolated, to the controller. The status of the signal is displayed by light emitting diodes; the signal connection is made optionally through M8 connectors (EPI1008-0001, ERI1008-0001) or M12 connectors (EPI1008-0002, ERI1008-0002). The sensors are supplied from U_{S1} (derived from L₊)

The IO-Link box modules with zinc die-cast housing (ERIxxxx) are ready for use in harsh industrial and process environments. With the fully sealed design and metal surfaces the ERI series is ideal for applications requiring enhanced load capacity and protection against weld spatter, for example.

Quick links

[Installation](#) [[▶ 20](#)]

2.2.2 Technical Data

Technical data	EPI1008-0001	ERI1008-0001	EPI1008-0002	ERI1008-0002
Communication	IO-Link			
Data transfer rate	230,4 kBaud (COM 3)			
IO-Link connection	1 x M12 connector a-coded			
Specification version	IO-Link V1.1, Class A			
Requirements IO-Link Master	V1.1			
Number of inputs	8			
Input connections [▶ 26]	M8		M12	
Nominal input voltage	24 V _{DC} (-15%/+20%)			
Input filter (adjustable)	3,0 ms (default), adjustable between 0 ms and 20 ms			
Input signal extension time (adjustable)	0 ms (default), adjustable between 0 ms and 100 ms			
"0" signal voltage	-3 V...+5 V (EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
"1" signal voltage	+11 V...+30 V (EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
Input current	typically 3 mA (EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
Module electronic supply	L ₊			
Module electronic current consumption	typically 100 mA from L ₊			
Sensor current consumption	max. 0.5 A total, short-circuit proof			
Sensor supply	U _{S1} (derived from L ₊)			
Process image	8 input bits			
Housing	Industrial housing (polyamide) PA6	Zinc die-cast	Industrial housing (polyamide) PA6	Zinc die-cast
Permissible ambient temperature during operation	-25°C ... +60°C			
Permissible ambient temperature during storage	-40°C ... +85°C			
Vibration / shock resistance	conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27			
EMC resistance/emission	conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4			
Protection class	IP65, IP66, IP67 (conforms to EN 60529) Please also note the chapter general operation conditions [▶ 85]			
Installation position	variable			
Approvals	CE, UL			

2.2.3 Process image

Input 0 to Input 7

The IO-Link device is connected to **IO-Link Port1** of the IO-Link master (EP6224-2022).

You will find the 8 digital inputs of the module (here using the EPI1008-0001 as an example) under **Input 0 to Input 7**.

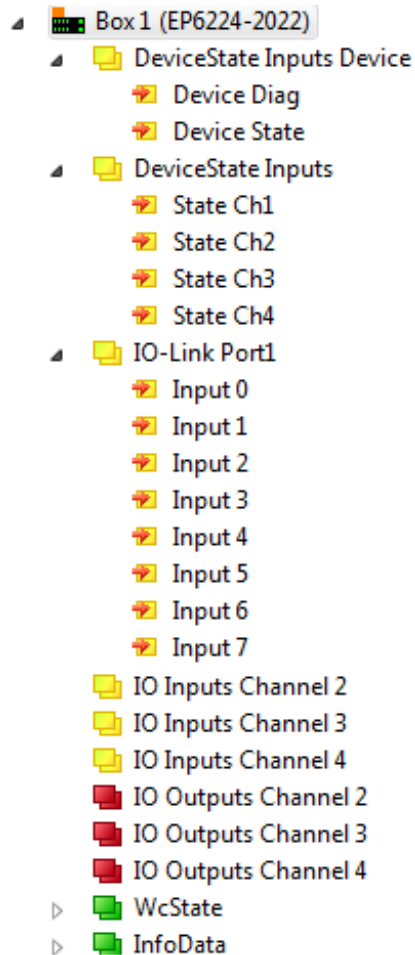


Fig. 3: EPI1008-000x, Process image

Also see about this

EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Process data [[▶ 63](#)]

2.3 EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x

2.3.1 Introduction

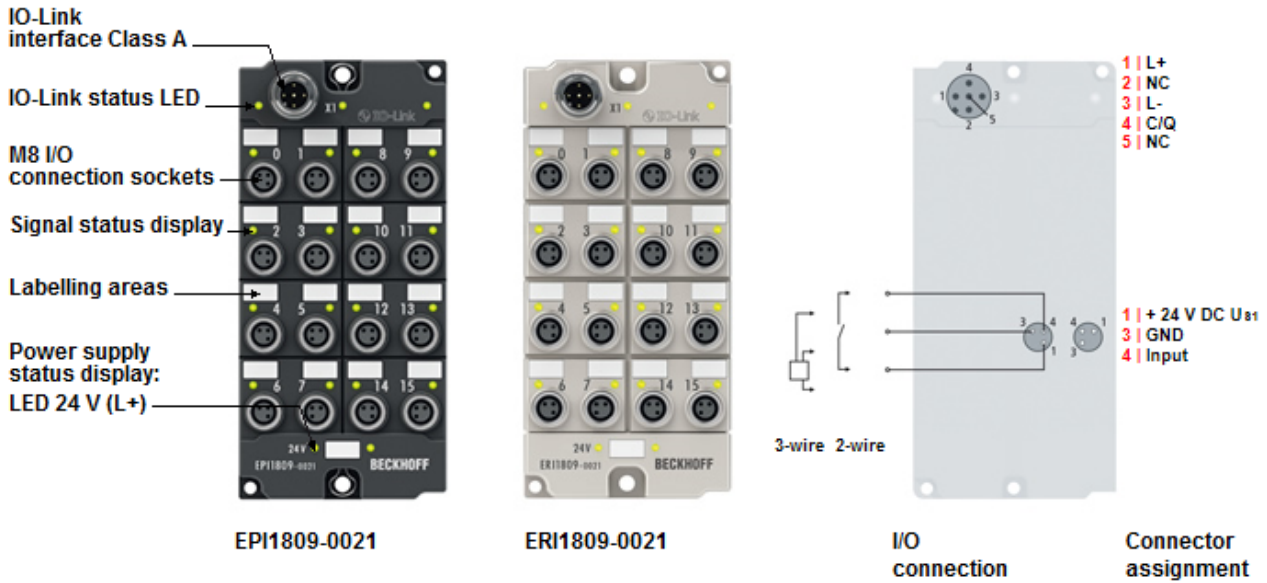


Fig. 4: EPI1809-0021, ERI1809-0021

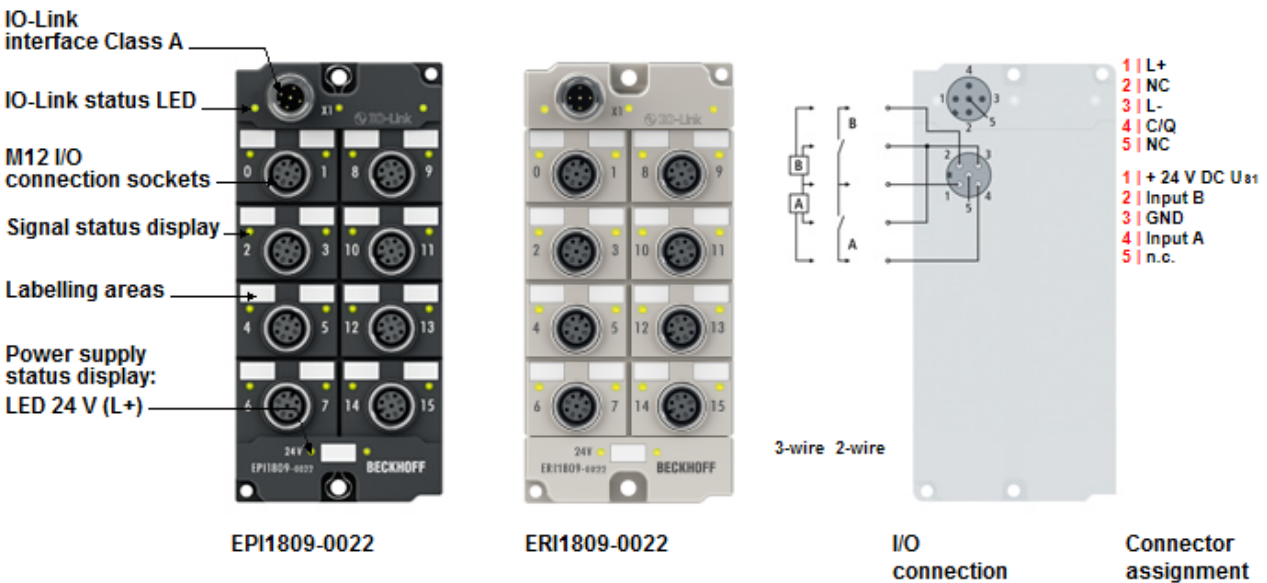


Fig. 5: EPI1809-0022, ERI1809-0022

16 digital inputs, 24 V_{DC}

The IO-Link box modules EPI1809-002x and ERI1809-002x with digital inputs acquire the binary control signals from the process level and transmit them, in an electrically isolated form, to the controller. The state of the signals is indicated by light emitting diodes. The signals are connected via M8 connectors (EPI1809-0021, ERI1809-0021) or M12 connectors (EPI1809-0022, ERI1809-0022).

The sensors are supplied from U_{S1} (derived from L_+).

The IO-Link box modules with zinc die-cast housing (ERIxxxx) are ready for use in harsh industrial and process environments. With the fully sealed design and metal surfaces the ERI series is ideal for applications requiring enhanced load capacity and protection against weld spatter, for example.

Quick links
[Installation \[► 20\]](#)

2.3.2 Technical data

Technical data	EPI1809-0021	ERI1809-0021	EPI1809-0022	ERI1809-0022
Communication	IO-Link			
Data transfer rate	230,4 kBaud (COM 3)			
IO-Link connection	1 x M12 connector, a-coded			
Specification version	IO-Link V1.1, Class A			
Requirements IO-Link Master	V1.1			
Number of inputs	16			
Input connections [► 26]	M8		M12	
Nominal input voltage	24 V _{DC} (-15%/+20%)			
Input filter (adjustable)	3,0 ms (default), adjustable between 0 ms and 20 ms			
Input signal extension time (adjustable)	0 ms (default), adjustable between 0 ms and 100 ms			
"0" signal voltage	-3 V...+5 V (similar to EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
"1" signal voltage	+11 V...+30 V (similar to EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
Input current	typically 3 mA (similar to EN 61131-2, Type 3)			
Module electronic supply	L ₊			
Module electronic current consumption	typically 100 mA from L ₊ (without sensor current)			
Sensor current consumption	max. 0.5 A total, short-circuit proof			
Sensor supply	U _{S1} (derived from L ₊)			
Process image	16 input bits			
Housing	Industrial housing (polyamide) PA6	Zinc die-cast housing	Industrial housing (polyamide) PA6	Zinc die-cast housing
Permissible ambient temperature during operation	-25°C ... +60°C			
Permissible ambient temperature during storage	-40°C ... +85°C			
Vibration / shock resistance	conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27			
EMC resistance / emission	conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4			
Protection class	IP65, IP66, IP67 (conforms to EN 60529) Please note the chapter General operation conditions [► 85]			
Installation position	variable			
Approvals	CE, UL			

2.3.3 Process image

Input 0 to Input 15

The IO-Link device is connected to **IO-Link Port1** of the IO-Link master.

You will find the 16 digital inputs of the module (here using the EPI1809-0021 as an example) under **Input 0 to Input 15**.

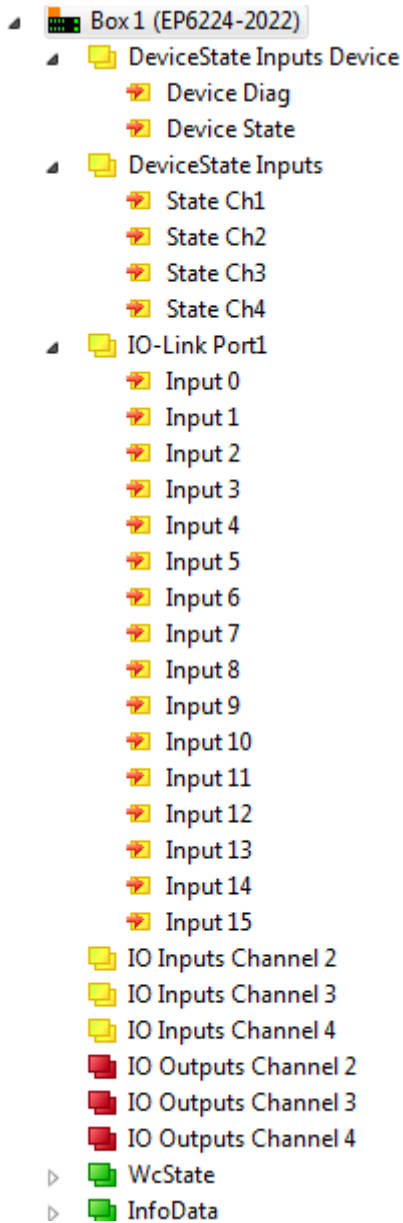


Fig. 6: EPI1809-002x, Process image

Also see about this

📖 EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Process data [▶ 63]

3 IO-Link basics

IO-Link represents a communication system for the connection of intelligent sensors and actuators to an automation system in the IEC 61131-9 standard under the designation "Single-drop digital communication interface for small sensors and actuators" (SDCI).

The electrical connection data and the communication protocol are standardized and summarized in the [IO-Link specification](#).

● IO-Link specification

i The development of the EP6224-xxxxxx was based on IO-Link specification 1.1. At the time of the preparation of this documentation, the IO-Link specification is entering the IEC standardization and will be adopted in extended form as IEC 61131-9. The new designation SDCI will be introduced at the same time. As a member of the respective committee, Beckhoff supports the development of IO-Link and reflects changes to the specification in its products.

3.1 IO-Link system configuration

An IO-Link system consists of an IO-Link master, one or more IO-Link devices and sensors or actuators. The IO-Link master provides the interface to the higher-level controller and controls the communication with the connected IO-Link devices. The EP6224-xxxx IO-Link master module from Beckhoff has four IO-Link ports, each of which can be connected to an IO-Link-Device. IO-Link is therefore not a fieldbus, but a peer-to-peer connection (see figure below).

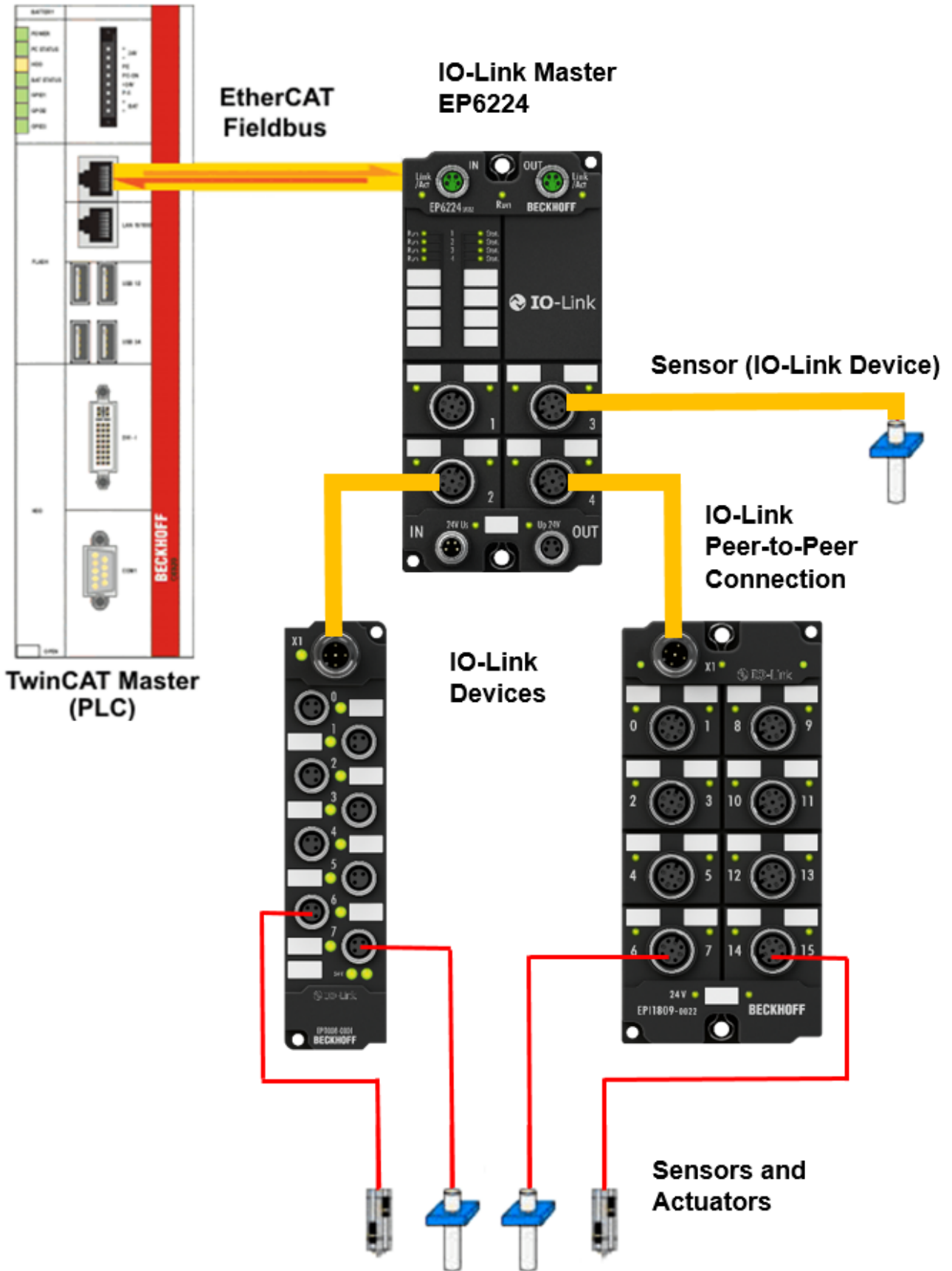


Fig. 7: IO-Link overview: Peer-to-peer communication

The connected IO-Link devices have individual parameter information, which is detected during automatic scanning with TwinCAT and transferred to the System Manager (see chapter "Basic function principles", integration of IO-Link devices). Module-specific information can be imported offline in the form of an IO-Link Device Description (IODD) and transferred to TwinCAT.

- How to manually configure (physically non-existent) IO-Link masters and devices in TwinCAT is described under the following two links: [Offline configuration settings - TwinCAT \(master\) \[▶ 29\]](#), [1. Importing the device description IODD \[▶ 56\]](#)
- How to configure physically existent IO-Link masters and devices in TwinCAT is described under the following two links: [Online configuration settings - TwinCAT \(master\) \[▶ 35\]](#), [2. Automatic scanning of the IO-Link ports \[▶ 59\]](#)

3.2 Establishment of IO-Link communication

Establishment of IO-Link communication

The establishment of the IO-Link communication is illustrated in Fig. *Establishment of IO-Link communication*. This illustrates in particular the sequence when [automatically scanning \[▶ 59\]](#) the IO-Link port.

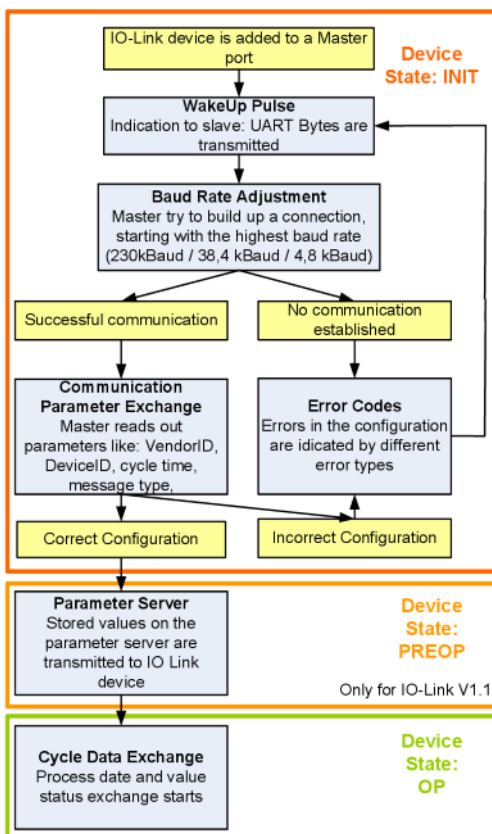


Fig. 8: Establishment of IO-Link communication

- If an IO-Link device is connected to a master port, the master attempts to establish communication. A defined signal level, the **WakeUp pulse**, signals to the slave that UART bytes are to be sent from now on. From this point on, all data will be interpreted by the IO-Link slave as UART bytes.
- The master runs through all [baud rates \[▶ 19\]](#), starting with the fastest baud rate (COM3 = 230 kbaud). A successful connection has been established when the slave responds to the WakeUp pulse.
- First of all the master reads the **basic parameters** (Vendor ID, Device ID, process data length, telegram type and cycle time) and compares them with the existing configuration.

- If no connection could be established to the slave, or if the saved parameters differ from those read, the corresponding error is output.
- If the saved parameters differ from those read, the IO-Link device changes to the PREOP state. If the IO-Link device specification is V1.1, the [parameter server \[▶ 18\]](#) is now executed. If the IO-Link device specification is V1.0, this step is omitted and the device changes directly to OP.
- Finally the cycle time is written and the device changes to OP. After that the master cyclically exchanges data with the slave.

3.3 Device description IODD

IO-Link devices possess individual system information in the form of an IO device description (IODD), which contains:

- Communication features
- Device parameters with value range and default values
- Identification, process and diagnostic data
- Device data
- Text description
- Picture of the device
- Vendor's logo

If the IODD is imported, then the device data are automatically detected during [automatic scanning \[▶ 59\]](#) with TwinCAT and adopted in the System Manager (cf. integration of the IO-Link devices).

3.4 Parameter server

In order to be able to use the functionality of the parameter server, both the IO-Link master and the IO-Link device must be specified to V1.1. The IO-Link revision of the device can be read for the individual port under [Settings \[▶ 63\]](#). The Beckhoff IO-Link master supports specification V1.1 from FW 07.

- The parameter server in the IO-Link master contains parameter data that are saved in the IO-Link device. The memory capacity is max. 2 kbyte (including header).
If the IO-Link-Device is exchanged, then the data are loaded from the parameter server into the new device. The requirement for this is that the device is of the same type (VendorID & DeviceID must be the same).
- If a new IO-Link-Device is configured, then the IO-Link master loads the parameters from the IO-Link-Device into the parameter server when starting for the first time.
Data from other IO-Link devices that are already configured (VendorID & DeviceID do not correspond to the configured device) are overwritten.
- At each further start the IO-Link master uses a checksum to check whether the data in the parameter server correspond to those on the IO-Link-Device and if necessary downloads them to the device.
- If the parameters change during the device runtime, this can be reported via the Master's special event. The master then starts the parameter server with an upload.
- By default the event is not set each time the parameters are written, therefore the end of the parameterization procedure has to be reported to the IO-Link device.
The IO-Link-Device then sends the corresponding event to the master. The data are loaded into the parameter server.
- In the case of a pre-programmed IO-Link-Device, no download takes place from the parameter server to the device.

3.5 Data transfer rate

An IO-Link master according to specification V1.1 supports all three transmission types and automatically adjusts the data transfer rate to that of the IO-Link device.

An IO-Link device usually supports only one data transfer rate. IO-Link devices with different data transfer rate can be connected to the various ports of the master.

- COM1 = 4.8 kbaud
- COM2 = 38.4 kbaud
- COM3 = 230.4 kbaud

4 Mounting and connection

4.1 Mounting

4.1.1 Dimensions

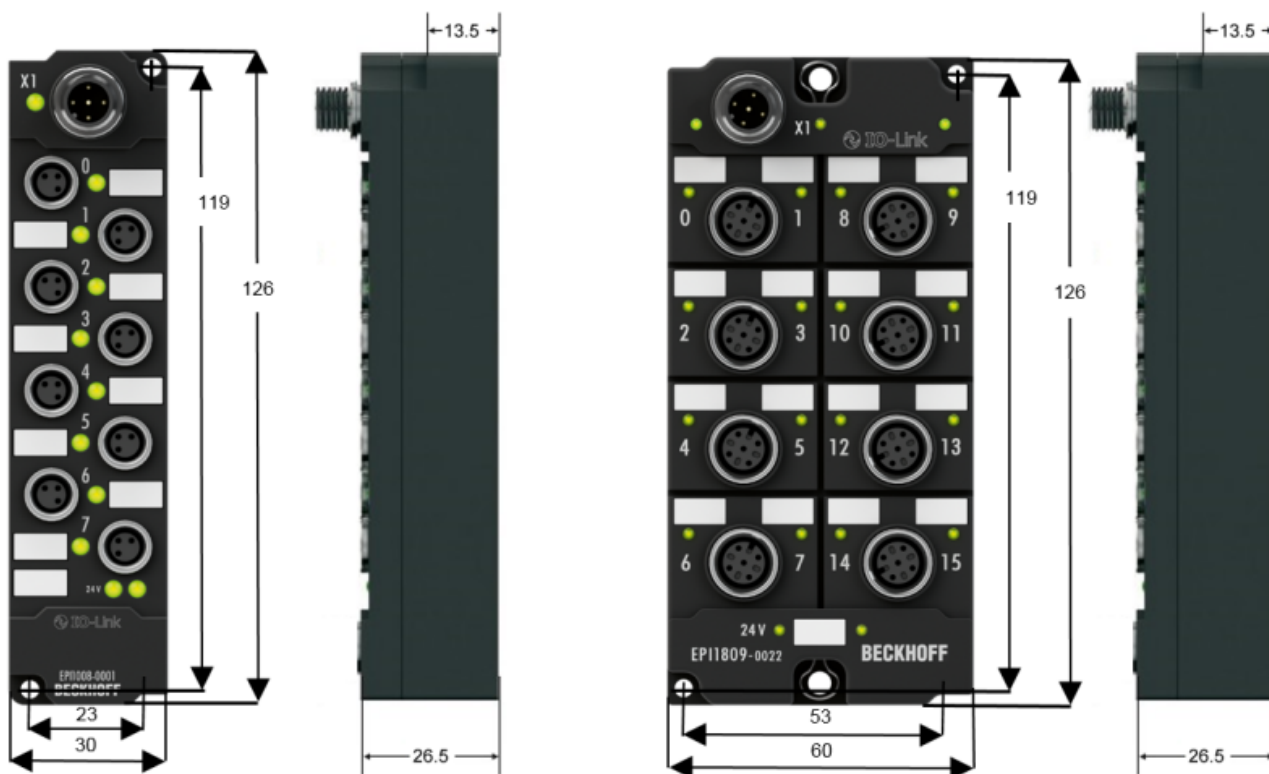


Fig. 9: Dimensions of the IO-Link box modules

All dimensions are given in millimeters.

Housing features

IO-Link box modules	Narrow housing	Wide housing
Housing material	PA6 (polyamide) for EPIxxxx or die-cast zinc for ERIxxxx	
Sealing compound	Polyurethane	
Mounting	two fastening holes \varnothing 3 mm for M3	two fastening hole \varnothing 3 mm for M3 two fastening holes \varnothing 4.5 mm for M4
Metal parts	Brass, nickel-plated	
Contacts	CuZn, gold-plated	
Installation position	variable	
Protection class	IP65, IP66, IP67 (conforms to EN 60529) when screwed together	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	approx. 126 x 30 x 26.5 mm	approx. 126 x 60 x 26.5 mm
Weight	approx. 125 g, depending on module type	approx. 250 g, depending on module type

4.1.2 Fixing

● Protect connectors against soiling

i Protect all connections from contamination during module installation! Protection class IP65 can only be guaranteed if all cables and connectors are connected! Unused connections must be protected with the appropriate connectors! Connector sets see catalog.

Modules with narrow housing are installed with two M3 screws.

Modules with wide housing are installed with two M3 screws in the mounting holes in the corners or two M4 screws in the central fastening holes.

The bolts must be longer than 15 mm. The fastening holes in the modules have no thread.

Note when mounting that the overall height is increased further by the fieldbus connections. See the Accessories section.

Mounting Rail ZS5300-0001

The mounting rail ZS5300-0001 (500 mm x 129 mm) allows the time saving assembly of modules.

The rail is made of stainless steel, 1.5 mm thick, with already pre-made M3 threads for the modules. The rail has got 5.3 mm slots to mount it via M5 screws to the machine.

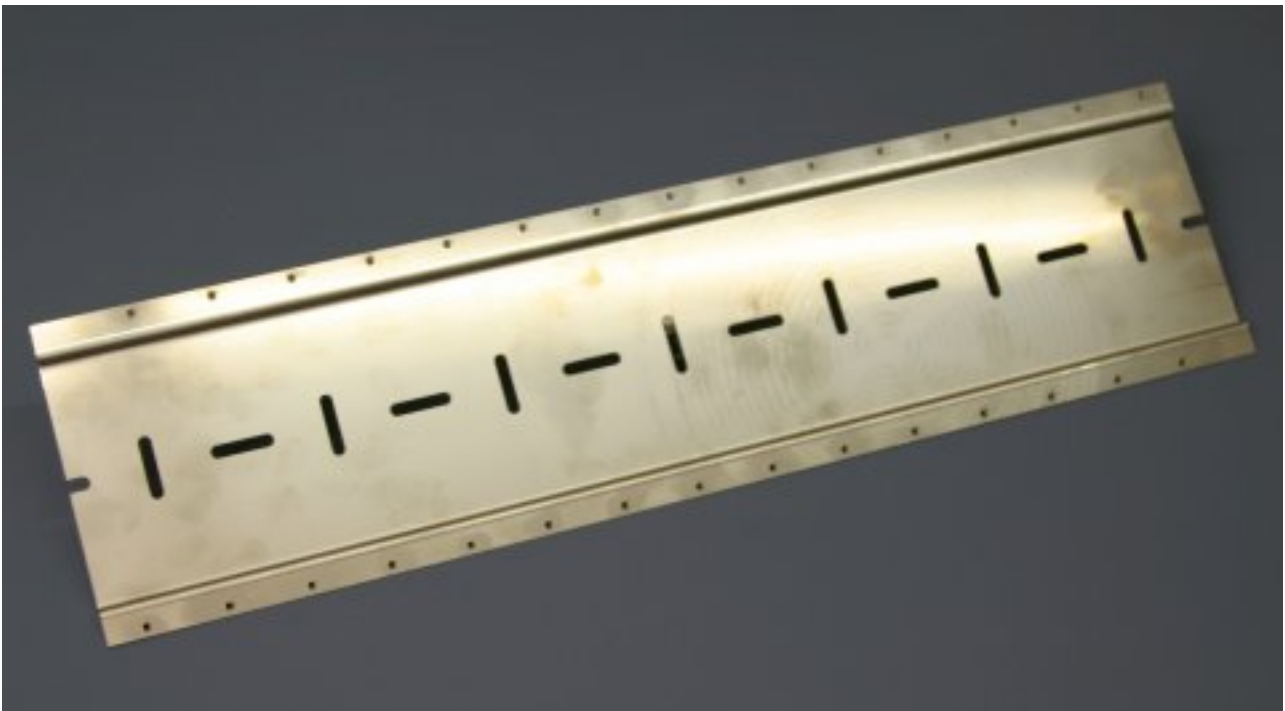


Fig. 10: Mounting Rail ZS5300-000

The mounting rail is 500 mm long, that way 15 narrow modules can be mounted with a distance of 2 mm between two modules. The rail can be cut to length for the application.

Mounting Rail ZS5300-0011

The mounting rail ZS5300-0011 (500 mm x 129 mm) has in addition to the M3 threads also pre-made M4 threads to fix 60 mm wide modules via their middle holes.

Up to 14 narrow or 7 wide modules may be mixed mounted.

4.1.3 Tightening torque for connectors

M8 connector

We recommend fastening the M8 connector with a torque of 0.4 Nm.

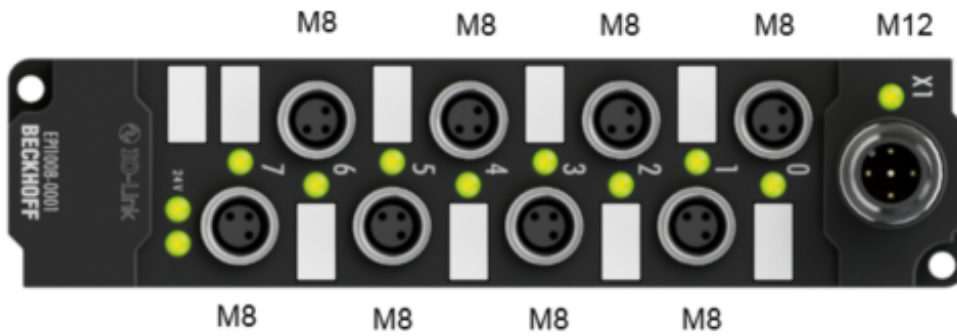


Fig. 11: IO-Link box with M8 and M12 connectors

M12 connector

We recommend fastening the M12 connector with a torque of 0.6 Nm.

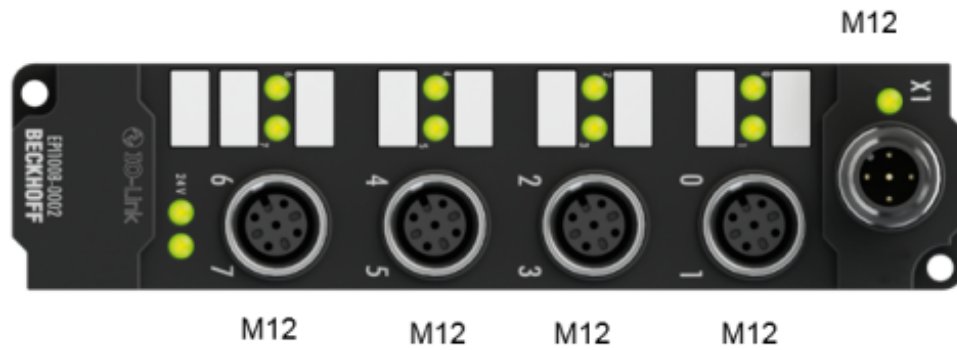


Fig. 12: IO-Link box with M12 connectors

Torque wrench



Fig. 13: Torque wrench, ZB8801

● Ensure the proper torque is used



Use the torque wrenches available from Beckhoff to tighten the plug connectors! You will find them under the following link.

[IP67 Box - Accessories \[▶ 86\]](#)

4.2 IO-Link connection

4.2.1 IO-Link master connection

IO-Link interface

The IO-Link specification defines various IO-Link pin assignment, which are described in the following section.

The switching and communication line is marked with (C/Q).

Port Class A (type A): The function of pin 2 and pin 5 is not preset. The vendor can assign an additional digital channel to pin 2. Port Class B (type B): Pin 2 and Pin 5 are used for an additional power supply. The information regarding the pin assignment of your module can be found in the chapter "Introduction".

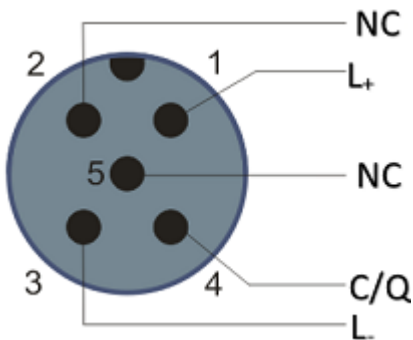


Fig. 14: Pin assignment Port Class A, Pin 2 not connected

In the case of Class A modules an additional digital input or output (I/Q) can be connected to Pin 2.

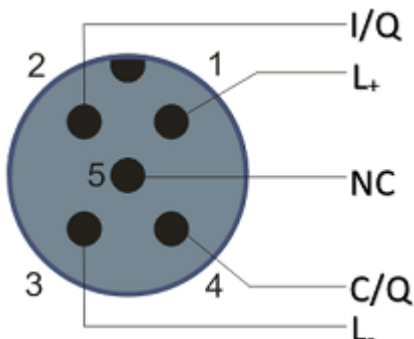


Fig. 15: Pin assignment Port Class A, Pin 2 connected

Port Class B (type B): For devices with higher current demand, an additional power supply is provided via pin 2 and pin 5.

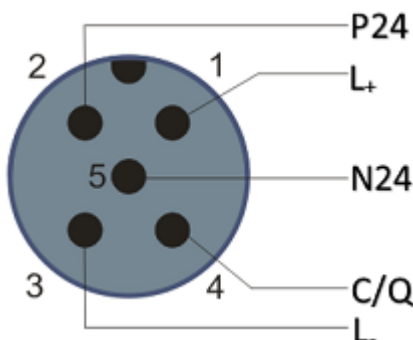


Fig. 16: Pin assignment Port Class B

The IO-Link master (EP622x-xxxx) has an A-coded M12 socket for the outgoing IO-Link connection.



Fig. 17: IO-Link connection, master

Wire colors

The wire colors of the IO-Link cable with corresponding pin assignment of the IO-Link connector:

Pin	Wire color
1	brown
2	white
3	blue
4	black
5	grey

IO-Link cable



Fig. 18: Example IO-Link cable: male to female

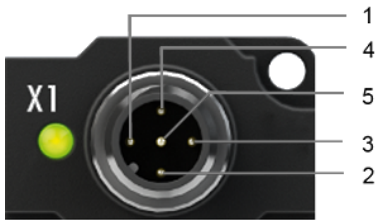
The cables available from Beckhoff for the IO-Link system can be found under the following link under "Accessories": https://beckhoff.de/english/fieldbus_components_accessories/m12_sensor_5w.htm?id=51657421126830456

● IO-Link cable

i A 3-core IO-Link cable may be sufficient for Class A masters/devices from Beckhoff. A Class B master/device requires a 5-wire IO-Link cable.

4.2.2 Connection IO-Link Device

The IO-Link box (EPIxxxx, ERIxxxx) has an A-coded M12 connector for the incoming IO-Link connection.



IO-Link connection, Device (narrow housing)



IO-Link connection, Device (wide housing)

4.2.3 IO-Link status LED



IO-Link Device status LED (narrow housing)



IO-Link Device status LED (wide housing)

LED display

LED	Display	Meaning
IO-Link status LED (X1)	off	IO-Link communication inactive
	flashes green (1Hz)	IO-Link communication active
	red illuminated	Short circuit on C/Q line or overheating

4.3 Status LEDs for power supply

The IO-Link module contains 2 diagnostic LEDs for the power supply and a Diagnostic object (0x0A00) for more accurate diagnosis. The description of the diagnostic parameters (Index 0x0A00) is described in the section Object description and parameterization.

(EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x [▶ 79] / EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x [▶ 82])



Fig. 19: Status LEDs for power supply

LED display

LED	Display	Meaning
24 V	off	Voltage L ₊ non-existent
	green	voltage L ₊ ok
	red	Voltage L ₊ too low
right LED	off	No function for Class A devices

4.4 Signal connection

4.4.1 Digital inputs M8 and M12

The digital input modules acquire the binary control signals from the process level and transmit them to the higher-level automation unit.

The signals are optionally connected via screw-in M8 connectors (EPI1xxx-00x1, ERI1xxx-00x1) or screw-in M12 connectors (EPI1xxx-00x2, ERI1xxx-00x2).

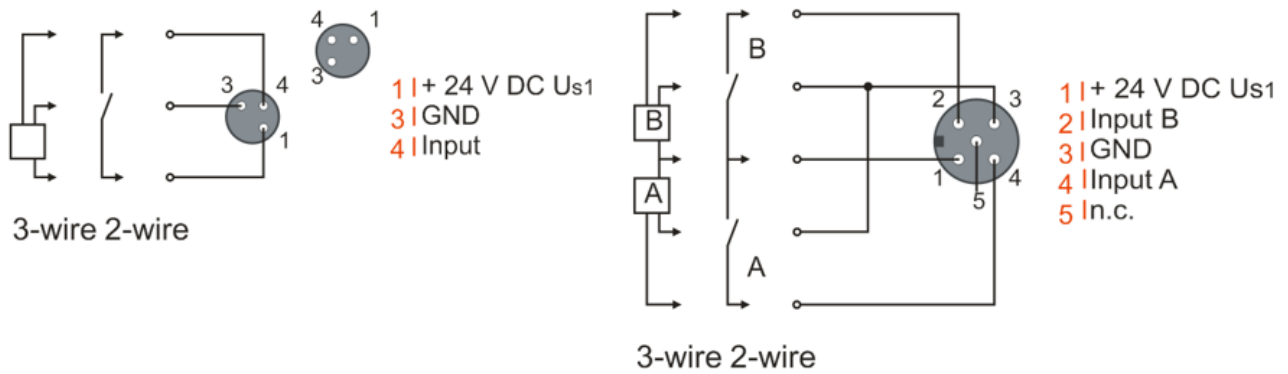


Fig. 20: Digital inputs M8 and M12

The sensors are supplied from the control voltage U_{s1} with a maximum current of 0.5 A.

The state of the signals is indicated by light emitting diodes.

4.5 UL Requirements

The installation of UL-certified IP67 Box modules must meet the following requirements.

Supply voltage

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION!

- from an isolated source protected by a fuse of max. 4 A (according to UL248) or
- from a voltage supply complying with *NEC class 2*.
An *NEC class 2* voltage source must not be connected in series or parallel with another *NEC class 2* voltage source!

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION!

In order to comply with UL requirements, the IP67 Box modules must not be connected to unlimited voltage sources!

Networks

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION!

In order to comply with UL requirements, the IP67 Box modules must not be connected to telecommunications networks!

Ambient temperature

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION!

In order to comply with UL requirements, the IP67 Box modules must only be operated in an ambient temperature range between 0 and 55 °C!

Marking for UL

All UL (Underwriters Laboratories) certified IP67 Box modules have the following markings.



Fig. 21: UL marking

4.6 Cabling

A list of EtherCAT cables, power cables, sensor cables, IO-Link cables, Ethernet/EtherCAT connectors and field-configurable connectors can be found under the following link: https://beckhoff.de/english/ethercat-box/ethercat_box_cables.htm?id=690338951657421

IO-Link cable

The IO-Link master is connected to the IO-Link device by an unshielded 3, 4 or 5-core (type A) or 5-core (type B) cable with a maximum length of 20 m. The IO-Link cables are available as straight and angled versions. Further information about the IO-Link connection can be found under: [IO-Link master connection](#) [► 23]



Fig. 22: Example IO-Link cable: male to female

Sensor cable



Fig. 23: Selection of sensor cables available from Beckhoff

5 Commissioning/configuration of IO-Link master/device

5.1 IO-Link master

5.1.1 Offline configuration settings - TwinCAT (master)

In this part of the documentation is the manual configuration of the IO-Link master in TwinCAT described.

Distinction between Online and Offline

The distinction between online and offline refers to the presence of the actual I/O environment (drives, terminals, box-modules).

- **Offline**

If the configuration is to be prepared in advance of the system configuration as a programming system, e.g. on a laptop, this is only possible in "Offline configuration" mode. In this case all components have to be entered manually in the configuration, e.g. based on the electrical design (as described under [1. Importing the device description IODD](#) [▶ 56]).

- **Online**

If the designed control system is already connected to the EtherCAT system and all components are energized and the infrastructure is ready for operation, the TwinCAT configuration can simply be generated through "scanning" from the runtime system. This is referred to as online configuration. In any case, during each startup the EtherCAT master/ IO-Link master checks whether the devices it finds match the configuration. This test can be parameterized in the extended device settings.

To take advantage of the current features/settings of the master, the latest version of the ESI file should always be downloaded. Therefore it is necessary to consider the following note first.

● **Installation of the latest ESI-XML device description**



The TwinCAT System Manager needs the device description files for the devices to be used in order to generate the configuration in online or offline mode. The device description is contained in the so-called ESI files (EtherCAT Slave Information) in XML format. These files can be requested from the respective manufacturer and are made available for download. The ESI files for Beckhoff EtherCAT devices are available on the [Beckhoff website](#). The ESI files should be saved in the TwinCAT installation directory (default: C:\TwinCAT\IO\EtherCAT). The files are read (once) when a new System Manager window is opened. A TwinCAT installation includes the set of Beckhoff ESI files that was current at the time when the TwinCAT build was created. For TwinCAT 2.11 and higher, the ESI directory can be uploaded from the System Manager, if the programming PC is connected to the internet (TwinCAT → EtherCAT-Devices → Update Device Description...) see following figure.

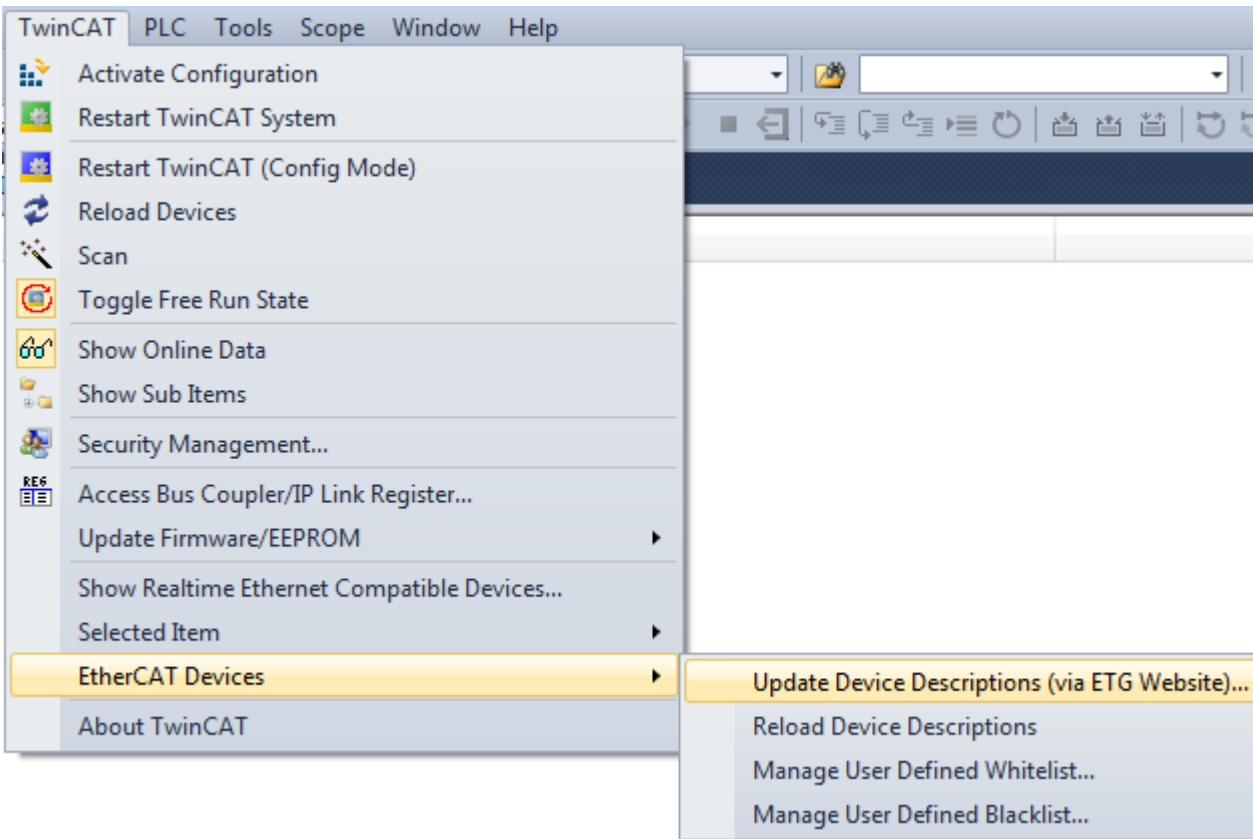


Fig. 24: Update Device Descriptions

Appending a module manually

- The EtherCAT system must be in a safe, de-energized state before the EtherCAT modules are connected to the EtherCAT network!
- Switch on the operating voltage, open the TwinCAT System Manager [▶ 41] (Config mode)
- Append a new I/O device. In the dialog that appears select the device *EtherCAT (Direct Mode)*, and confirm with OK.

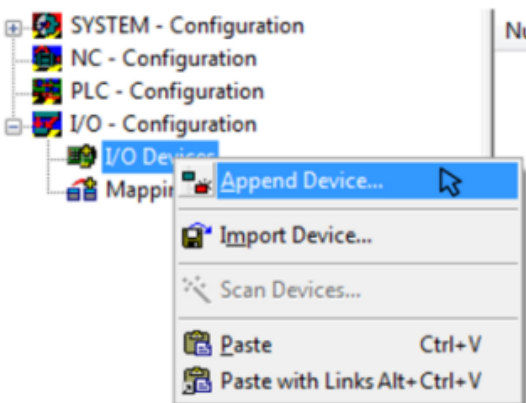


Fig. 25: Appending a new I/O device (I/O Devices -> right-click -> Append Device...)

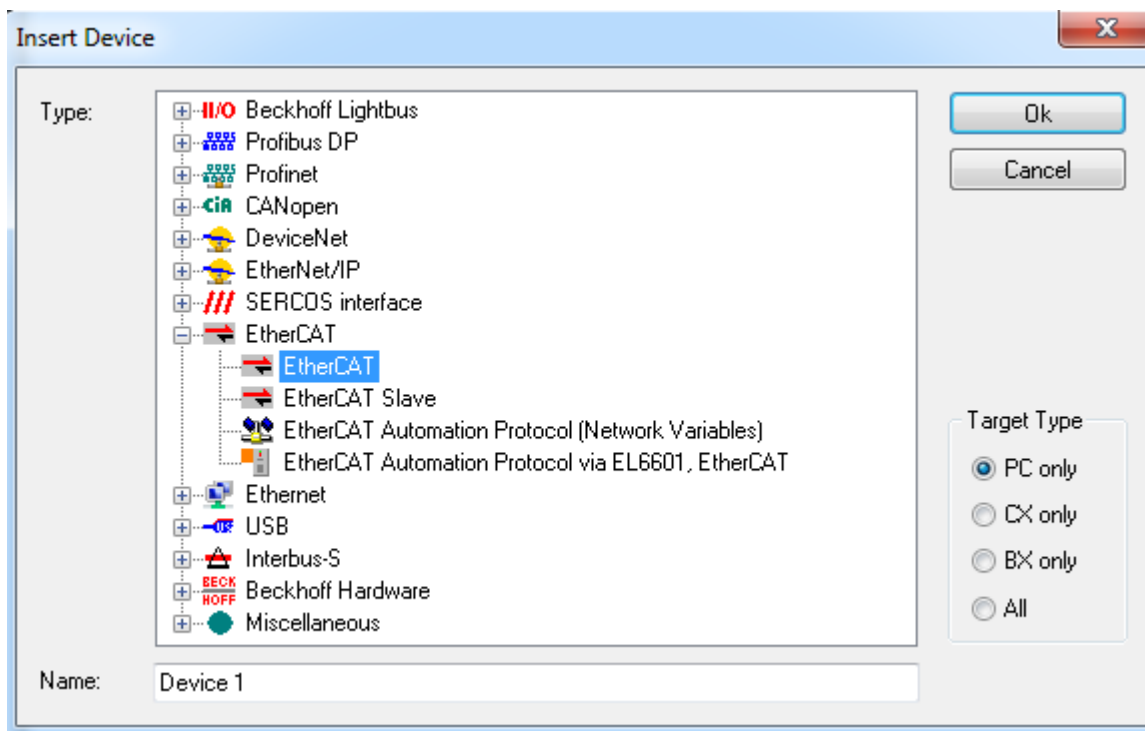


Fig. 26: Selecting the device EtherCAT

- Append a new box.

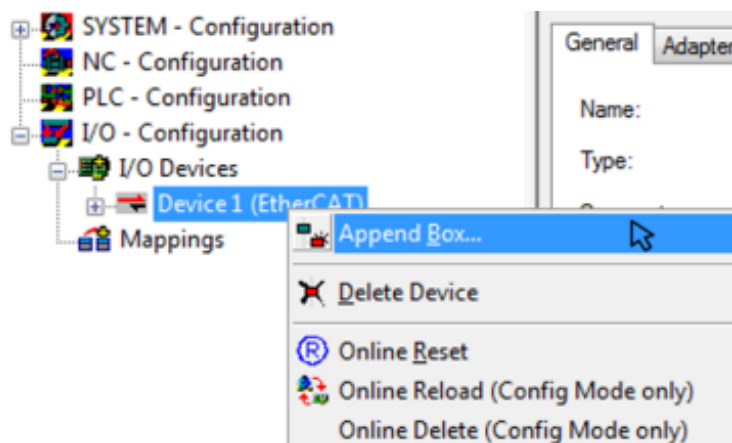


Fig. 27: Appending a new box (Device -> right-click -> Append Box...)

- In the dialog that appears select the desired box (e.g. EP6224-2022), and confirm with OK.

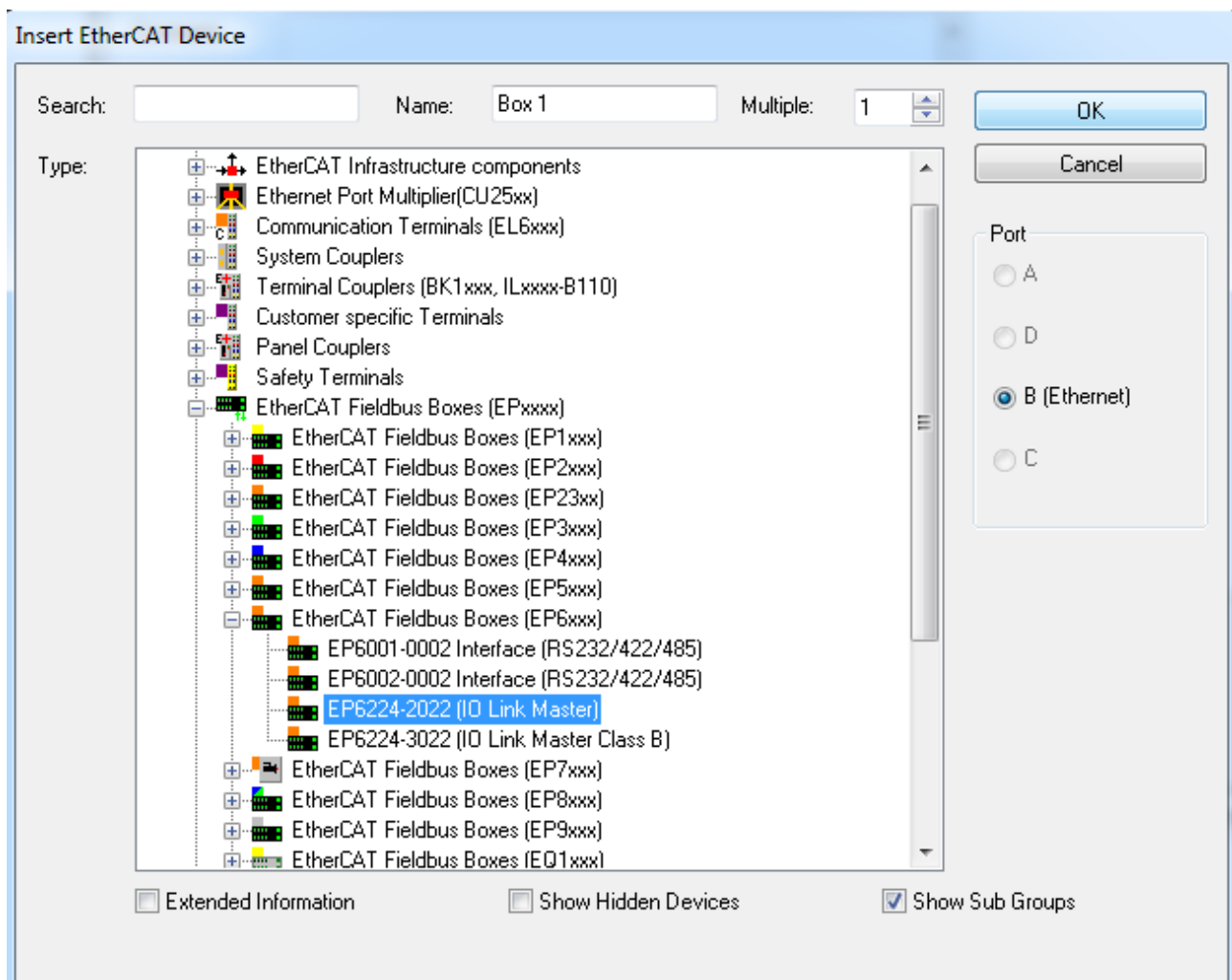


Fig. 28: Selecting a Box (e.g. EP6224-2022)

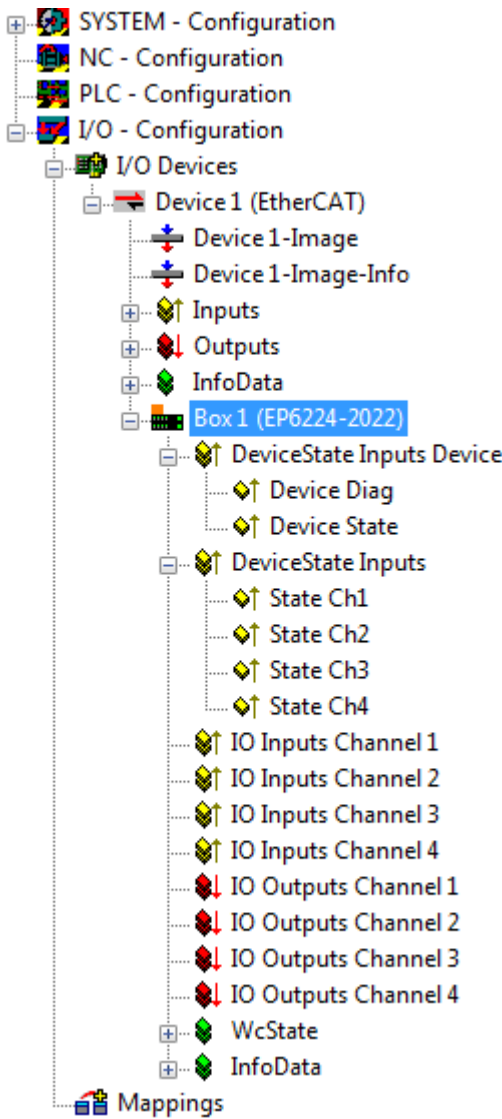


Fig. 29: Appended Box in the TwinCAT tree

In this section is described, how to configure the IO-Link master in TwinCAT and the integration of IO-Link devices.

Configuration of the IO-Link master

Configuration of the IO-Link master requires a plug-in, which is usually supplied with the TwinCAT installation. When the IO-Link master is added to the TwinCAT System Manager (see section [Offline \[▶ 29\]](#) / [Online \[▶ 35\]](#) configuration settings - TwinCAT (master)) an additional tab called IO-Link is created (see following figure). If the tab is not displayed, the associated System Manager extension is missing. You can install it separately. Please contact [support \[▶ 87\]](#).

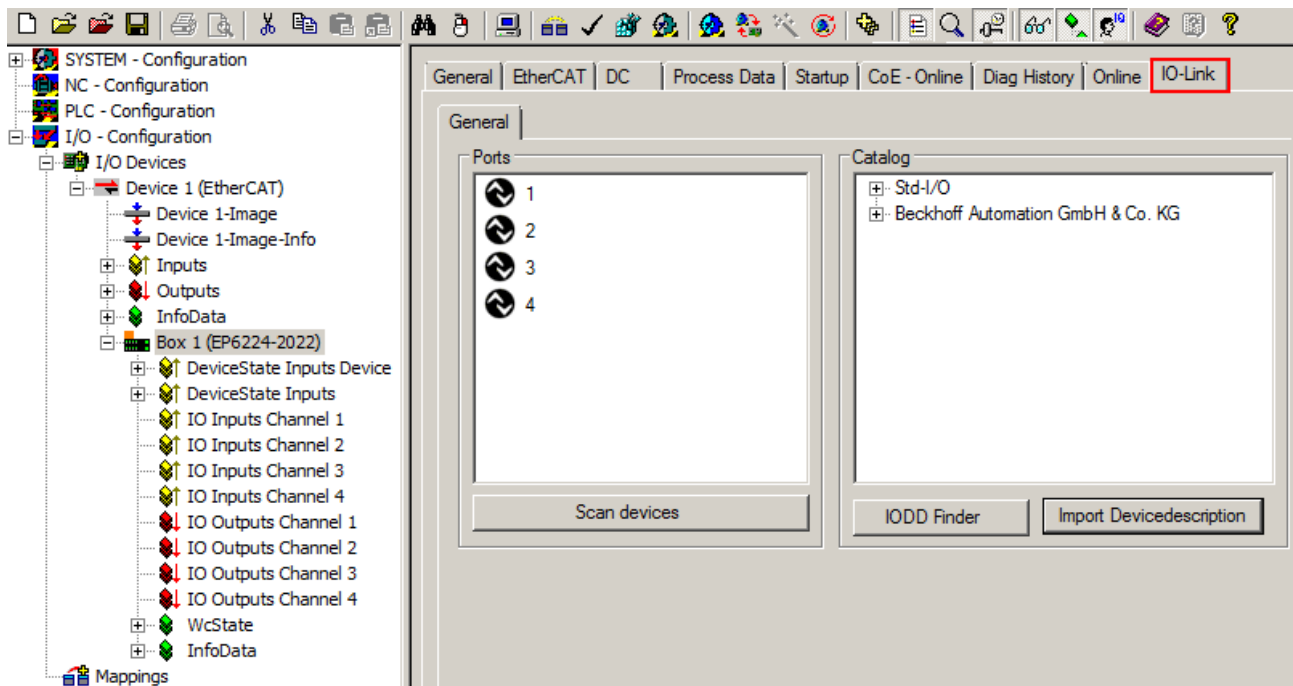


Fig. 30: "IO-Link" tab

5.1.2 Online configuration settings - TwinCAT (master)

In this part of the documentation is the configuration of a physically existing IO-Link master in TwinCAT described.

Online configuration “Scan” (TwinCAT 3.x)

Distinction between Online and Offline

The distinction between online and offline refers to the presence of the actual I/O environment (drives, terminals, box-modules).

- **Offline**

If the configuration is to be prepared in advance of the system configuration as a programming system, e.g. on a laptop, this is only possible in “Offline configuration” mode. In this case all components have to be entered manually in the configuration, e.g. based on the electrical design (as described under [1. Importing the device description IODD](#) [▶ 56]).

- **Online**

If the designed control system is already connected to the EtherCAT system and all components are energized and the infrastructure is ready for operation, the TwinCAT configuration can simply be generated through “scanning” from the runtime system. This is referred to as online configuration. In any case, during each startup the EtherCAT master/ IO-Link master checks whether the devices it finds match the configuration. This test can be parameterized in the extended device settings.

To take advantage of the current features/settings of the master, the latest version of the ESI file should always be downloaded. Therefore it is necessary to consider the following note first.

● **Installation of the latest ESI-XML device description**

i The TwinCAT System Manager needs the device description files for the devices to be used in order to generate the configuration in online or offline mode. The device description is contained in the so-called ESI files (EtherCAT Slave Information) in XML format. These files can be requested from the respective manufacturer and are made available for download. The ESI files for Beckhoff EtherCAT devices are available on the [Beckhoff website](#). The ESI files should be saved in the TwinCAT installation directory (default: C:\TwinCAT\IO\EtherCAT). The files are read (once) when a new System Manager window is opened. A TwinCAT installation includes the set of Beckhoff ESI files that was current at the time when the TwinCAT build was created. For TwinCAT 2.11 and higher, the ESI directory can be uploaded from the System Manager, if the programming PC is connected to the internet (TwinCAT → EtherCAT-Devices → Update Device Description...) see following figure.

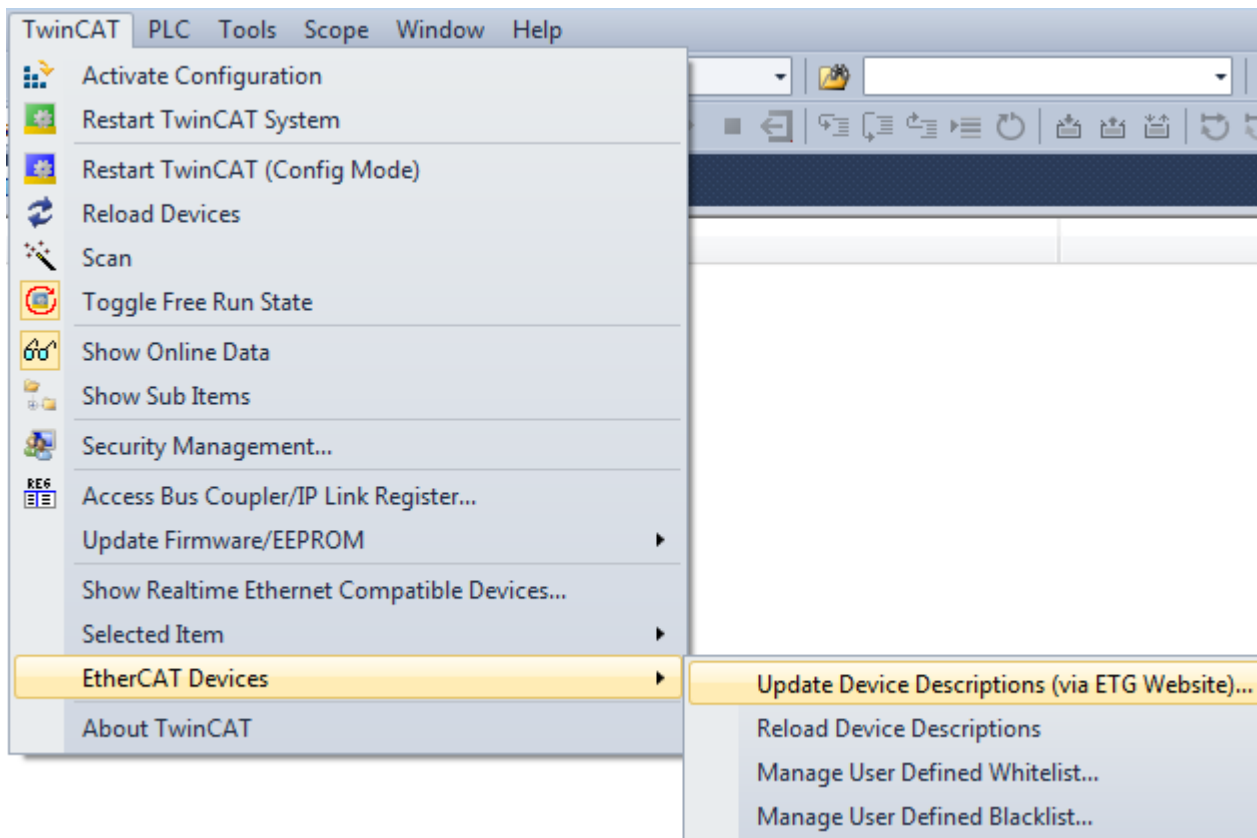


Fig. 31: Update Device Descriptions

The following conditions must be met before a configuration can be set up:

- the real EtherCAT and IO-Link hardware (devices, couplers, drives) must be present and installed
- the master/devices must be connected via EtherCAT cables and IO-Link cables in the same way as they are intended to be used later
- the devices/modules be connected to the power supply and ready for communication
- TwinCAT must be in CONFIG mode on the target system.

The online scan process consists of:

- detecting the EtherCAT device (Ethernet Port at the IPC)
- detecting the connected EtherCAT devices. This step can be carried out independent of the preceding step.
- troubleshooting

The scan with existing configuration can also be carried out for comparison.

Detecting/scanning of the EtherCAT device

The online device search can be used if the TwinCAT system is in CONFIG mode (blue TwinCAT icon or blue indication in the System Manager).

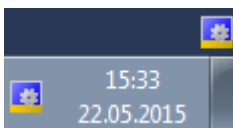


Fig. 32: TwinCAT CONFIG mode display

i Online scanning in Config mode

The online search is not available in RUN mode (production operation).

Note the differentiation between TwinCAT programming system and TwinCAT target system. The TwinCAT icon next to the Windows clock always shows the TwinCAT mode of the local IPC. The System Manager window shows the TwinCAT state of the target system.



Right-clicking on "I/O Devices" in the configuration tree opens the search dialog.

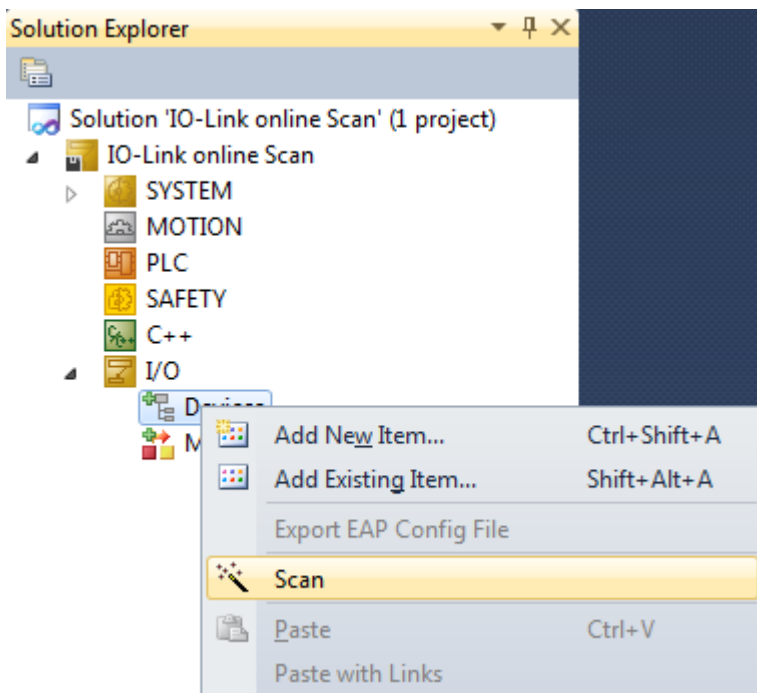


Fig. 33: Scan Devices

This scan mode not only tries to find EtherCAT devices (or Ethernet ports that can be used as such), but also NOVDRAM, fieldbus cards, SMB etc. Not all devices can be found automatically.

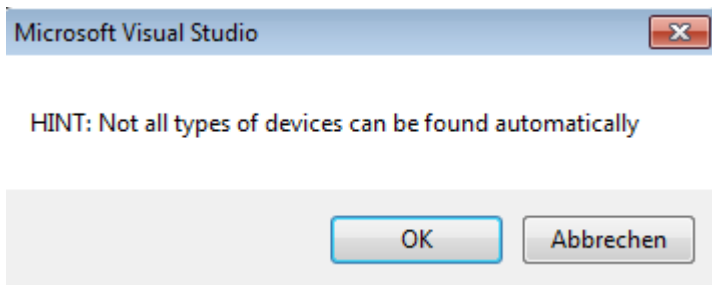


Fig. 34: note for automatic device scan

Ethernet ports with installed TwinCAT real-time driver are shown as "RT Ethernet" devices. An EtherCAT frame is sent to these ports for testing purposes. If the scan agent detects from the response that an EtherCAT slave is connected, the port is shown immediately as an "EtherCAT Device".

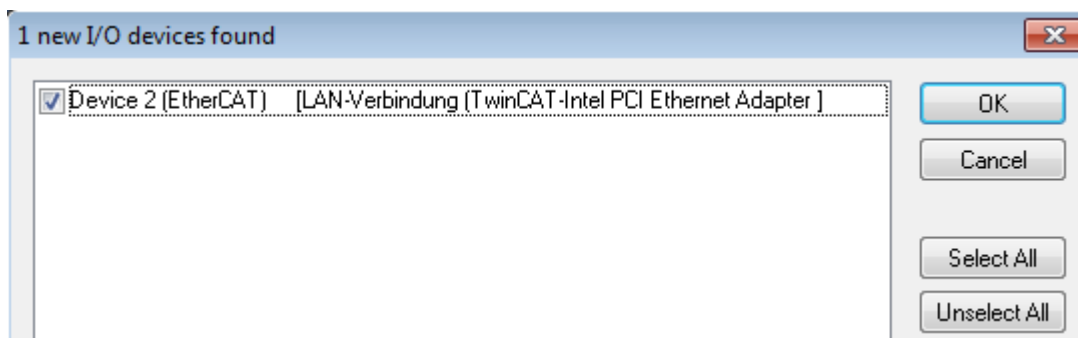


Fig. 35: detected Ethernet devices

After confirmation with “OK” a device scan is suggested for all selected devices, see following figure.

Detecting/Scanning the EtherCAT devices

i Online scan functionality

During a scan the master queries the identity information of the EtherCAT slaves from the slave EEPROM. The name and revision are used for determining the type. The respective devices are located in the stored ESI data and integrated in the configuration tree in the default state defined

there.
 Name
 (EL2521-0025-1018)
 Revision

If an EtherCAT device was created in the configuration (manually or through a scan), the I/O field can be scanned for devices/slaves.

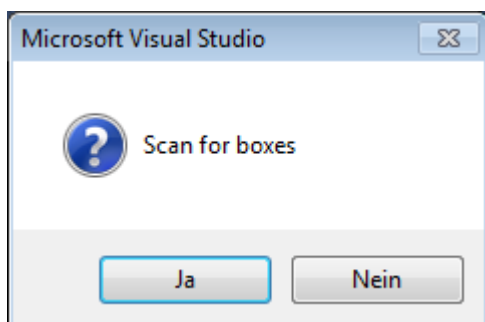


Fig. 36: scan query after automatic creation of an EtherCAT device

The configuration has been build and directly shifted into the online state (OPERATIONAL). The EtherCAT system should then be in a functional cyclic state, as shown in the following figure.

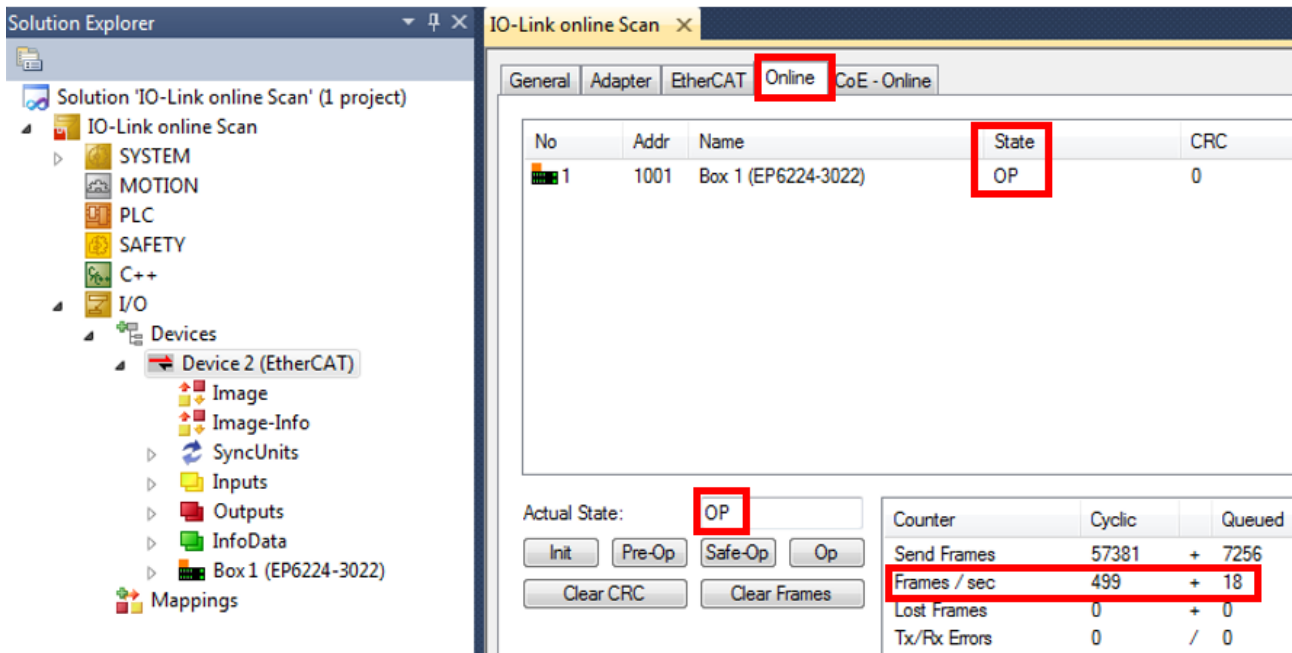


Fig. 37: online display example

Please note:

- all slaves should be in OP state
- the EtherCAT master should be in “Actual State” OP
- “frames/sec” should match the cycle time taking into account the sent number of frames
- no excessive “LostFrames” or CRC errors should occur

The configuration is now complete. It can be modified as described under the offline procedure.

The connected IO-Link master (EP6224-2022) is displayed in the TwinCAT structure as you can see in the figure below.

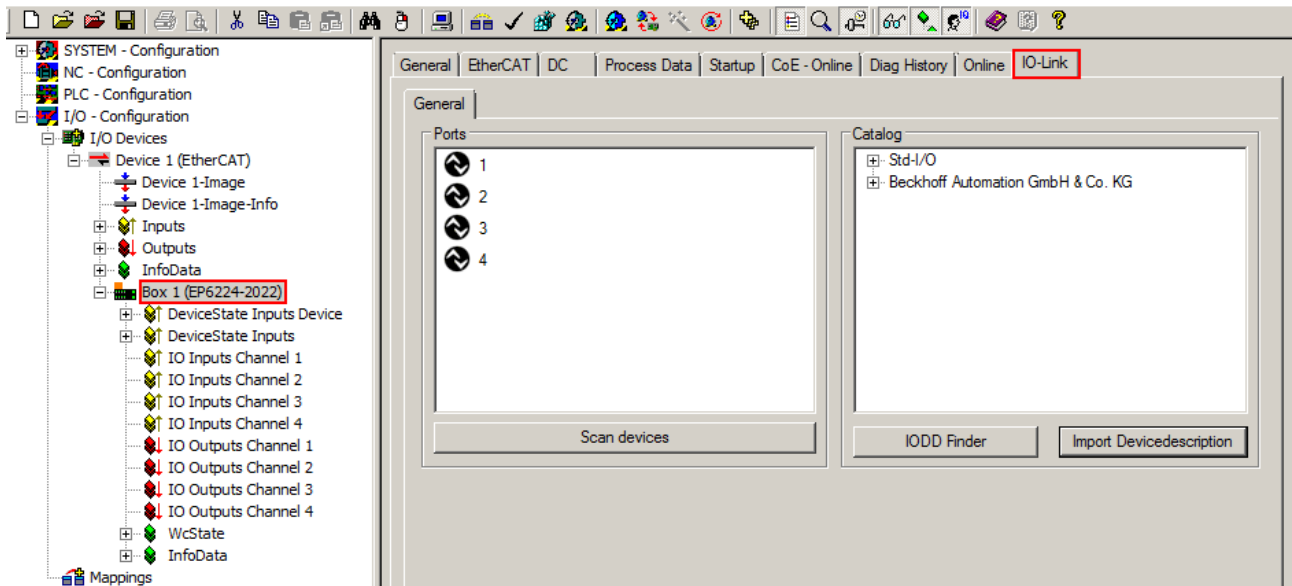


Fig. 38: Master display after scan for boxes

Troubleshooting

Various effects may occur during scanning.

- An **unknown device** is detected, i.e. an EtherCAT slave for which no ESI XML description is available. In this case the System Manager offers to read any ESI that maybe stored in the device.

- **Devices are not detected properly**

Possible reasons include:

- faulty data links, resulting in data loss during the scan
- slave has invalid device description

The connections and devices should be checked in a targeted manner, e.g. via the emergency scan.

Then re-run the scan.

Scan over existing configuration

If a scan is initiated for an existing configuration, the actual I/O environment may match the configuration exactly or it may differ. This enables the configuration to be compared.

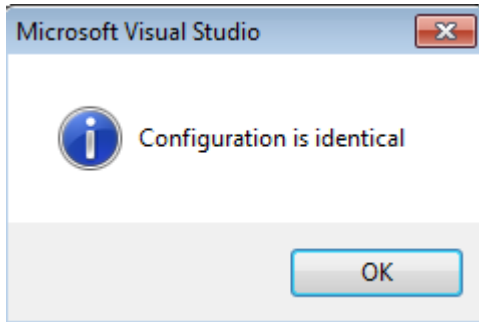


Fig. 39: identical configuration

If differences are detected, they are shown in the correction dialog, so that the user can modify the configuration as required.

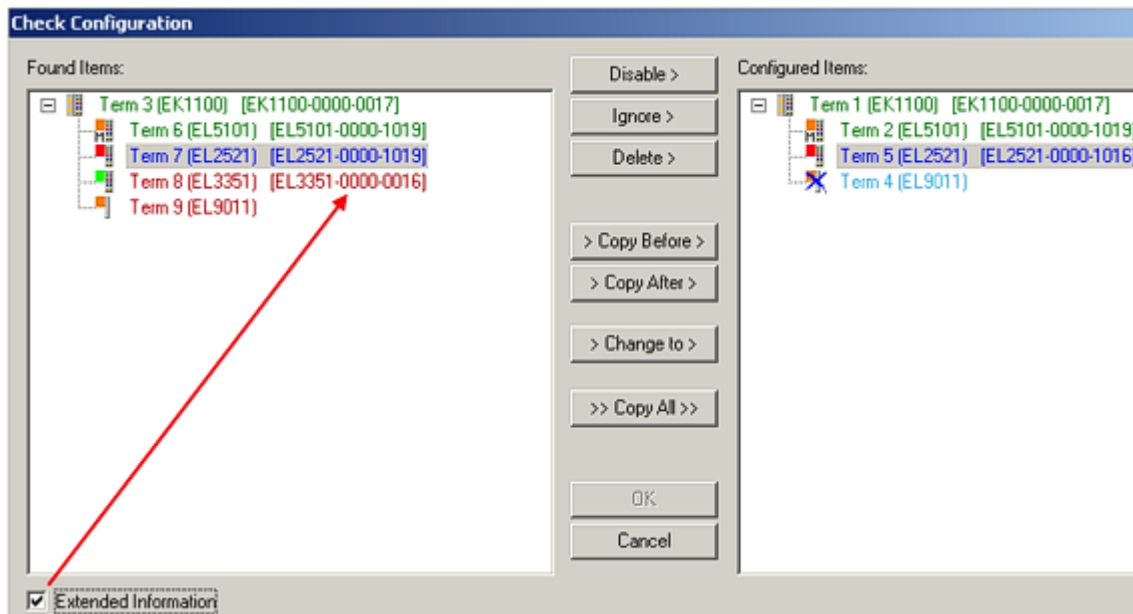


Fig. 40: correction dialog

It is advisable to tick the “Extended Information” check box to reveal differences in the revision.

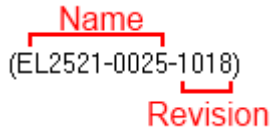
Colour	Explanation
green	This EtherCAT slave matches the entry on the other side. Both type and revision match.
blue	This EtherCAT slave is present on the other side, but in a different revision. If the found revision is higher than the configured revision, the slave maybe used provided compatibility issues are taken into account. If the found revision is lower than the configured revision, it is likely that the slave cannot be used. The found device may not support all functions that the master expects based on the higher revision number.
light blue	This EtherCAT slave is ignored („Ignore“ button).
red	This EtherCAT slave is not present on the other side.

i Device selection based on revision, compatibility

The ESI description also defines the process image, the communication type between master and slave/device and the device functions, if applicable. The physical device (firmware, if available) has to support the communication queries/settings of the master. This is backward compatible, i.e. newer devices (higher revision) should be supported if the EtherCAT master addresses them as an older revision. The following compatibility rule of thumb is to be assumed for Beckhoff EtherCAT Terminals/Boxes:

device revision in the system >= device revision in the configuration

This also enables subsequent replacement of devices without changing the configuration (different specifications are possible for drives). Example: If an EL2521-0025-**1018** is specified in the configuration, an EL2521-0025-**1019** or higher (-**1020**, -**1021**) can be used in practice.



If current ESI descriptions are available in the TwinCAT system, the last revision offered in the selection dialog matches the Beckhoff state of production. It is recommended to use the last device revision when creating a new configuration, if current Beckhoff devices are used in the real application. Older revisions should only be used if older devices from stock are to be used in the application.

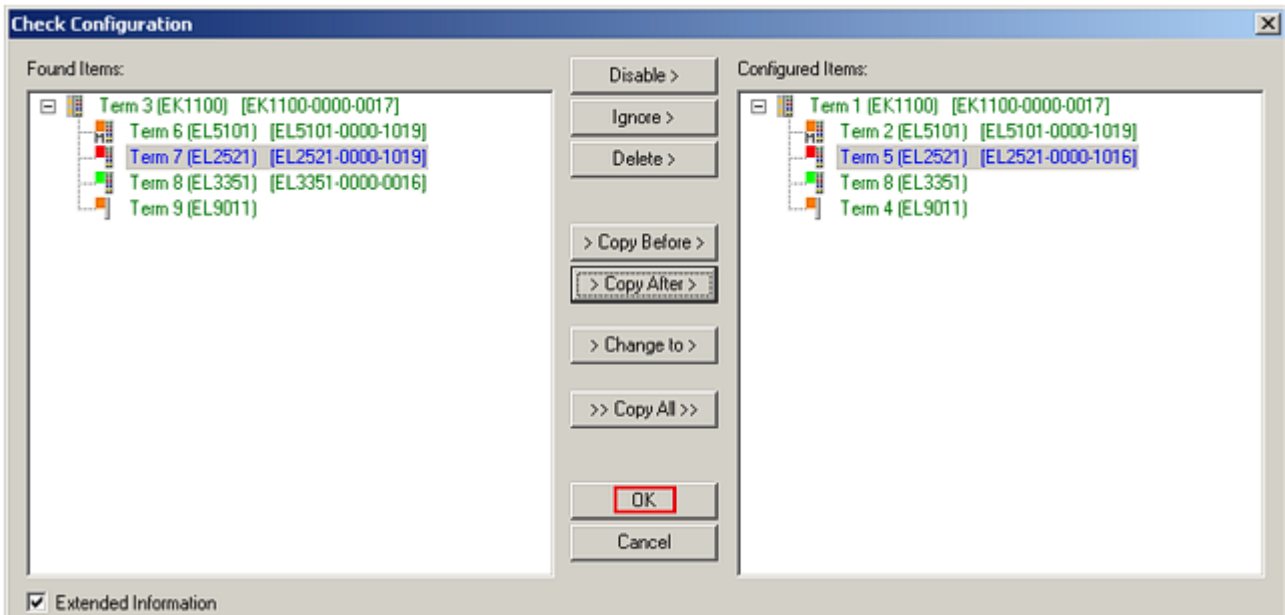


Fig. 41: correction dialog with modifications

Once all modifications have been saved or accepted, click “OK” to transfer them to the real *.tsm configuration.

5.1.3 Configuration via TwinCAT - explanation tabs

In the left-hand window of the TwinCAT System Manager, click on the IO-Link Box branch you wish to configure.

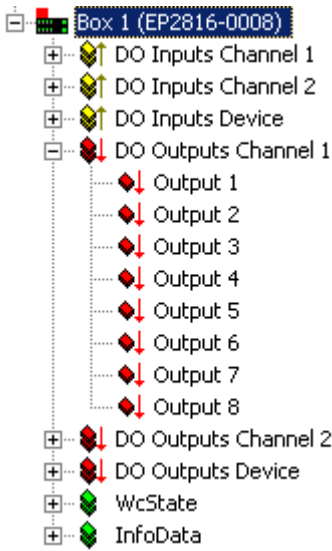


Fig. 42: Branch of the IO-Link Box to be configured

In the right-hand window of the TwinCAT System Manager various tabs for configuring the IO-Link Box are now available.

General tab

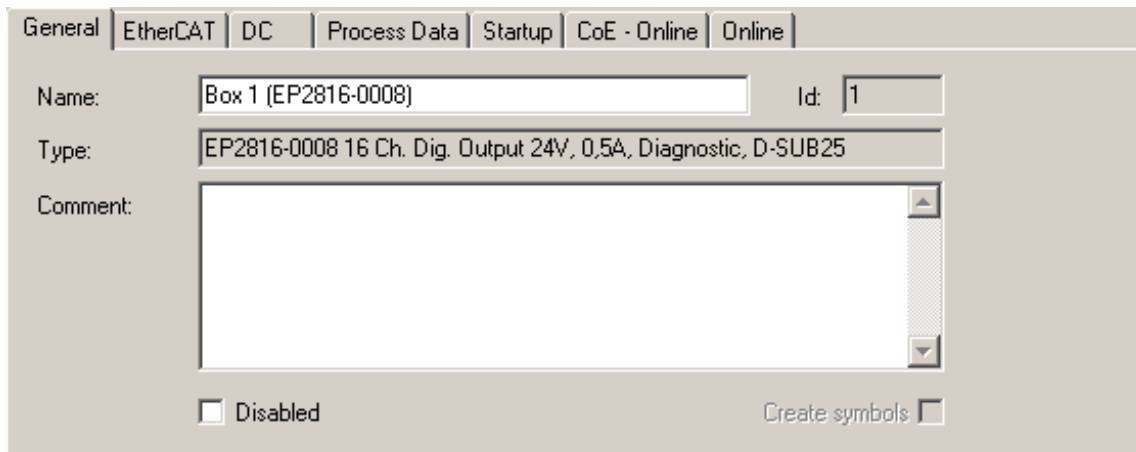


Fig. 43: General tab

Name	Name of the IO-Link master
Id	Number of the IO-Link master
Type	IO-Link master type
Comment	Here you can add a comment (e.g. regarding the system).
Disabled	Here you can deactivate the IO-Link master.
Create symbols	Access to this IO-Link master via ADS is only available if this control box is activated.

EtherCAT tab

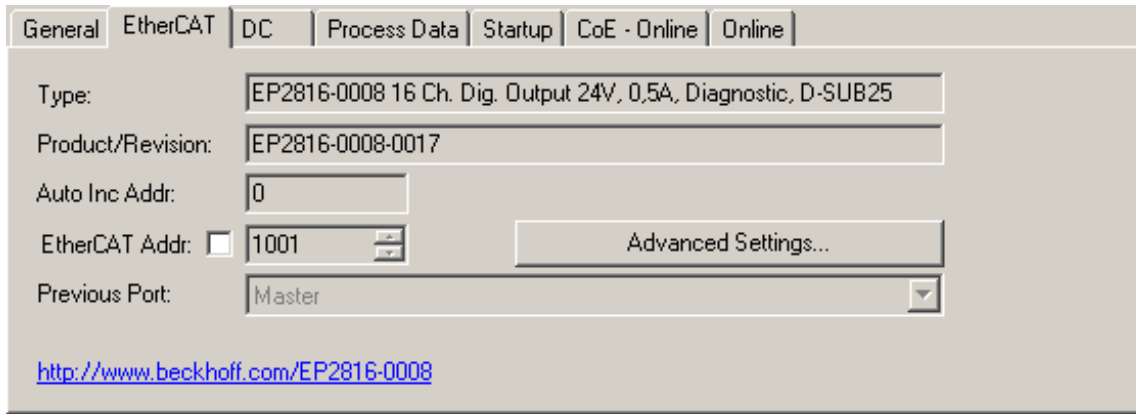


Fig. 44: EtherCAT tab

Type	IO-Link master device type
Product/Revision	Product and revision number of the IO-Link master
Auto Inc Addr.	Auto increment address of the IO-Link master. The auto increment address can be used for addressing each EtherCAT device or each IO-Link master in the communication ring through its physical position. Auto increment addressing is used during the start-up phase when the IO-Link master allocates addresses to the EtherCAT devices or IO-Link masters. With auto increment addressing the first EtherCAT device in the ring has the address 0000 _{hex} . For each further slave the address is decremented by 1 (FFFF _{hex} , FFFE _{hex} etc.).
EtherCAT Addr.	Fixed address of an EtherCAT device/IO-Link master. This address is allocated by the EtherCAT device/IO-Link master during the start-up phase. Tick the control box to the left of the input field in order to modify the default value.
Previous Port	Name and port of the EtherCAT device/IO-Link master to which this device is connected. If it is possible to connect this device with another one without changing the order of the EtherCAT devices/IO-Link masters in the communication ring, then this combination field is activated and the EtherCAT device or the IO-Link master to which this device is to be connected can be selected.
Advanced Settings	This button opens the dialogs for advanced settings.

The link at the bottom of the tab points to the product page for this IO-Link master on the web.

Process Data tab

Indicates the configuration of the process data. The input and output data of the IO-Link master are represented as CANopen process data objects (PDO). The user can select a PDO via PDO assignment and modify the content of the individual PDO via this dialog, if the IO-Link master supports this function.

General | EtherCAT | DC | Process Data | Startup | CoE - Online | Online

Sync Manager:

SM	Size	Type	Flags
0	128	MbxOut	
1	128	MbxIn	
2	6	Outputs	F
3	6	Inputs	F

PDO List:

Index	Size	Name	Flags	SM	SU
0x1A00	2.0	DO Inputs Channel 1	MF	3	0
0x1A01	2.0	DO Inputs Channel 2	MF	3	0
0x1A02	2.0	DO Inputs Device	MF	3	0
0x1600	2.0	DO Outputs Channel 1	MF	2	0
0x1601	2.0	DO Outputs Channel 2	MF	2	0
0x1602	2.0	DO Outputs Device	MF	2	0

PDO Assignment (0x1C13):

- 0x1A00
- 0x1A01
- 0x1A02

PDO Content (0x1A00):

Index	Size	Offs	Name	Type
0x6001:01	0.1	0.0	Diag Input 1	BOOL
0x6001:02	0.1	0.1	Diag Input 2	BOOL
0x6001:03	0.1	0.2	Diag Input 3	BOOL
0x6001:04	0.1	0.3	Diag Input 4	BOOL
0x6001:05	0.1	0.4	Diag Input 5	BOOL
0x6001:06	0.1	0.5	Diag Input 6	BOOL

Download

- PDO Assignment
- PDO Configuration

Load PDO info from device

Sync Unit Assignment...

Fig. 45: Process Data tab

Sync Manager

Lists the configuration of the Sync Manager (SM).

If the IO-Link master has a mailbox, SM0 is used for the mailbox output (MbxOut) and SM1 for the mailbox input (MbxIn).

SM2 is used for the output process data (outputs) and SM3 (inputs) for the input process data.

If an input is selected, the corresponding PDO assignment is displayed in the *PDO Assignment* list below.

PDO Assignment


PDO assignment of the selected Sync Manager. All PDOs defined for this Sync Manager type are listed here:

- If the output Sync Manager (outputs) is selected in the Sync Manager list, all RxPDOs are displayed.
- If the input Sync Manager (inputs) is selected in the Sync Manager list, all TxPDOs are displayed.

The selected entries are the PDOs involved in the process data transfer. In the tree diagram of the System Manager these PDOs are displayed as variables of the IO-Link master. The name of the variable is identical to the *Name* parameter of the PDO, as displayed in the PDO list. If an entry in the PDO assignment list is deactivated (not selected and greyed out), this indicates that the input is excluded from the PDO assignment. In order to be able to select a greyed out PDO, the currently selected PDO has to be deselected first.

● Activation of PDO assignment

I

- the IO-Link master has to run through the PS status transition cycle (from pre-operational to safe-operational) once (see [Online tab](#) [▶ 49]),
- and the System Manager has to reload the IO-Link master ( button)

PDO list

List of all PDOs supported by this IO-Link master. The content of the selected PDOs is displayed in the *PDO Content* list. The PDO configuration can be modified by double-clicking on an entry.

Column	Description
Index	PDO index.
Size	Size of the PDO in bytes.
Name	Name of the PDO. If this PDO is assigned to a Sync Manager, it appears as a variable of the slave with this parameter as the name.
Flags	F Fixed content: The content of this PDO is fixed and cannot be changed by the System Manager.
	M Mandatory PDO. This PDO is mandatory and must therefore be assigned to a Sync Manager! Consequently, this PDO cannot be deleted from the <i>PDO Assignment</i> list
SM	Sync Manager to which this PDO is assigned. If this entry is empty, this PDO does not take part in the process data traffic.
SU	Sync unit to which this PDO is assigned.

PDO Content

Indicates the content of the PDO. If flag F (fixed content) of the PDO is not set the content can be modified.

Download

If the device is intelligent and has a mailbox, the configuration of the PDO and the PDO assignments can be downloaded to the device. This is an optional feature that is not supported by all IO-Link masters.

PDO Assignment

If this check box is selected, the PDO assignment that is configured in the PDO Assignment list is downloaded to the device on startup. The required commands to be sent to the device can be viewed in the [Startup \[▶ 45\]](#) tab.

PDO Configuration

If this check box is selected, the configuration of the respective PDOs (as shown in the PDO list and the PDO Content display) is downloaded to the IO-Link master.

Startup tab

The *Startup* tab is displayed if the IO-Link master has a mailbox and supports the *CANopen over EtherCAT* (CoE) or *Servo drive over EtherCAT* protocol. This tab indicates which download requests are sent to the mailbox during startup. It is also possible to add new mailbox requests to the list display. The download requests are sent to the master in the same order as they are shown in the list.

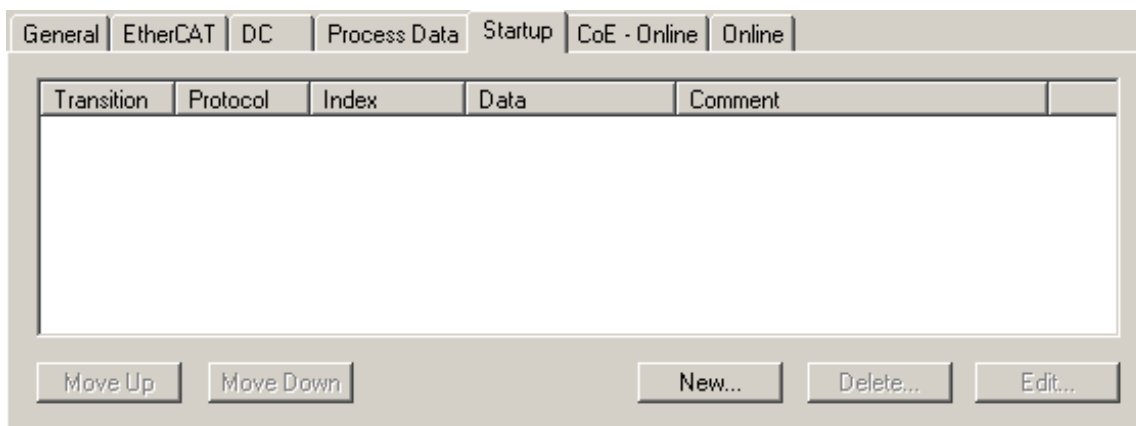


Fig. 46: Startup tab

Column	Description
Transition	Transition to which the request is sent. This can either be <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the transition from pre-operational to safe-operational (PS), or • the transition from safe-operational to operational (SO). If the transition is enclosed in "<>" (e.g. <PS>), the mailbox request is fixed and cannot be modified or deleted by the user.
Protocol	Type of mailbox protocol
Index	Index of the object
Data	Date on which this object is to be downloaded.
Comment	Description of the request to be sent to the mailbox

Move Up	This button moves the selected request up by one position in the list.
Move Down	This button moves the selected request down by one position in the list.
New	This button adds a new mailbox download request to be sent during startup.
Delete	This button deletes the selected entry.
Edit	This button edits an existing request.

CoE - Online tab

The additional *CoE - Online* tab is displayed if the IO-Link master supports the *CANopen over EtherCAT* (CoE) protocol. This dialog lists the content of the object list of the slave (SDO upload) and enables the user to modify the content of an object from this list. Details for the objects of the individual IO-Link devices can be found in the device-specific object descriptions.

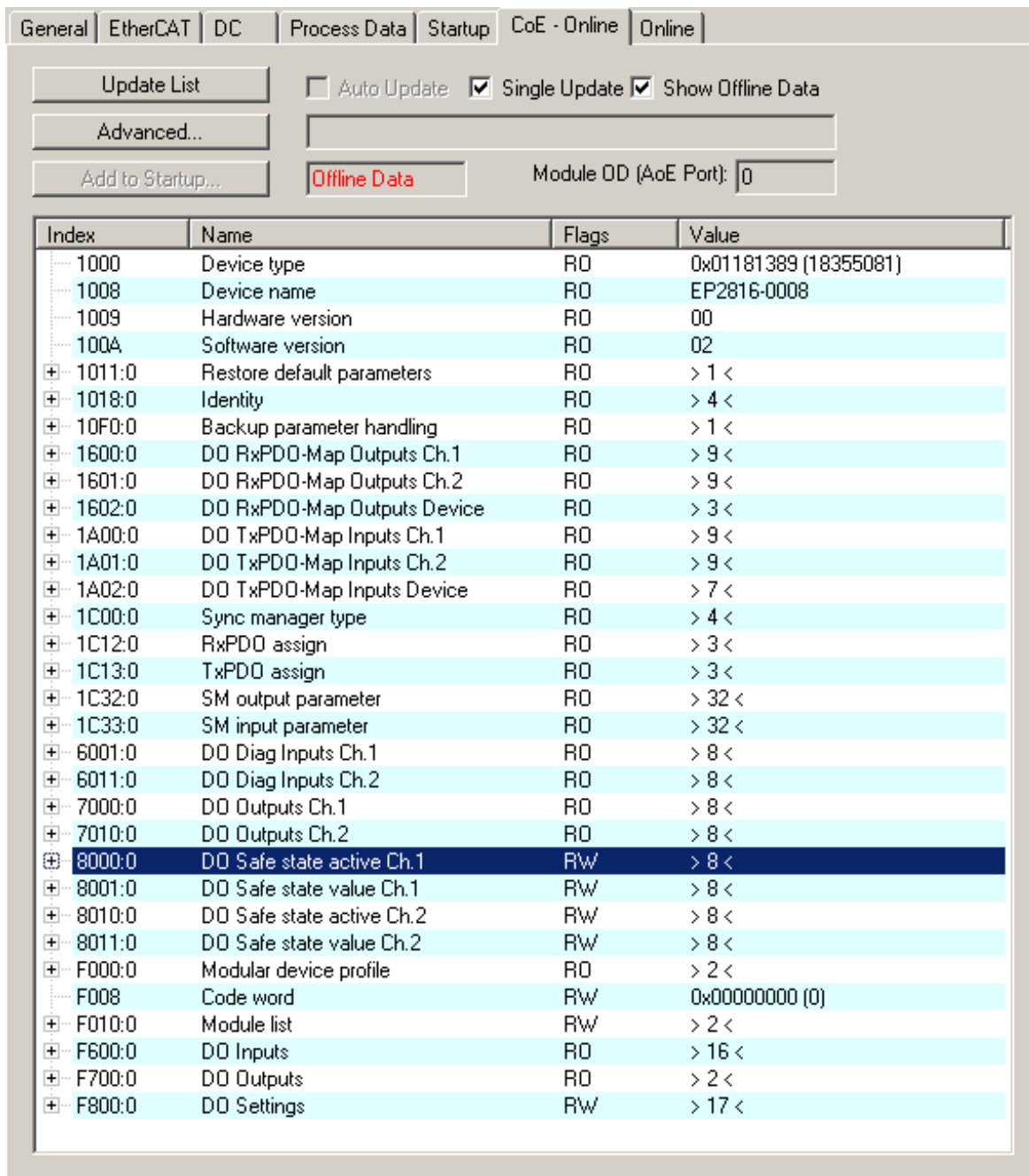


Fig. 47: CoE - Online tab

Object list display

Column	Description
Index	Index and sub-index of the object
Name	Name of the object
Flags	RW The object can be read, and data can be written to the object (read/write)
	RO The object can be read, but no data can be written to the object (read only)
	P An additional P identifies the object as a process data object.
Value	Value of the object

- Update List** The *Update list* button updates all objects in the displayed list
- Auto Update** If this check box is selected, the content of the objects is updated automatically.
- Advanced** The *Advanced* button opens the *Advanced Settings* dialog. Here you can specify which objects are displayed in the list.

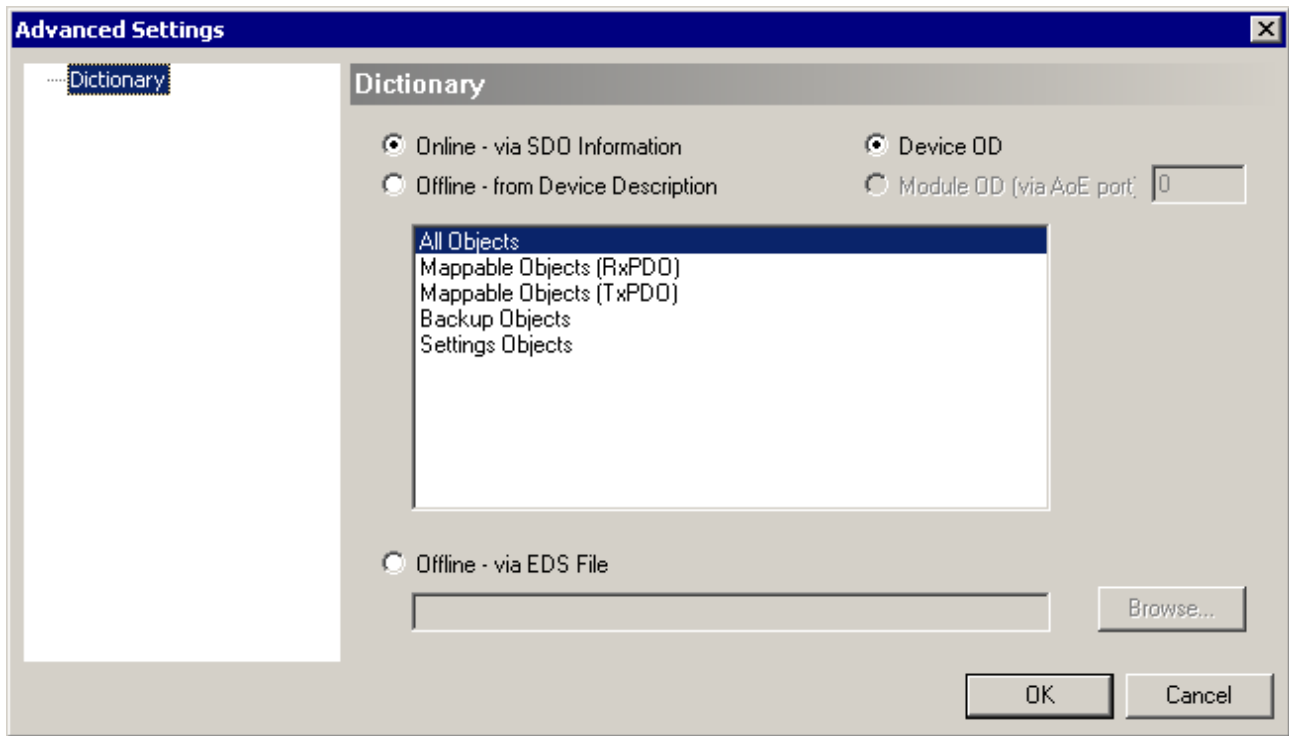


Fig. 48: Advanced Settings

Online - via SDO Information

If this option button is selected, the list of the objects included in the object list of the device is uploaded from the master via SDO information. The list below can be used to specify which object types are to be uploaded.

Offline - via EDS File

If this option button is selected, the list of the objects included in the object list is read from an EDS file provided by the user.

Diag History tab

Logged diagnosis messages from the controller protocol can be read out on the "Diag History" tab. The diagnosis buffer operates as a ring buffer with a current maximum size of 1000 entries.

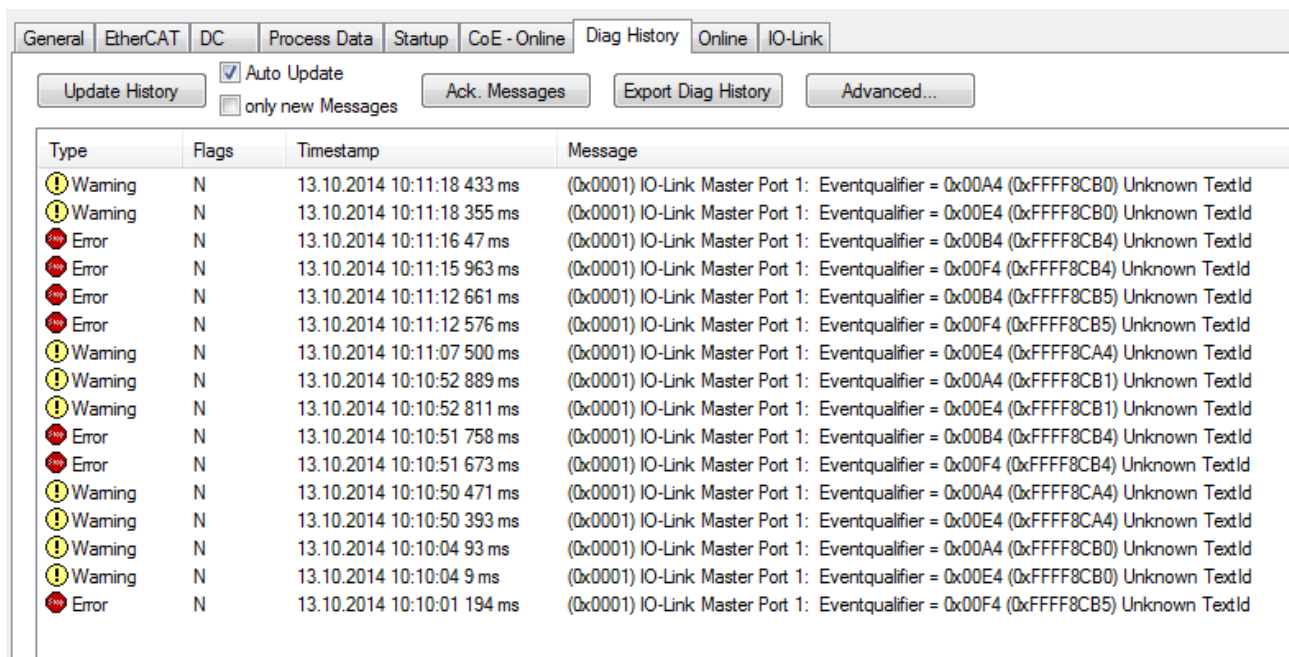


Fig. 49: DiagHistory tab

Any events that occur are categorized according to type (information, warning, error), flag (N = unconfirmed, Q = confirmed), time stamp and message (port number & event code).

The meaning of the individual messages can be taken from the vendor documentation. The IO-Link device can be directly allocated on the basis of the port number. The events occurring can be managed using the various buttons.

- **Update History:** if the "Auto Update" field is not selected, then the current events can be displayed via the "Update History" button
- **Auto Update:** if this field is selected, then the list of events occurring is automatically updated
- **Only new Messages:** if this field is selected, then only those messages that have not yet been confirmed are displayed
- **Ack. Messages:** an event is reported via the Device Diag bit (Index 0xF101:10). Confirming the message will reset the bit to 0.
- **Export Diag History:** the events that have occurred can be exported as a "txt" file and thus archived.
- **Advanced:** This field has no function for the IO-Link master terminals/boxes.

Online tab

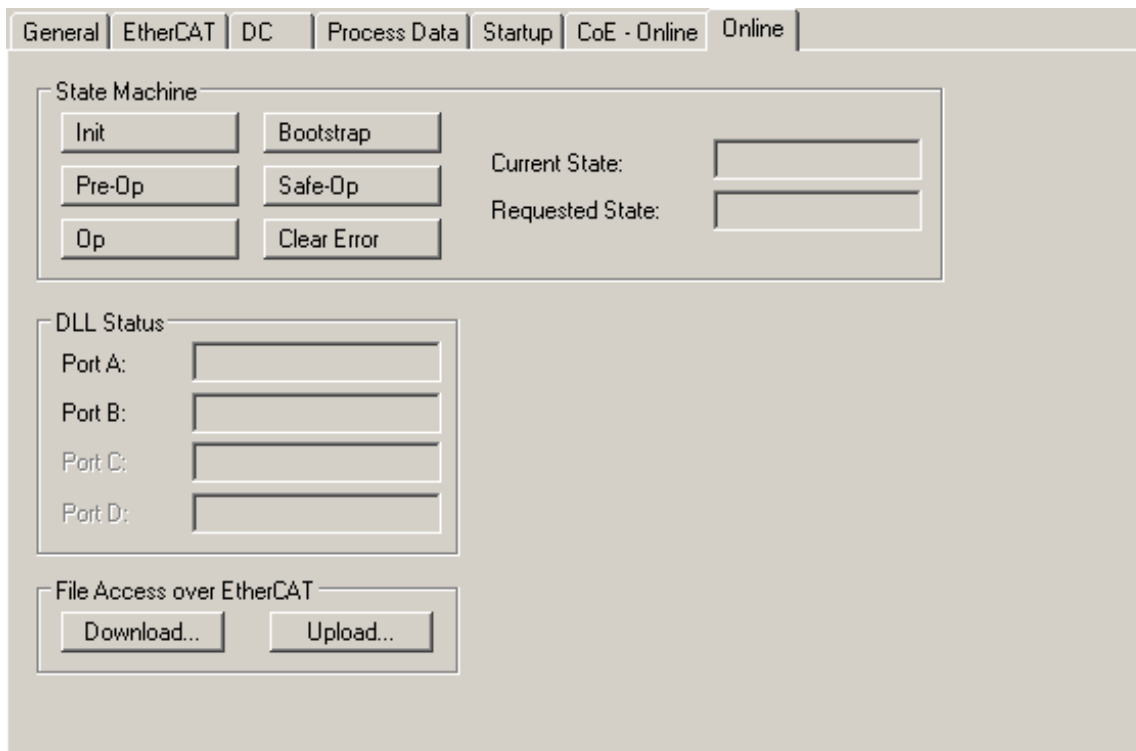


Fig. 50: Online tab

Table 1: State Machine

Init	This button attempts to set the IO-Link master to the <i>Init</i> state.
Pre-Op	This button attempts to set the IO-Link master to the <i>pre-operational</i> state.
Op	This button attempts to set the IO-Link master to the <i>operational</i> state.
Bootstrap	This button attempts to set the IO-Link master to the <i>Bootstrap</i> state.
Safe-Op	This button attempts to set the IO-Link master to the <i>safe-operational</i> state.
Clear Error	<p>This button attempts to delete the fault display. If an IO-Link master fails during change of state it sets an error flag.</p> <p>Example: An IO-Link master is in PREOP state (pre-operational). The master now requests the SAFEOP state (safe-operational). If the master fails during change of state it sets the error flag. The current state is now displayed as ERR PREOP. When the <i>Clear Error</i> button is pressed the error flag is cleared, and the current state is displayed as PREOP again.</p>
Current State	Indicates the current state of the IO-Link master.
Requested State	Indicates the state requested for the IO-Link master.

5.1.4 Restoring the delivery state of an EtherCAT device

To restore the delivery state for backup objects of the EP6224-xxxx (IO-Link Master), the CoE object “Restore default parameters”, “Subindex 001” can be selected in the TwinCAT System Manager (Config mode) (see following figure).

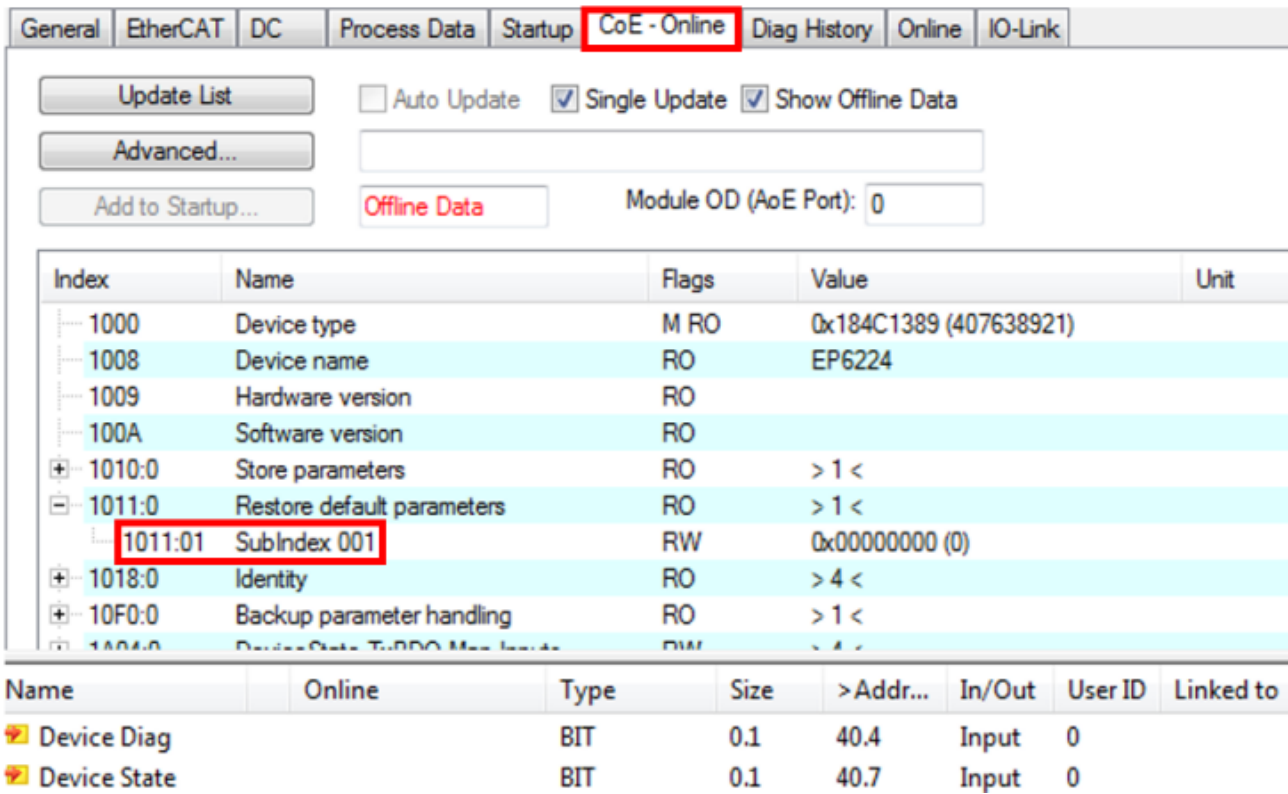


Fig. 51: Selecting the Restore default parameters PDO

Double-click on “SubIndex 001” to enter the “Set Value dialog” (see following figure). Enter the value **1684107116** in field “Dec” or the value **0x64616F6C** in field “Hex” and confirm with OK.

All backup objects are reset to the delivery state.



Fig. 52: Entering a restore value in the Set Value Dialog

5.2 Accessing IO-Link parameters

The exchange of the acyclic data takes place via a specified index and subindex range that is device-specific and can be read about in the corresponding vendor documentation.

Parameter data exchange

An intelligent IO-Link sensor/actuator (in the previous figure marked "Sensor (IO-Link Device)") can support parameterization by SPDU (Service Protocol Data Units). The PLC must explicitly query or, when marked as such, send these acyclic service data.



SPDU access

TwinCAT supports access via ADS and via the EP6224-xxxxxx CoE directory.

The respective parameter is addressed via the so-called SPDU index. The following ranges are available:

Name	Index range
System	0x00..0x0F
Identification	0x10..0x1F
Diagnostic	0x20..0x2F
Communication	0x30..0x3F
Preferred Index	0x40..0xFE
Extended Index	0x0100..0x3FFF
	the range 0x4000..0xFFFF is reserved

The use of the implementation of these ranges is the responsibility of the sensor/actuator vendor. In the interest of clarity, only a few possible indices with names are listed here. Please refer to the corresponding chapter "Object description and parameterization".

Index	Name
0010	Vendor Name
0011	Vendor Text
0012	Product Name
0013	Product ID
0015	Serial Number
0016	Hardware Revision
0017	Firmware Revision
...	...

ADS

Communication relating to IO-Link demand data is initiated via an ADS command. An ADS address always consists of a NetID and PortNo. TwinCAT forwards an ADS command to the EP6224 Box module via AoE (ADS over EtherCAT). From where the command is relayed to the IO-Link master section and therefore to the data channel.

AoE-NetID

The EP6224 is assigned a dedicated AoE-NetID for communication with the IO-Link master section. This is assigned by the configuration tool (see the figure below).

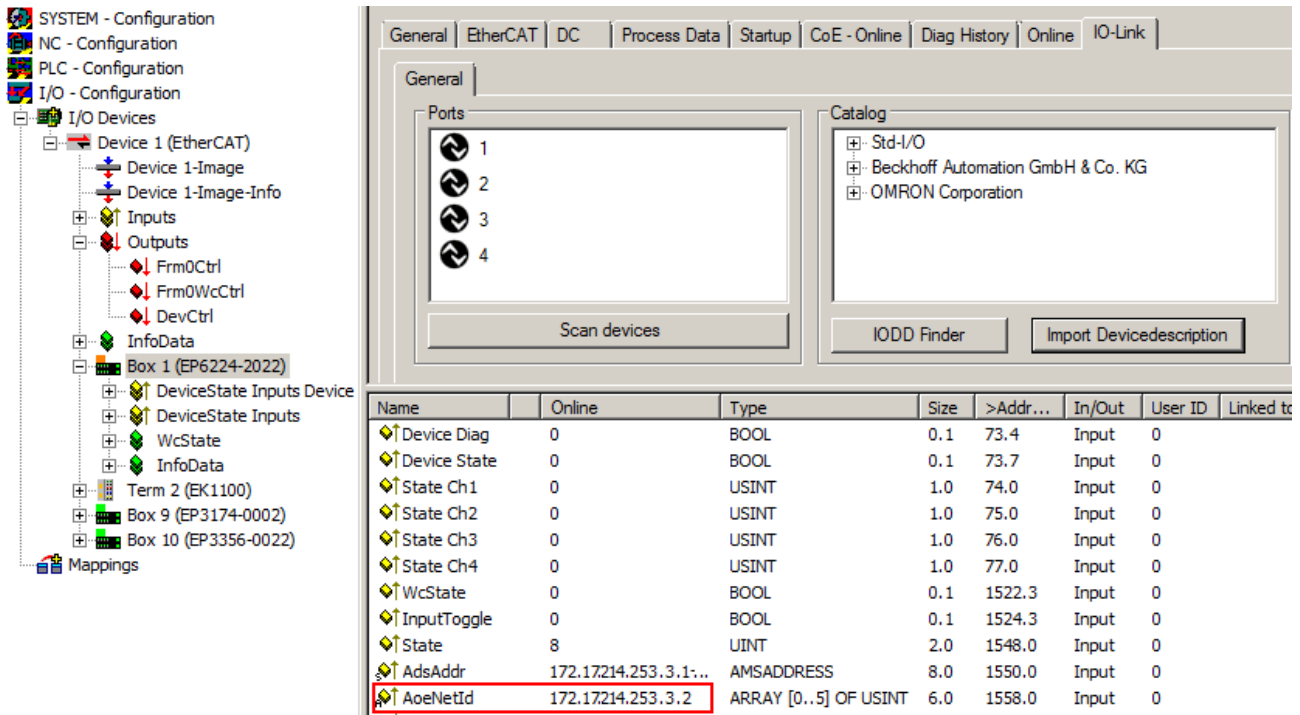


Fig. 53: AoE-NetID allocation

PortNo

The individual IO-Link ports for the master are allocated via the port number. The port numbers are allocated in ascending order from 0x1000. I.e. IO-Link Port1 === PortNo 0x1000 and IO-Link Portn === PortNo 0x1000 + n-1.

The following specification applies for the EP6224 (4-port IO-Link master):

- IO-Link Port1 === PortNo 0x1000
- IO-Link Port2 === PortNo 0x1001
- IO-Link Port3 === PortNo 0x1002
- IO-Link Port4 === PortNo 0x1003

ADS Indexgroup

As for CoE, the Indexgroup of an ADS command is specified as 0xF302 for the IO link data channel.

ADS Indexoffset

The IO link addressing with index and subindex is coded in the Indexoffset. The Indexoffset has a size of 4 bytes and is subdivided as follows: 2-byte index, 1-byte reserve, 1-byte subindex.

- Example: Indexoffset 0x12340056 corresponds to index 0x1234 and subindex 56

Example with ADS monitor

Reading of the Application-Specific Name, index 0x0018 subindex 0x00 (see figure below).

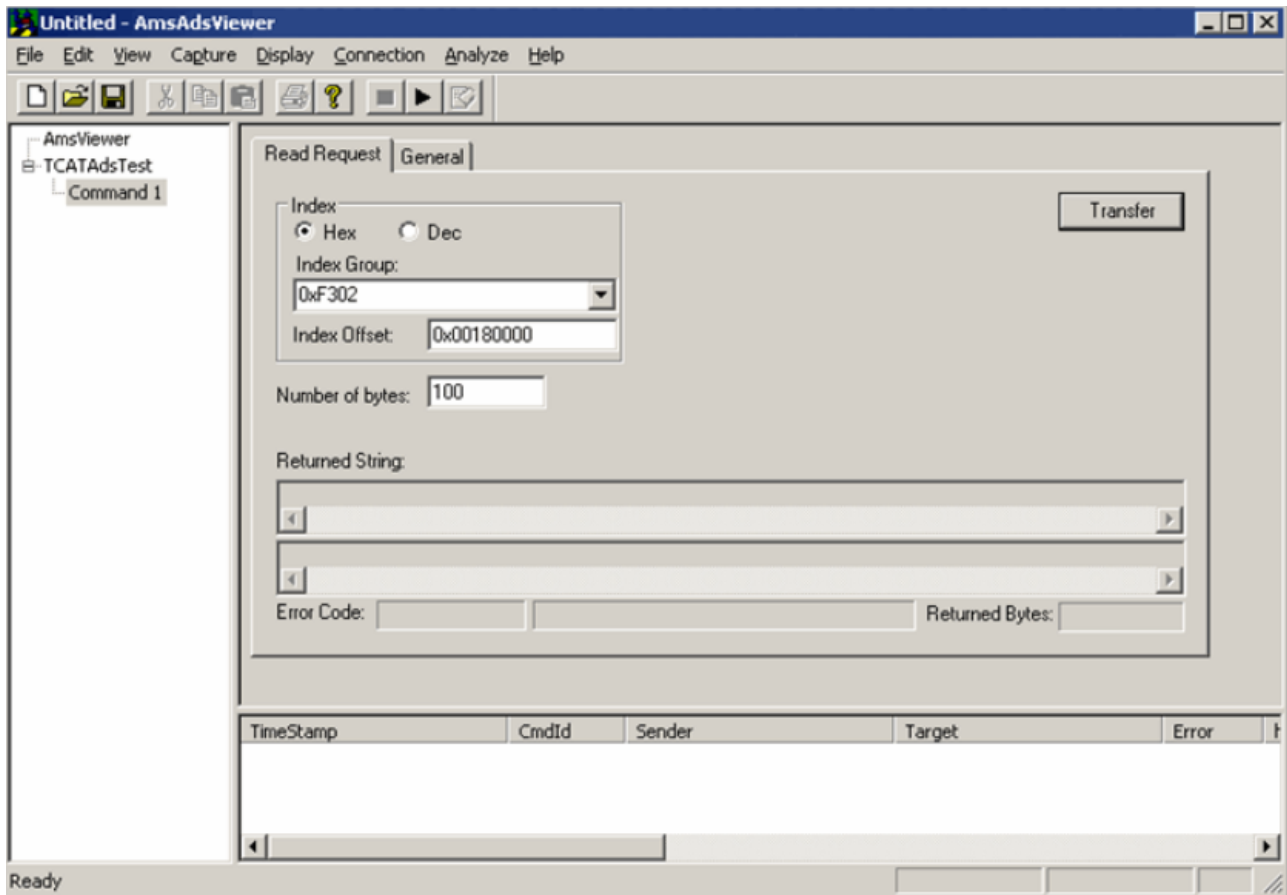


Fig. 54: Reading of the Application-Specific Name

Example showing the principle in the code

Reading of Application-Specific Name, index 0x0018 subindex 0x00 at IO-Link Port2.

```
AmsAddr adsAdr;
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[0] = 0x0A; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[1] = 0x03; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[2] = 0x02; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[3] = 0x16; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[4] = 0x02; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.netId.b[5] = 0x03; //AoE-NetID of EP6224
```

```
adsAdr.port = 0x1001; //IO-Link Port2
```

```
errCode = AdsSyncReadReq(&adsAdr, 0xF302, 0x00180000, 100, &pReadBuffer);
```

5.3 IO-Link device

5.3.1 Configuration of the IO-Link devices

● IO-Link extension

i The IO-Link extension for the EP6224-xxxxxx can be used from TwinCAT version 2.10, build 1325 and is required up to version 2.10, build 1330. If your System Manager version or TwinCAT3 does not yet provide this support, it can be installed later if necessary. Please contact our [Support](#).

▶ 87]

Integrating IO-Link devices

The catalog supports the IO-Link device description (IODD). The IODDs for the EPIxxxx, ERIxxxx IO-Link Box modules from Beckhoff can be downloaded via the following link: [Download IODD](#). The downloaded zip file contains the IODD device description files for the Beckhoff EPIxxxx, ERIxxxx IO-Link Box modules.



No manual copying of the XML files

Do not copy the files directly into the folder; read them in via *Import Devicedescription* instead! Important checks will otherwise be bypassed!

The integration of the IODD file should always be the first step, since this enables the breakdown of the individual process data of the IO-Link devices as well as the display of the parameters.

There are several ways of integrating an IO-Link device:

1. Importing the IODD file (offline & online) via
 - button *Import Devicedescription* [▶ 56] (A) or
 - button *IODD Finder* [▶ 56] (B)
2. Automatic scanning of the IO-Link ports (online) via
 - button *Scan devices* [▶ 59] (C)
3. Manual insertion (offline & online) via
 - menu *Create Device* [▶ 62] (D)

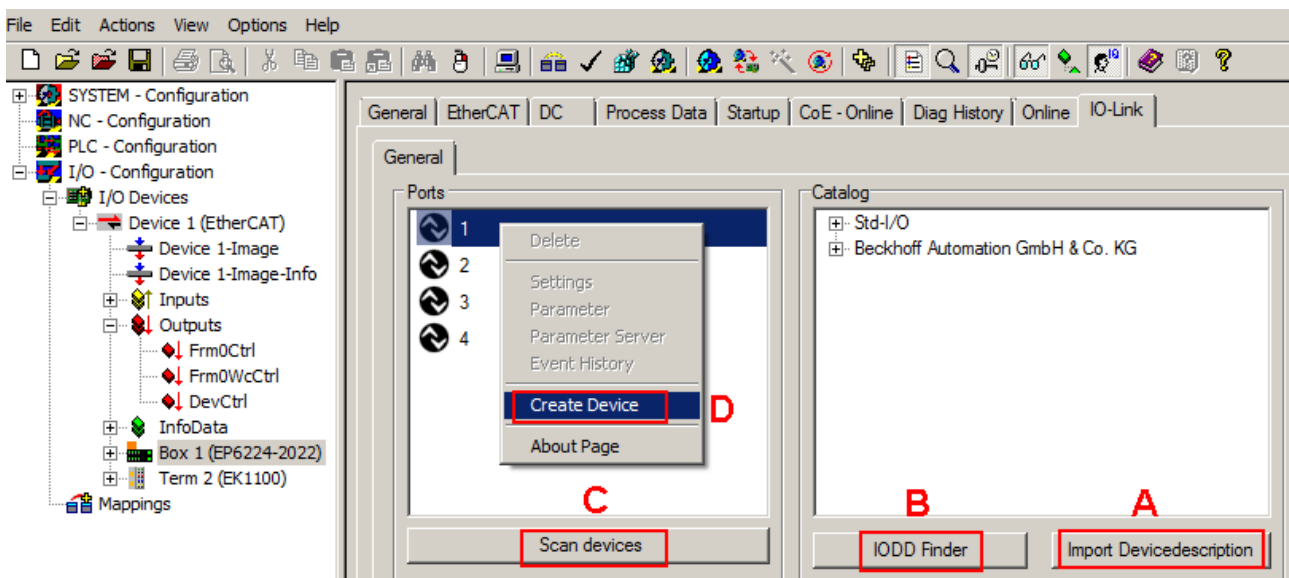


Fig. 55: Creating IO-Link devices

If the IODD is not available, the IO-Link device should be integrated online by scanning. Manual integration of the IO-Link devices via *Create Device* should only be carried out if the IODD of the vendor and the IO-Link device are not available at the time of project creation.

Configuration of the IO-Link ports as digital inputs/outputs

If the IO-Link port is to be used as a simple digital input or output, the selection "Std-I/O" -> "dig in" or "dig out" can be made in the *IO-Link Device Catalog*. After restarting the EtherCAT system or reloading the configuration in Config mode (F4), the corresponding process data are created.

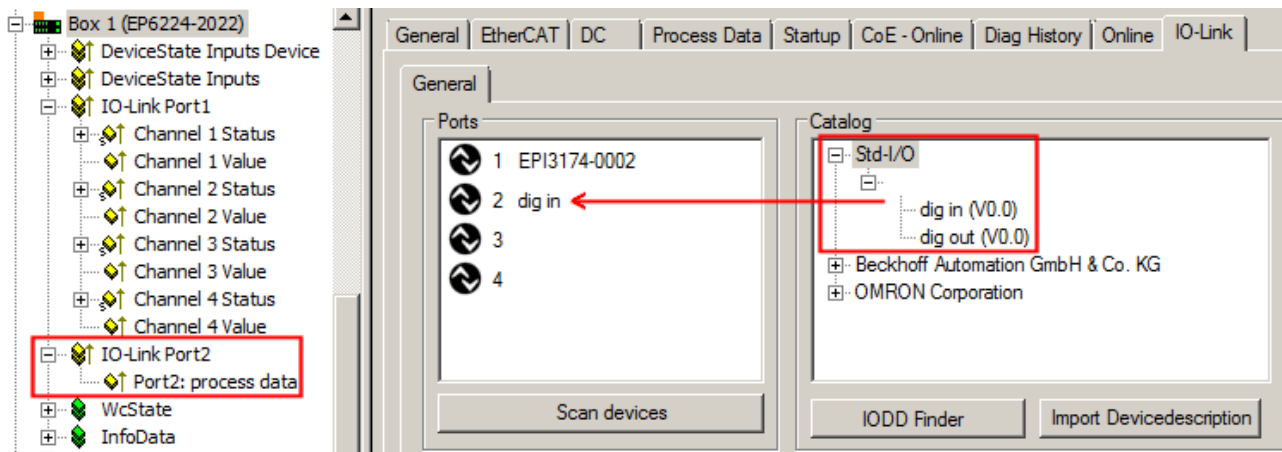


Fig. 56: Configuration of Port 2 as digital input

Removal of the IO-Link devices

To remove a previously configured IO-Link device, right-click to open the context menu and select *Delete*. After restarting the EtherCAT system or reloading the configuration in Config mode (F4), the already created process data are removed.

5.3.1.1 1. Importing the device description IODD

Importing the device description simplifies the integration of the IO-Link devices. The individual process data are broken down, enabling simple parameterization of the sensor. The IODD only needs to be imported during the initial commissioning of a new IO-Link device. The import is port-independent. Proceed as follows to import the IODD:

- **Button "Import Devicedescription"**

- Press the *Import Devicedescription* button in the *IO-Link* tab
- Select the .xml file of the desired sensor.
- After pressing the Open button, the imported files are stored in the following folder:
 - for TwinCAT 2.x: \TwinCAT\IO\IOLink
 - for TwinCAT 3.x: \TwinCAT\3.X\Config\IO\IOLink.
- The imported device descriptions are listed in a tree structure in the *Catalog* field, sorted by vendor.

i No manual copying of the XML files

Do not copy the files directly into the folder; read them in via *Import Devicedescription* instead! Important checks will otherwise be bypassed!

- **Button "IODD Finder"**

- Press the *IODD Finder* button in the *IO-Link* tab
- Searching for the desired IO-Link sensor/device by entering them in the search mask; see the figure below (1)
- Selecting the desired IO-Link sensor/device. Move the mouse pointer over the figure of the desired IO-Link sensor/device. A blue download icon appears, see the following figure (2).

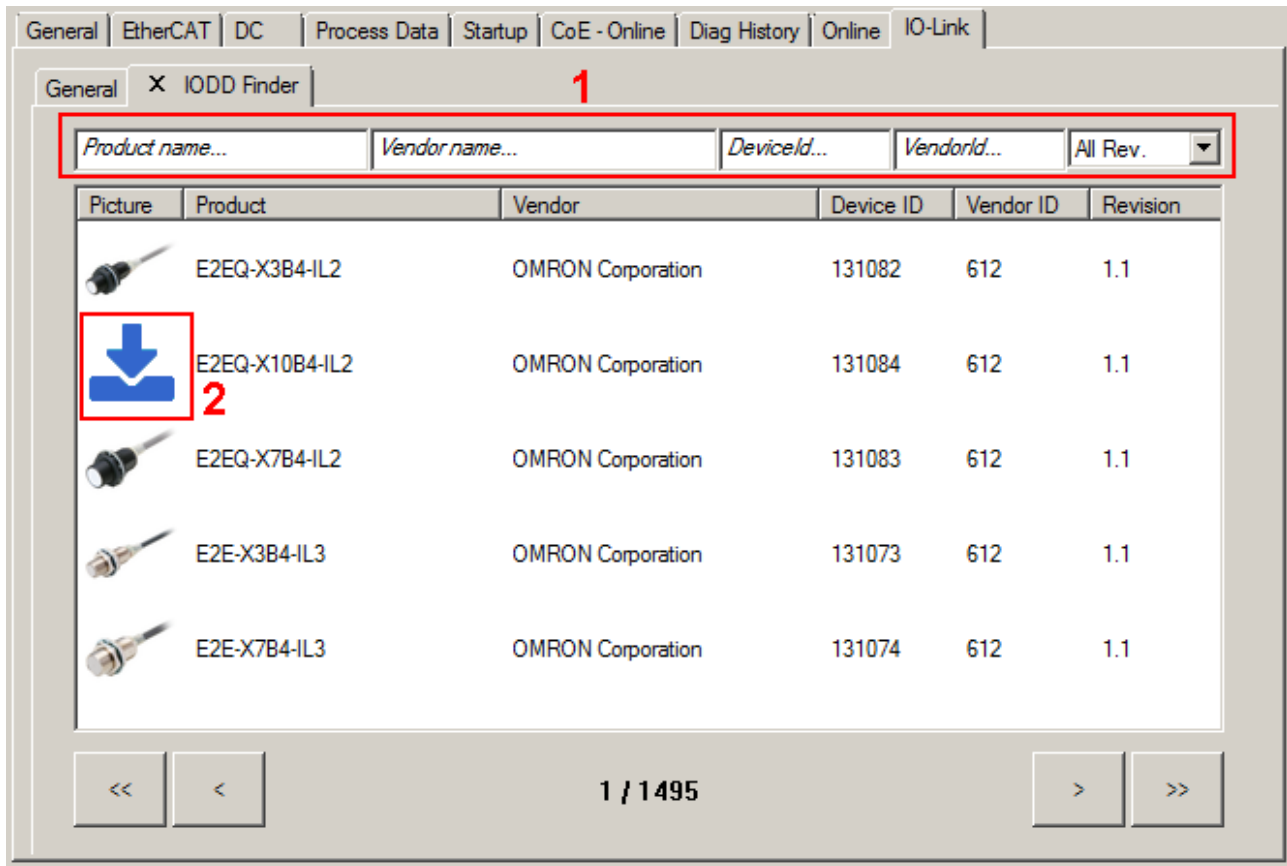


Fig. 57: IODD Finder, selection and import of the .xml file

- After clicking the download symbol, the .xml file of the selected IO-Link sensor/device is imported and stored in the following folder:
 - for TwinCAT 2.x: \TwinCAT\IO\IOLink
 - for TwinCAT 3.x: \TwinCAT\3.X\Config\IO\IOLink
- When moving the mouse pointer over the IO-Link sensor/device, a green icon now indicates (see the following figure (3)) that the .xml file already exists.

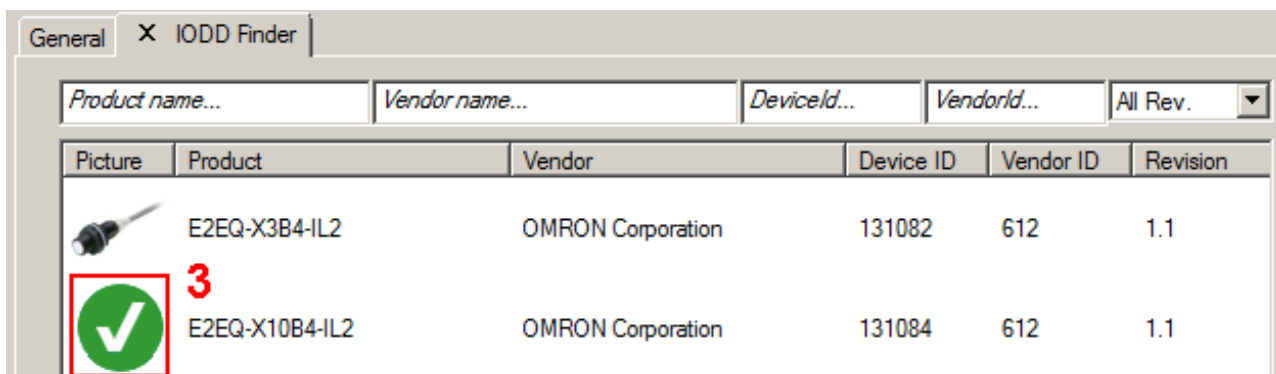


Fig. 58: IODD Finder, display of an already imported device description

- The imported device descriptions are listed in a tree structure in the *Catalog* field of the IO-Link tab, sorted by vendor.
- Online configuration: once the IO-Link device has been connected, it is automatically detected and created with the corresponding parameters by pressing the *Scan devices* button. If several devices are stored in the IODD file, the first entry is always selected here. Grouping in the IODD is usually carried out by the vendor if the process data are the same and there are only mechanical differences (e.g. other material).
- Offline configuration: The *Catalog* field shows the IO-Link device catalog, which lists the already imported device descriptions in a tree structure, sorted by vendor. The IO-Link device can be selected via drag & drop or by right-clicking on the product with "Add to Port n".

- Restart the EtherCAT system or reload the configuration in Config mode (F4).
- The IO-Link devices are displayed, and the process data are created. If an error is found when integrating the IO-Link device, e.g. wrong VendorID or no device connected, then this is indicated via the status of the port (object state Ch.n 0xF100:0n).

5.3.1.2 2. Automatic scanning of the IO-Link ports

This part of the documentation describes the configuration of the physically available IO-Link devices in TwinCAT.

During automatic scanning of the IO-Link ports, the steps *WakeUp pulse*, *Baud rate setting*, *Reading of the communication parameters*, plus *Parameter server* and *Cyclic data exchange*, if applicable, are performed, see [Establishing the IO-Link communication \[► 17\]](#). The corresponding IO-Link device must be connected to the IO-Link port for this.

The connected devices are automatically detected and configured and a search is performed for the associated IO-Link device.

Finding connected IO-Link devices

The connected IO-Link devices can be found by clicking the *Scan devices* button (see the following figure (C)).

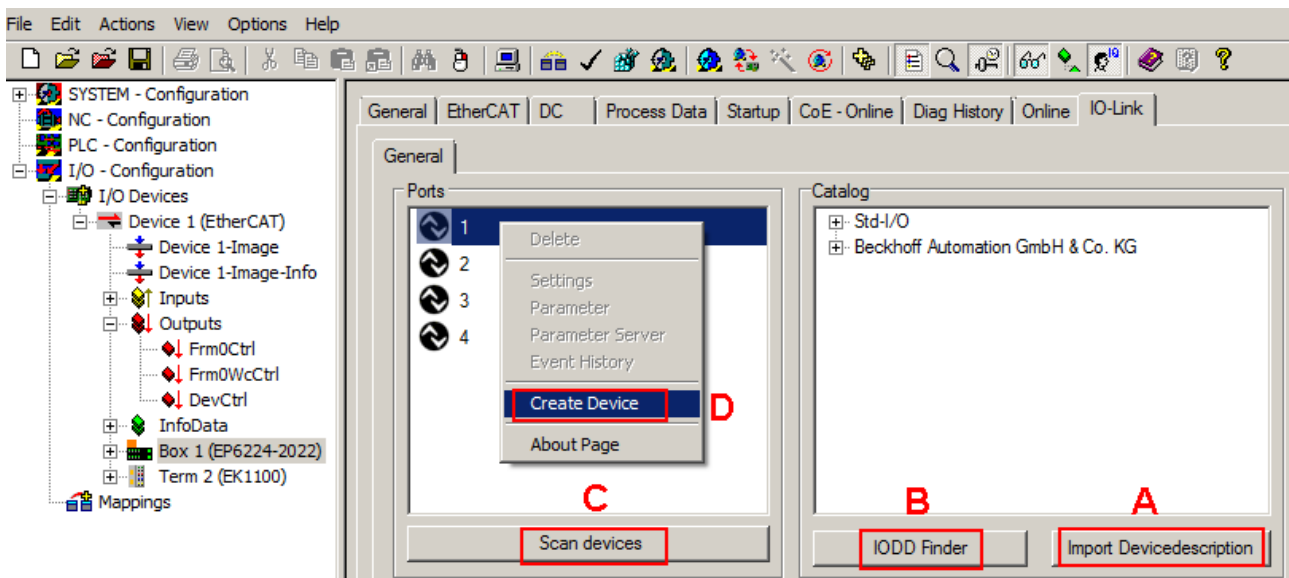


Fig. 59: Scan devices (C)

The information window lists the connected device for each of the four ports. Only port 2 of the master is assigned an IO-Link device. Confirm with the *OK* button.



Fig. 60: Information *Scan devices*

To be able to work with the devices, the button *Reload Devices* (F4) must be clicked.



Fig. 61: Button: *Reload Devices*

The IO-Link devices are now entered in the General display. The Port 2 Details field displays information about the connected device.

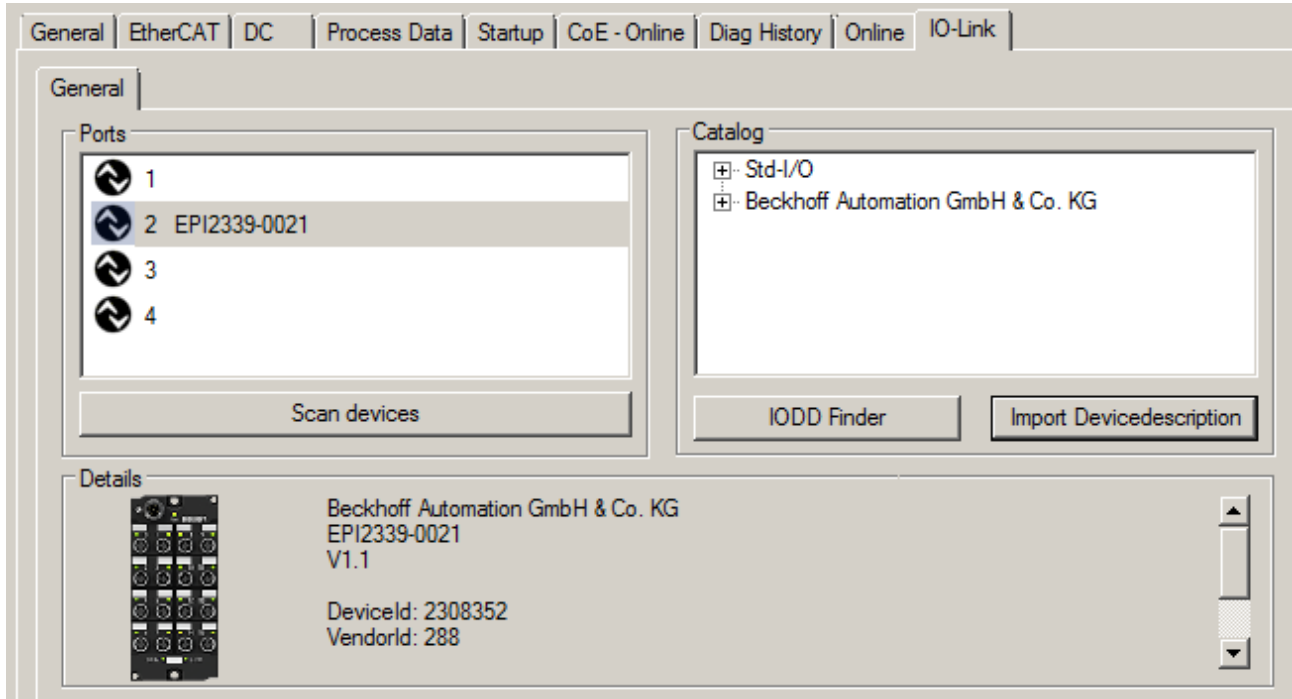


Fig. 62: Device at Port 2

Further details can be shown by right-clicking Port 2 in the *Settings* dialog (see also chapter [Settings of the IO-Link devices \[► 63\]](#)).

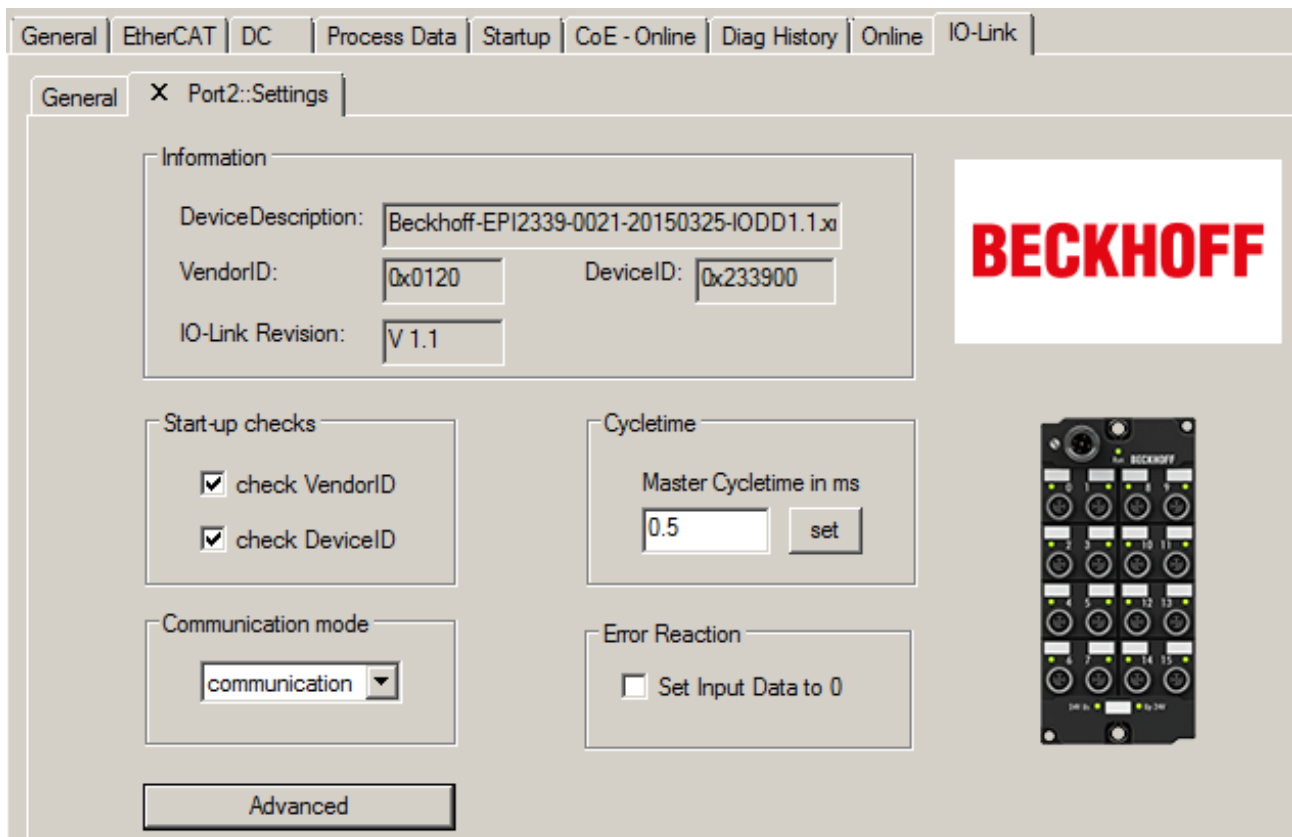


Fig. 63: Device Port2 settings

After double-clicking Port 2 the *Parameters* tab is displayed. The parameters of the respective IO-Link device are listed here (see also chapter [EPIxxxx, ERxxxx - Setting the IO-Link device parameters \[► 65\]](#)).

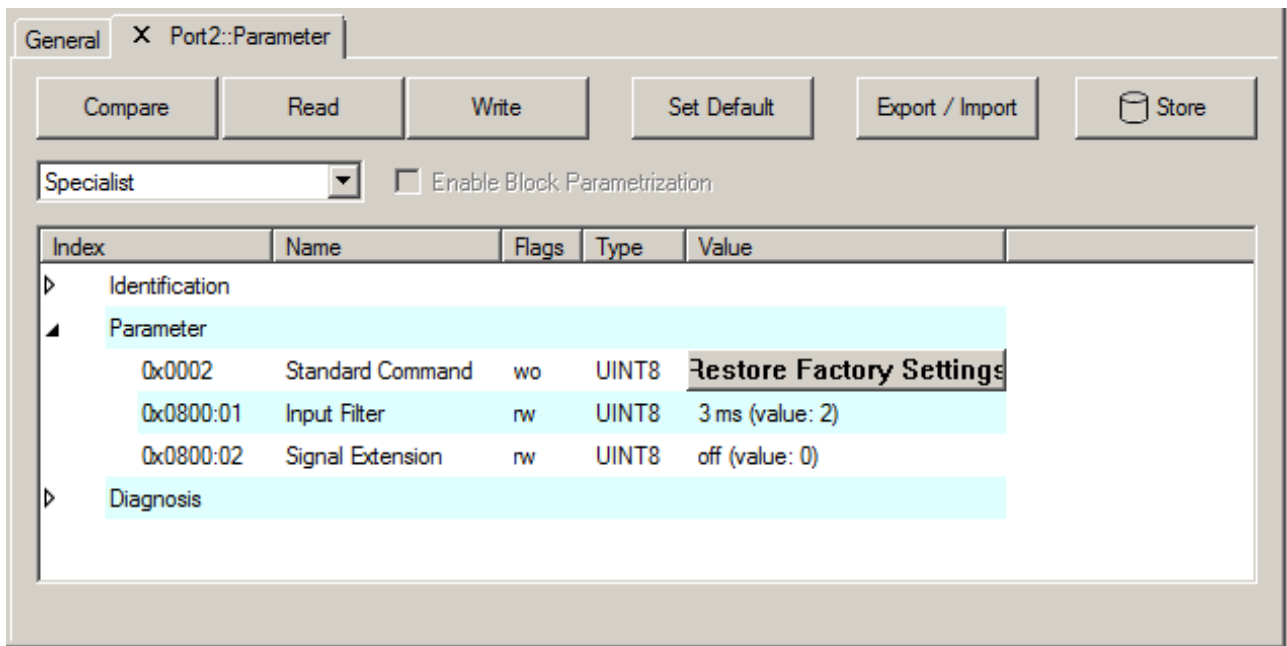


Fig. 64: Parameter IO-Link device

5.3.1.3 3. Manual insertion via Create Device

This part of the documentation describes the manual configuration of the IO-Link devices in TwinCAT.

The manual insertion of the IO-Link device should only be carried out if the IODD from the vendor and the IO-Link device are not available.

The configuration can then be carried out manually. By saving the project, the settings for the individual ports are saved. The devices that were created are not stored in the *Catalog* (see the figure below (A)).

- To insert the IO-Link devices manually via *Create Device*, proceed as follows:
- If the corresponding IODD of the IO-Link device is already present, the corresponding device can be selected in the catalog (see the diagram below (A)), sorted by the vendor
- If no IODD is available, the device can be manually added. These data are not saved in the catalog and must be manually entered for each port.
- Right-click on the port to open the context menu (see the figure below (B)) and select *Create Device*.
- In the *Create Device* dialog an IO-Link device with the basic communication parameters can be created. The mandatory fields here are: For Vendor ID, Device ID and process data length see the figure below (D). The values VendorID and DeviceID can be entered both in hexadecimal notation (input format: 0xnnnn) and as decimal numbers (nnnn).
The communication parameters to be entered can be found in the information provided by the device vendor.
- If the IO-Link device version is 1.1, then the parameter server is activated by the selection of the field.
- Restart the EtherCAT system or reload the configuration in Config mode (F4)

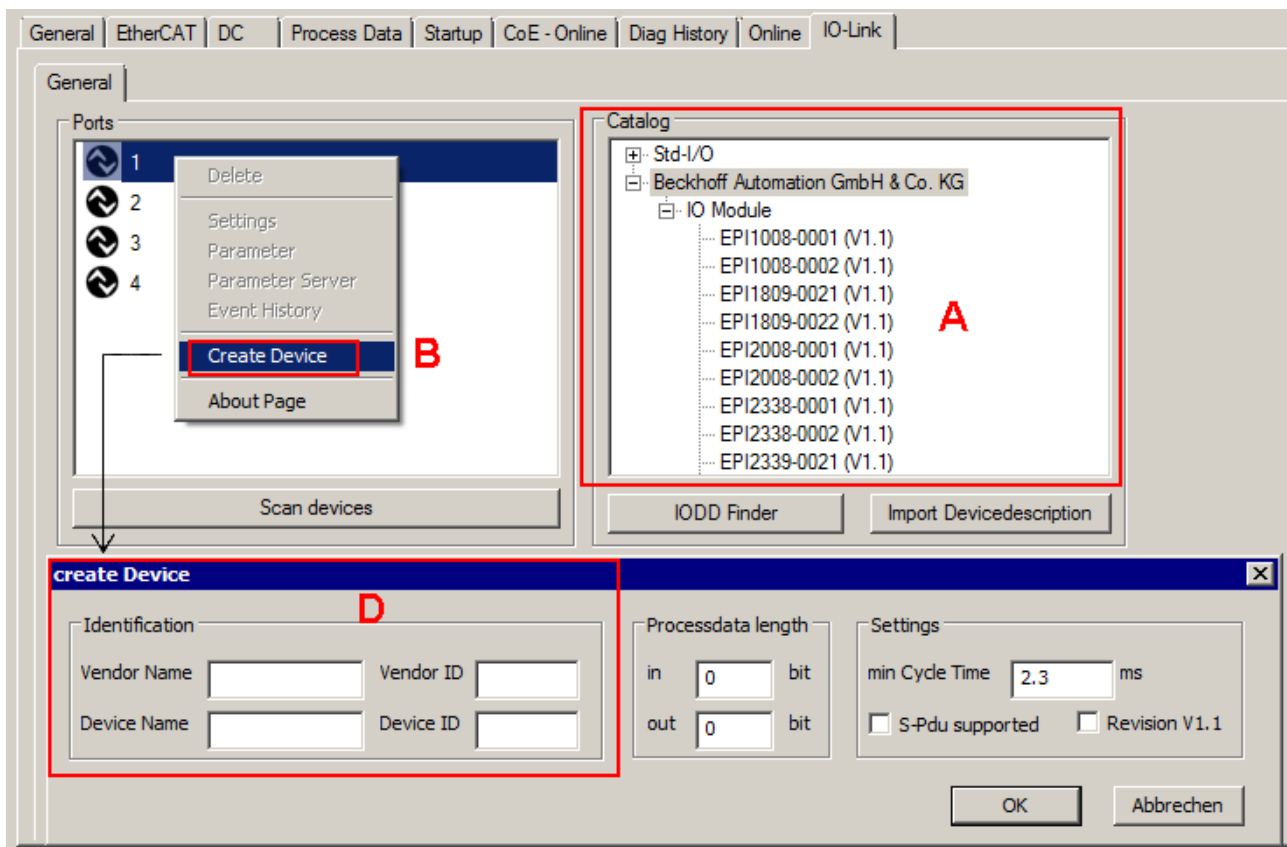


Fig. 65: Manual creation of an IO-Link device via the "Create Device" dialog (D)

● Reading the IODD

i Even when manually creating and scanning, the IODD should always be read in as well in order to display further sensor-specific information.

If the IO-Link device is created manually, some device settings can be implemented in the settings of the IO-Link devices (see [Settings of the IO-Link devices](#)) |▶ 63|

5.3.2 EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Process data

The System Manager shows the EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx process data which are arranged in the tree structure under the associated Port (A) (in the following example EPI1809-0022 is connected to port 1).

Depending on the number of channels the EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx offer 8-bit or 16-bit input data for transmission (A, B).

The process data of the respective boxes can be found in the chapter [product overview](#) [8].

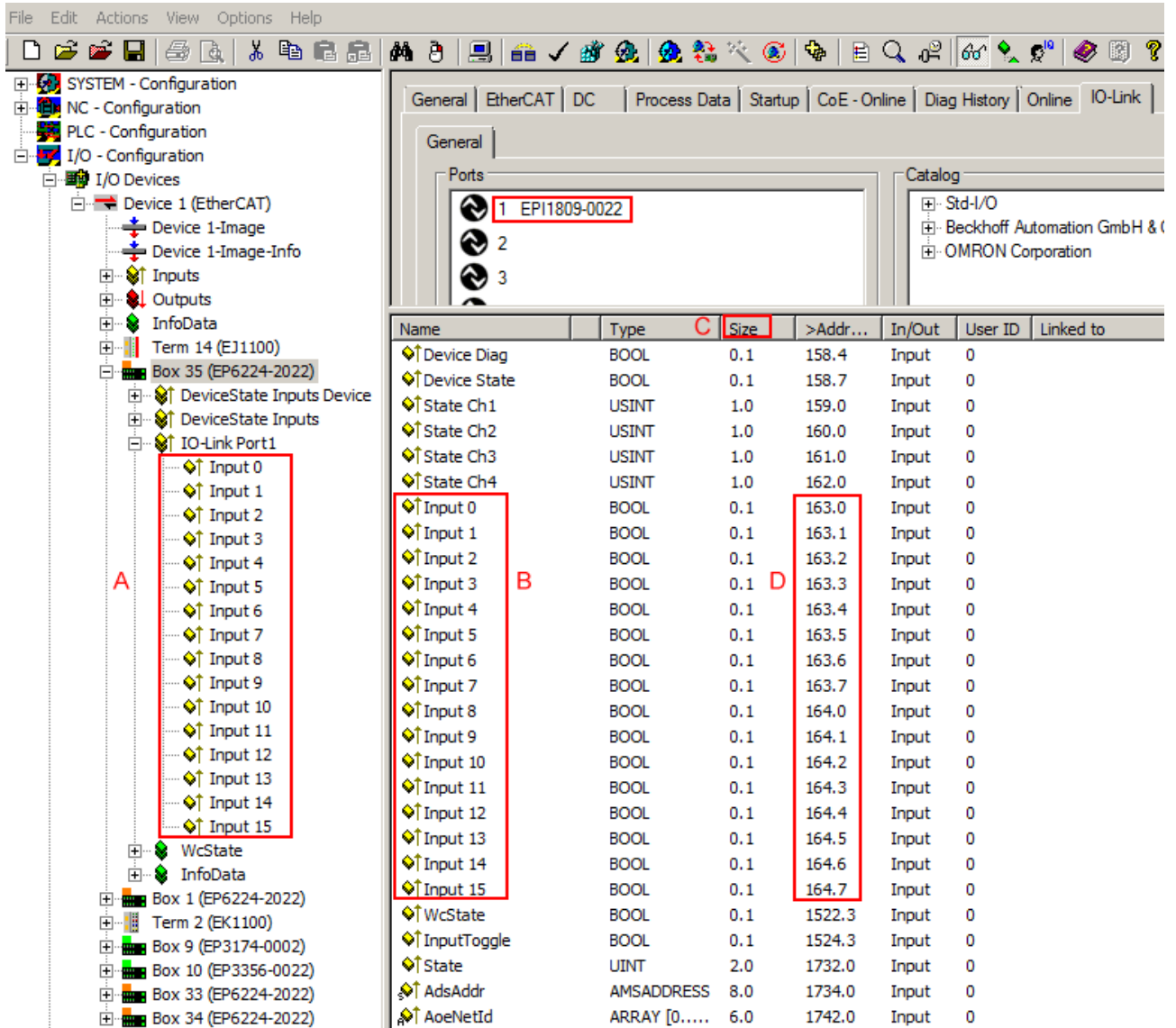


Fig. 66: Default process data showing EPI1809-0022 as example

By right-clicking on the Status variable in the configuration tree (A), the structure can be opened for linking. The offset position can be taken from the memory assignment display (D) on the basis of the point notation, also taking into account the variable size (C).

Control/status word

The EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx have no control - and status word

5.3.3 Settings of the IO-Link devices

To find the basic settings of the devices for each port, right-click the port and select *Settings*. A new tab *Portx:: Settings* opens.

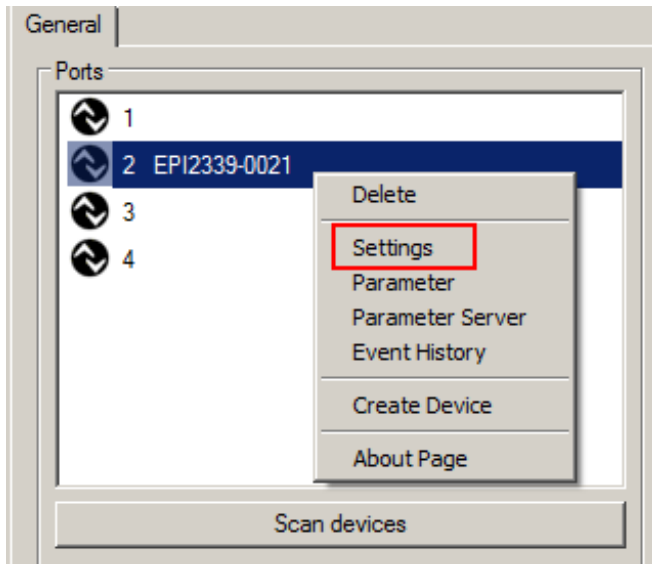


Fig. 67: Context menu - Settings

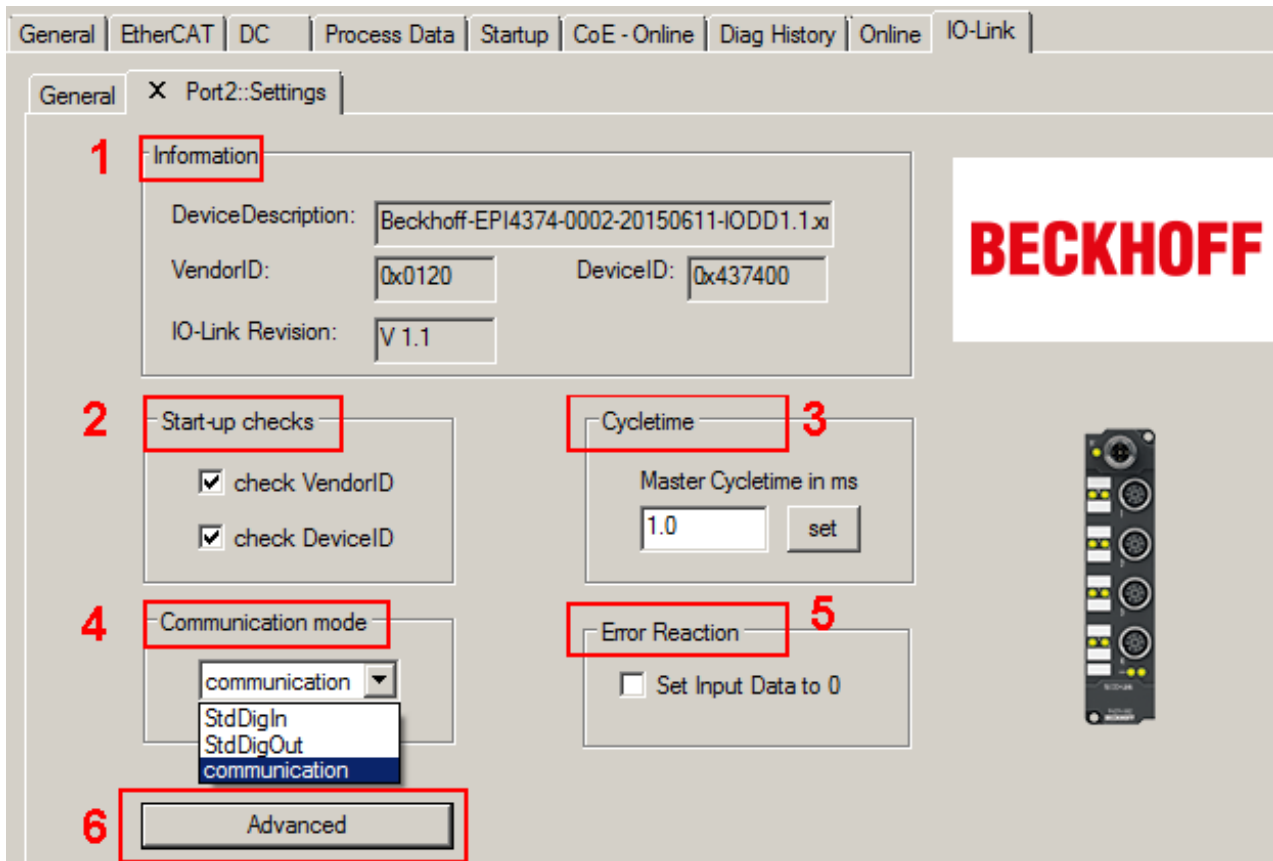


Fig. 68: Settings of the IO-Link devices

1. Information

This field is for information only; the IO-DD that was read in is displayed under Device Description. Furthermore, the VendorID, DeviceID and the IO-Link revision(V 1.0 or V 1.1) of the IO-Link devices are displayed. If the device is an IO-Link device V1.1, then the [parameter server \[▶ 18\]](#) function is supported.

The following settings can be made in the settings for the IO-Link devices (see figure above):

2. Start-up checks

This parameter can be used to specify that the Vendor ID and Device ID should be checked when the IO-Link device starts up. This avoids errors when exchanging IO-Link devices.

3. **CycleTime**
Specifies the cycle time for the IO-Link master
4. **Communication mode**
Selection of the mode in which the IO-Link port is to be operated.
 - *Communication*: Default mode for IO-Link devices
 - *StdDigIn / StdDigOut*: Mode for non-IO-Link devices, automatically selected if the port is configured as a digital input or output [► 55]
5. **Error Reaction**
 - If the *Set Input Data to 0* field is activated
-> input data are set to 0 in case of error
-> Status display: *Error*
6. **Button "Advanced"**

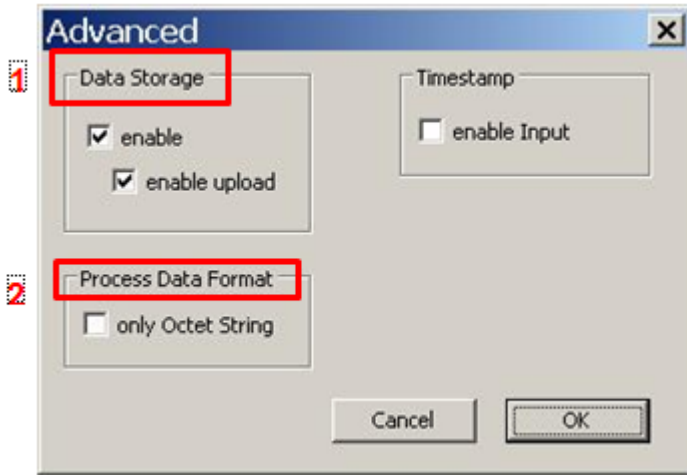


Fig. 69: Advanced settings

7. **Data Storage**
Pay attention to the sensor version
 - V1.0 -> data storage is not supported
 - V1.1 -> data are stored in the parameter server (preset)
8. **Process Data Format**
Adaptation of the process data format
 - Field *only Octet String* selected
-> complex data types (process data) are created as octet strings
-> Advantage: simple further processing in the PLC

5.3.4 EPIxxxx, ERxxxx - Setting of the IO-Link device parameters

This chapter explains how to read out and set the IO-Link device parameters.

The number and type of the objects shown on the *Parameters* tab vary according to the type of sensor. The default settings as stored in the IODD can initially be seen.

To open the *Parameter* tab

- click the IO-Link master (EP6224-xxxx) in the TwinCAT tree structure,
- click the *IO-Link* tab,
- select the port to which the IO-Link device is connected,
- open the *Parameters* tab by double-clicking or
- by right-clicking and selecting *Parameters*.

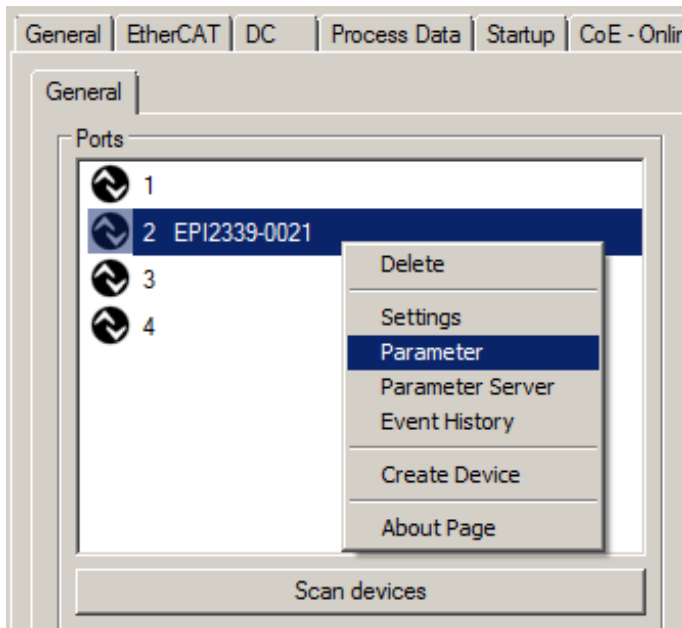


Fig. 70: Opening the *Parameters* tab

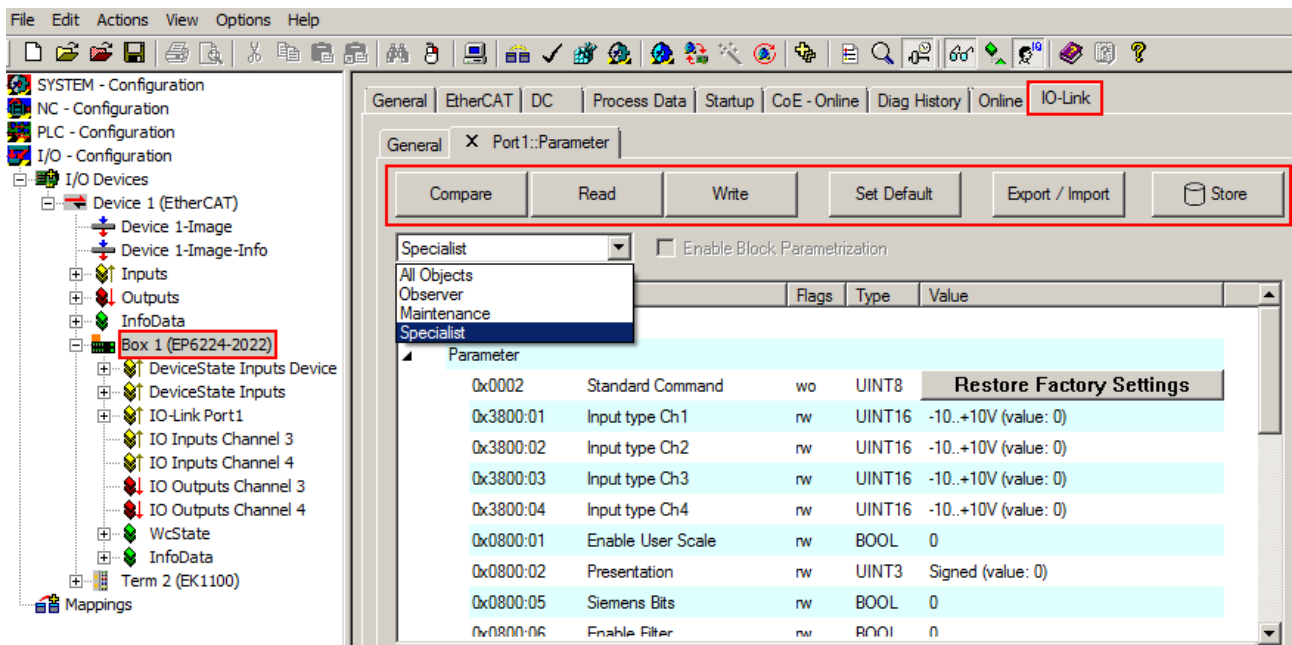


Fig. 71: Parameters IO-Link device

The device parameters are listed in the tab. The buttons *Compare*, *Read*, *Write*, *Set Default*, *Export/Import* and *Store* are located at the top of the tab.

The *Read*, *Write* and *Store* buttons are used to read out the parameters stored in the IO-Link device, load them and store them in the parameter server of the master.

Different user roles can be selected from the drop-down menu. The default user role is *Specialist*. The parameters are displayed in different representations and scopes.

Compare button

- By pressing the Compare button, the parameter data of the configuration are compared with the parameter sets in the sensor and in the parameter server.

Read button

- The default values from the IODD file are always preset

- The current parameter values are not read until the *Read* button is pressed

Write button

- The default values from the IODD file are always preset
- Enter the desired value under *Value*
- The values are accepted by pressing the Enter key
- Press the *Write* button to write data to the device (offline configuration is possible)

Set Default button

- Pressing the *Set Default* button sets all parameter values to the default settings.

Export / Import button

- The set parameter values can be exported as a .vbs file and restored later via Import.
- Pressing the *Export / Import* button (see the diagram below (1)) opens the Import / Export dialog
- Specify the path under which you want to export or import the vbs file, see Fig. (2) below and confirm with the *Open* button, see Fig. (4) below.
- In addition, the export options *Attach Store Command* and *Enable Block Parameterization* can be selected as shown in Fig. (3) below
 - *Attach Store Command*: The parameters are loaded into the parameter server after the script has written all values.
 - *Enable Block Parameterization*: Block parameterization is enabled. For some sensors, writing is only possible when block parameterization is enabled.
- Press the *Export* or *Import* button

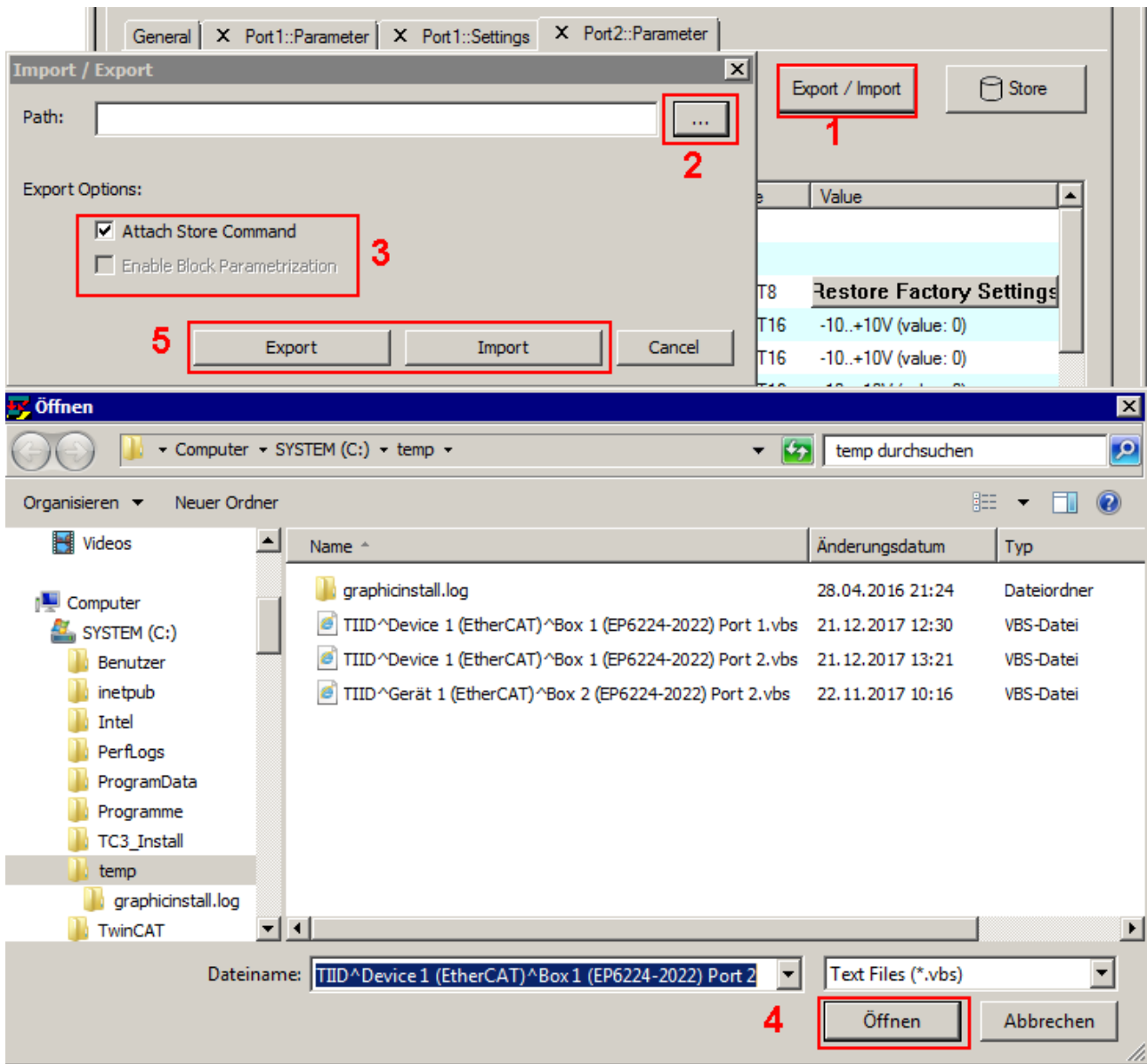


Fig. 72: Parameterization IO-Link device - Export / Import

Store button

- Click *Store* (data storage): The Beckhoff EP6224-xxxx IO-Link master (from firmware 10) stores the parameters (0x0018) *Application-Specific Tag*, (0x08n0) *Settings* and 0x3800 *Range Settings*. If the IO-Link device is exchanged for a similar module, the device can be restored.

Standard Command (Index 0x0002)

The IO-Link master writes various IO-Link-specific commands to the *Standard Command* during startup. Some of these commands are available in the TwinCAT interface (see figure below). In the parameter list of the *All Objects* user role, click *Standard Command*, then double-click *Standard Command* in the right-hand field. Select the desired value from the list of different options and use the *Write* button (as described above).

Device Reset: Restarts the IO-Link device.

Application Reset: No function.

Restore Factory Settings: Restoring the application parameters, i.e. the Settings parameter (0x0800).

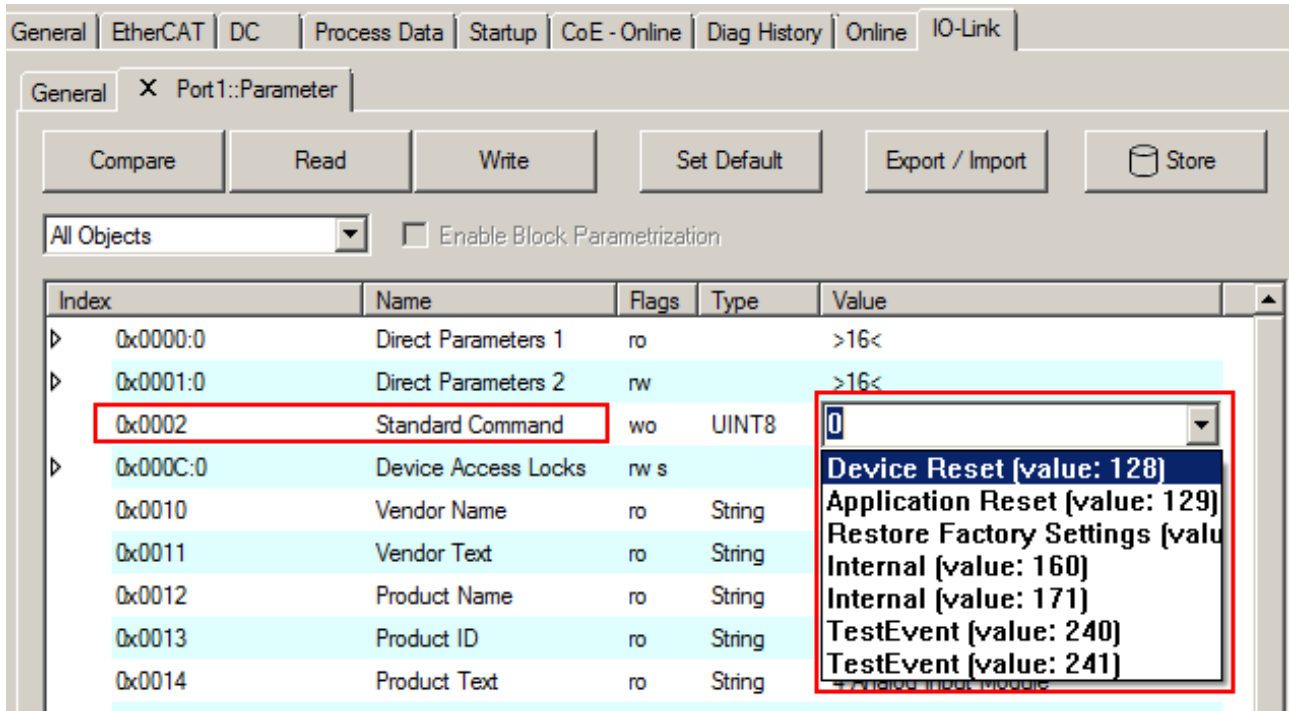


Fig. 73: Parameters IO-Link device Standard Command

Application Specific Tag (Index 0x0018)

Application-specific information can be entered and stored here. Click *Application-Specific Tag* in the parameter list, then double-click *Application-Specific Tag* in the right-hand field. Enter application-specific information and use the *Write* button and the *Store* button, if required (as described above).

The screenshot shows the 'IO-Link' configuration window with the 'General' tab selected. Below the navigation buttons (Compare, Read, Write, Set Default, Export / Import, Store), there is a dropdown menu set to 'All Objects' and an unchecked checkbox for 'Enable Block Parametrization'. A table lists various parameters with columns for Index, Name, Flags, Type, and Value. The parameter at index 0x0018, 'Application Specific Tag', is highlighted with a red border and has a text box containing the word 'Information' next to its value field.

Index	Name	Flags	Type	Value
0x0000:0	Direct Parameters 1	ro		>16<
0x0001:0	Direct Parameters 2	rw		>16<
0x0002	Standard Command	wo	UINT8	0
0x000C:0	Device Access Locks	rw s		>2<
0x0010	Vendor Name	ro	String	Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG
0x0011	Vendor Text	ro	String	www.beckhoff.com
0x0012	Product Name	ro	String	EPI3174-0002
0x0013	Product ID	ro	String	EPI3174-0002
0x0014	Product Text	ro	String	4 Analog Input Module
0x0015	Serial Number	ro	String	
0x0016	Hardware Version	ro	String	
0x0017	Firmware Version	ro	String	
0x0018	Application Specific Tag	rw	String	Information
0x0050:0	IO Status	ro		>4<

Fig. 74: Parameters IO-Link device: Application Specific Tag

5.3.5 EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Set up the parameters of the IO-Link device

5.3.5.1 Input filter (Index 0x0800:01)

The function of the Input filter is explained in the section [EPI1xxx-xxxx - Input debouncing and input signal extension \[▶ 74\]](#). For parameterization of the input filter proceed as follows:

1. Select *Specialist* in the tab *Parameter*.
2. Open the *Parameter list* and double click on *Input Filter*.
3. Select the desired value from the list of different options.
4. Use the *Write* and as necessary the *Store* button (as described above).

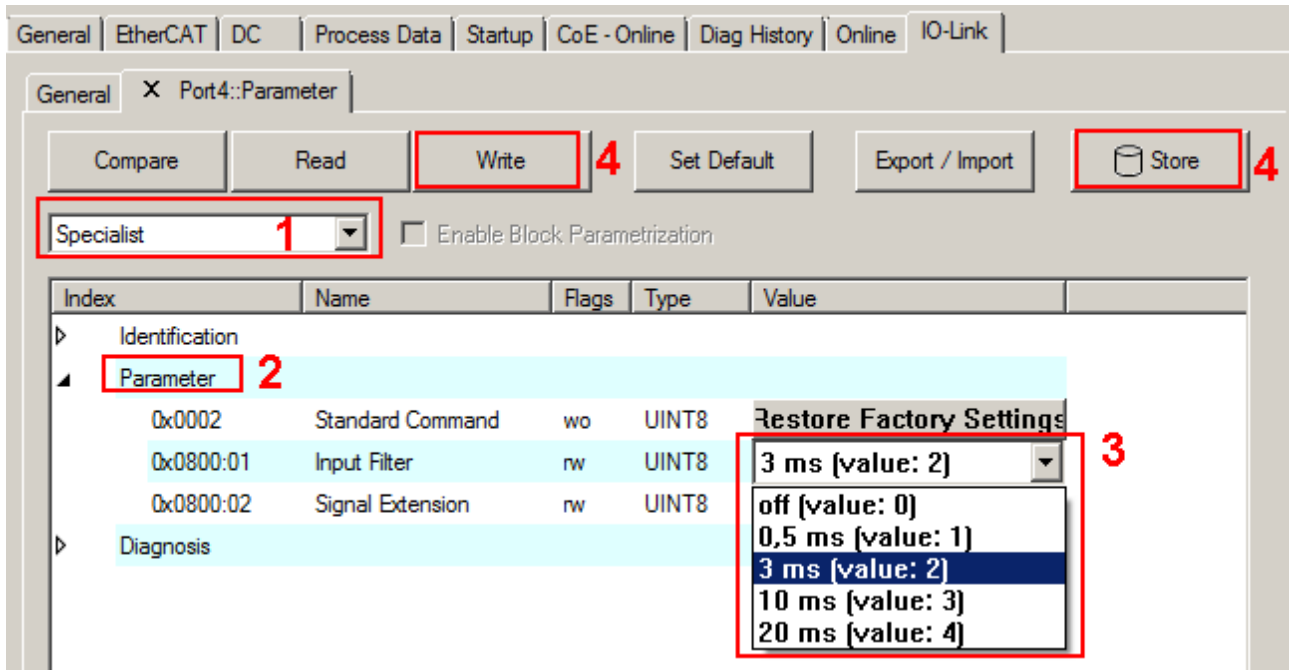


Fig. 75: Parameterization of input filter (Index 0x0800:01)

5.3.5.2 Signal Extension (Index 0x0800:02)

The function of the *Signal Extension* is explained in the section [EPI1xxx-xxxx - Input debouncing and input signal extension \[▶ 74\]](#). For parameterization of the input filter proceed as follows:

1. Select *Specialist* in the tab *Parameter*
2. Open the *Parameter list* and double click on *Signal Extension*
3. Select the desired value from the list of different options
4. Use the *Write* and as necessary the *Store* button (as described above).

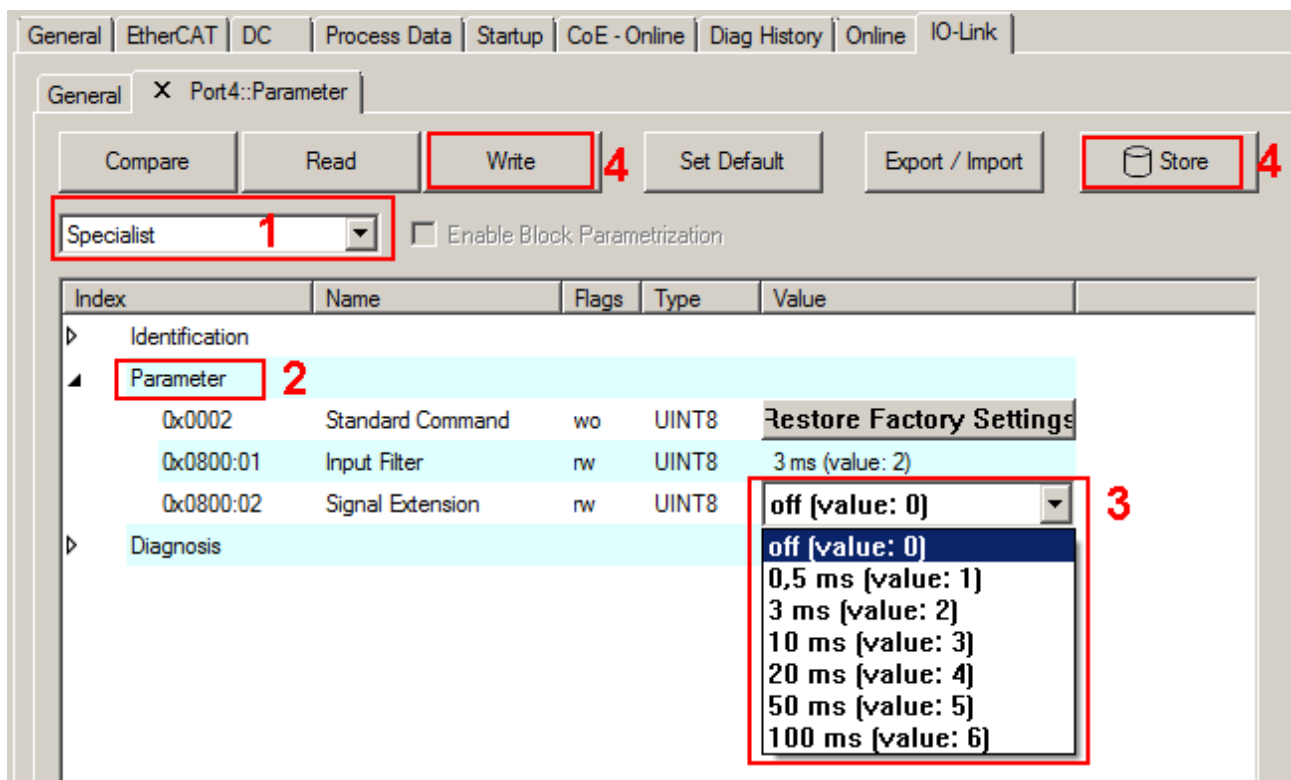


Fig. 76: Parameterization of Signal Extension (Index 0x0800:02)

5.3.5.3 Diagnosis (Index 0x0A00)

The *Diagnosis* parameters vary between the different devices. The meaning of *Diagnosis* parameters (Index 0x0A00) can be read in the respective chapter *Object description and parameterization*.

(EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x [▶ 79] / EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x [▶ 82])

As an example, the *Diagnosis* parameters of the EPI1809-0021 are presented in the figure below.

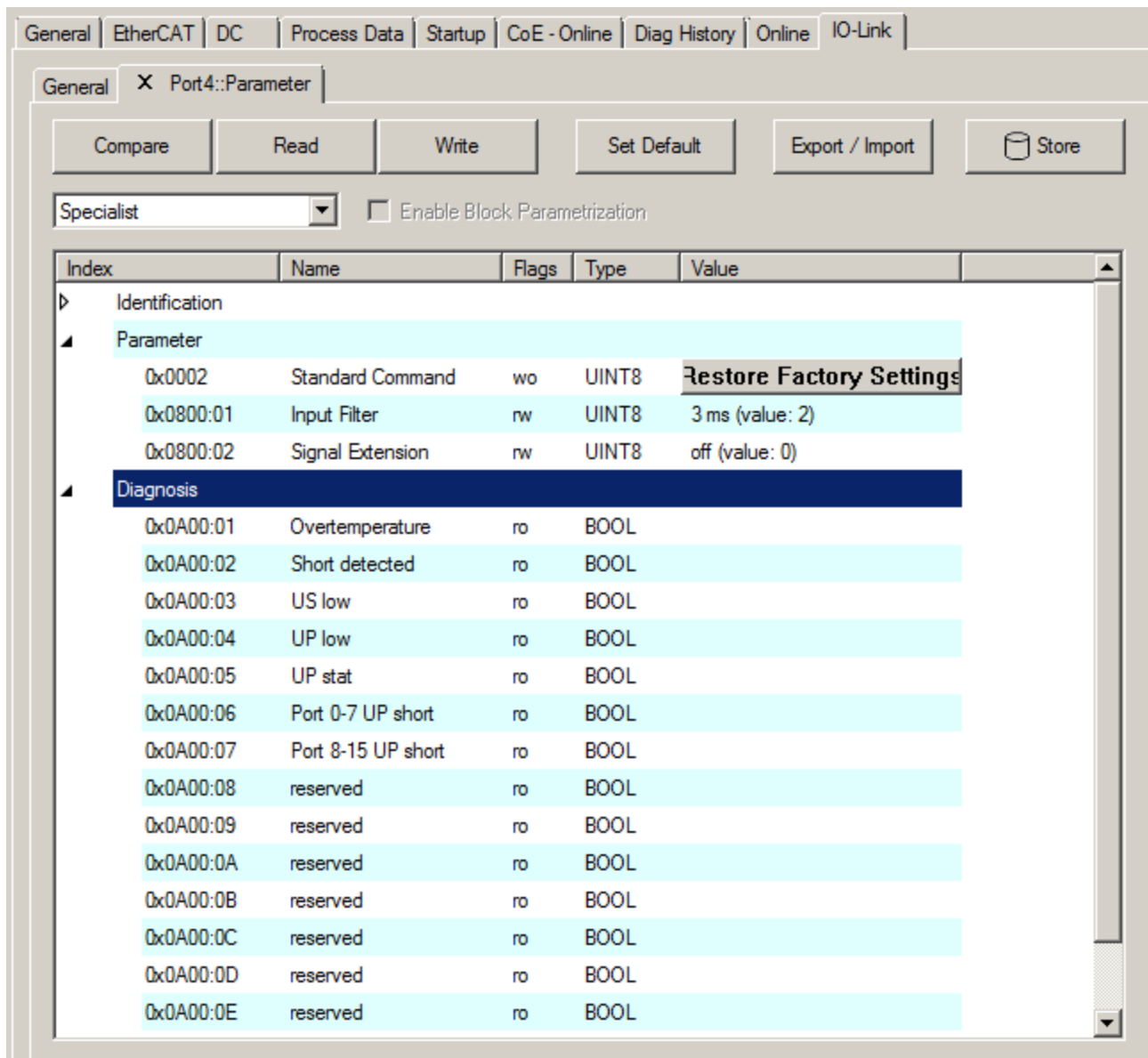


Fig. 77: IO-Link Device Parameter: showing Diagnosis EPI1809-0021 as example

5.3.6 EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - Input debouncing and input signal extension

The digital IO-Link boxes EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx supports a configurable input debouncing and a variable input signal extension for all digital inputs. This can be set via Device Parameter Object 0x0800. The set value applies for all digital inputs. How to set the parameters of the IO-Link Device will be explained in the section [EPI1xxx, ERI1xxx - set up the parameters of the IO-Link Device \[► 71\]](#).

Input filter: variable adjustable over Device Parameter (Object 0x0800 Subindex 1).

Value	Filtertime [ms]
0	0
1	0.5
2	3
3	10
4	20

The value decides the delay with which the input value is transferred to the higher-level control. Impulses that are smaller than the filter time will be ignored. In the figure below function examples are presented with a filter time of 10 ms.

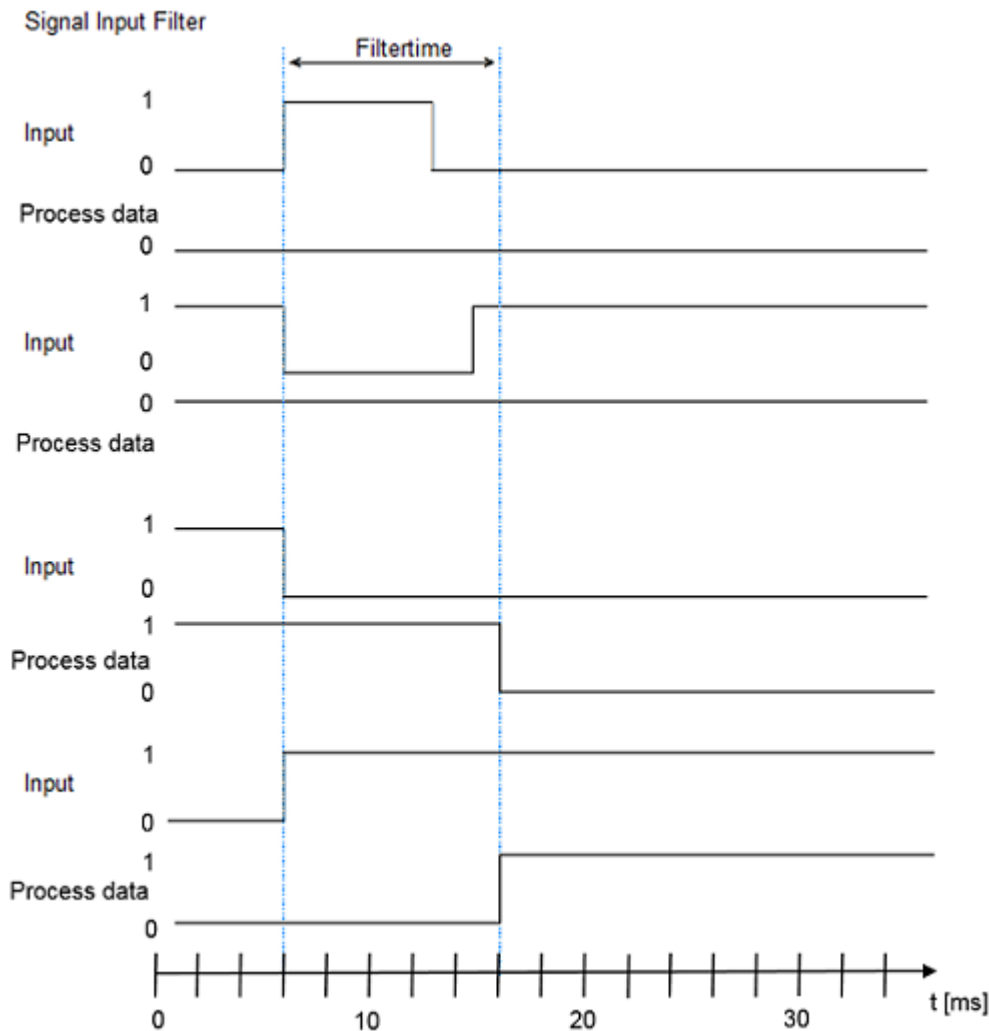


Fig. 78: Signal Input Filter

Input signal extension time: variable adjustable over Device Parameter (Object 0x0800 Subindex 2).

Value	Input signal extension time [ms]
0	0
1	0.5
2	3
3	10
4	20
5	50
6	100

The parameter specifies the time for which an input impulse is extended with additional momentum change. Short change of the input impulse during the signal extension will be ignored.

Signal Extension

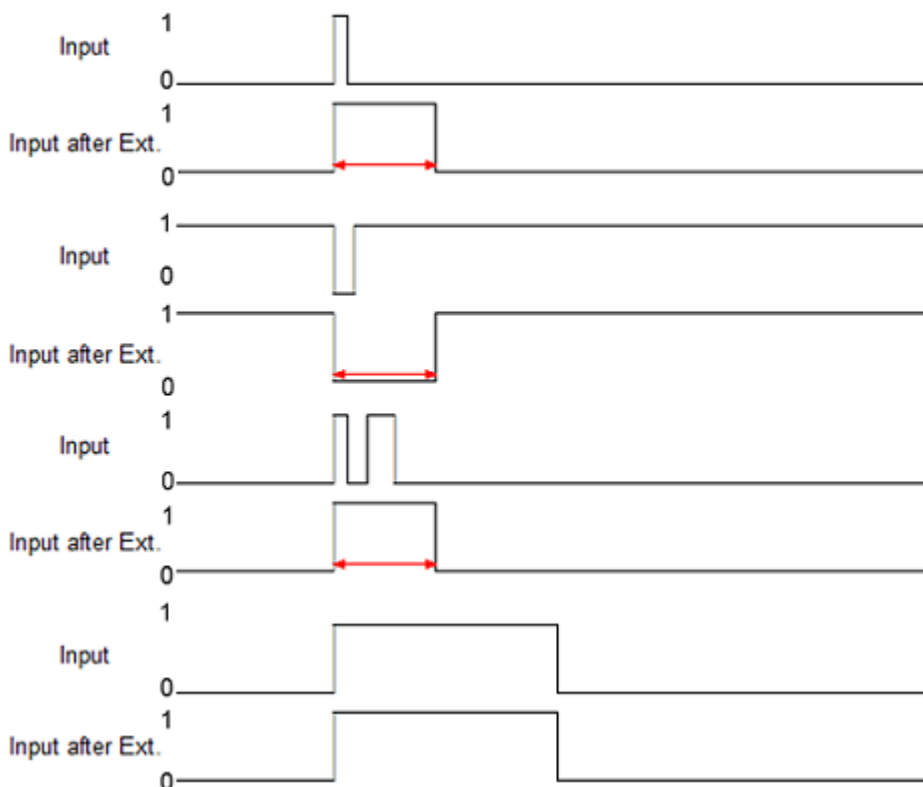


Fig. 79: Signal Extension

If the input debouncing and the input signal extension are active, the input impulse is always filtered first and then extend the result.

5.3.7 Object Overview - EPI1809-0021

i IO-Link IODD Device Description

The display corresponds to the display of the IO-Link device parameters. It is advisable to download the latest IO-Link IODD device description files from the [Download section](#) of the Beckhoff website and install them according to the installation instructions.

The object overview of EPI1809-0021 is listed below.

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0000:00	Direct Parameters 1		
0x0000:01	Reserved	RO	0
0x0000:02	Master Cycle Time	RO	5
0x0000:03	Min Cycle Time	RO	5
0x0000:04	M-Sequence Capability	RO	1
0x0000:05	IO-Link Version ID	RO	17
0x0000:06	Process Data Input Length	RO	16
0x0000:07	Process Data Output Length	RO	16
0x0000:08	Vendor ID 1	RO	0x0120
0x0000:09	Vendor ID 2	RO	0x0120
0x0000:0A	Device ID 1	RO	0x233900
0x0000:0B	Device ID 2	RO	0x233900
0x0000:0C	Device ID 3	RO	0x233900
0x0000:0D	Reserved	RO	255
0x0000:0E	Reserved	RO	255
0x0000:0F	Reserved	RO	255
0x0000:10	System Command	RO	255

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0001:00	Direct Parameters 2		
0x0001:01	Device Specific Parameter 1	RW	0
0x0001:02	Device Specific Parameter 2	RW	0
0x0001:03	Device Specific Parameter 3	RW	0
0x0001:04	Device Specific Parameter 4	RW	0
0x0001:05	Device Specific Parameter 5	RW	0
0x0001:06	Device Specific Parameter 6	RW	0
0x0001:07	Device Specific Parameter 7	RW	0
0x0001:08	Device Specific Parameter 8	RW	0
0x0001:09	Device Specific Parameter 9	RW	0
0x0001:0A	Device Specific Parameter 10	RW	0
0x0001:0B	Device Specific Parameter 11	RW	0
0x0001:0C	Device Specific Parameter 12	RW	0
0x0001:0D	Device Specific Parameter 13	RW	0
0x0001:0E	Device Specific Parameter 14	RW	0
0x0001:0F	Device Specific Parameter 15	RW	0
0x0001:10	Device Specific Parameter 16	RW	0

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0002	Standard Command	RW	0

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x000C:00	Device Access Locks		
0x000C:01	Parameter (write) Access Lock	RW	0
0x000C:02	Data Storage Lock	RW	0
0x000C:03	Local Parameterization Lock	RW	0
0x000C:04	Local User Interface Lock	RW	0

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0010	Vendor Name	RO	Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG
0x0011	Vendor Text	RO	www.beckhoff.com
0x0012	Product Name	RO	EPI1809-0021
0x0013	Product ID	RO	EPI1809-0021
0x0014	Product Text	RO	16 DI Module
0x0015	Serial Number	RO	00000000
0x0016	Hardware Version	RO	01
0x0017	Firmware Version	RO	01
0x0018	Application Specific Tag	RW	*****

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0800:00	Settings		
0x0800:01	Input Filter	RW	3 ms
0x0800:02	Signal Extension	RW	off

Subindex	Name	Flags	Default value
0x0A00:00	Diagnose		
0x0A00:01	Overtemperature	RO	0
0x0A00:02	Short detected	RO	0
0x0A00:03	US low	RO	0
0x0A00:04	UP low	RO	0
0x0A00:05	UP stat	RO	0
0x0A00:06	Port 0-7 UP short	RO	0
0x0A00:07	Port 8-15 UP short	RO	0
0x0A00:08	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:09	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0A	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0B	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0C	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0D	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0E	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:0F	Reserved	RO	0
0x0A00:10	Reserved	RO	0

Key

Flags:

RO (Read Only) this object can be read only

RW (READ/Write) this object can be read and written

5.3.8 EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x - Object description and parameterization

i IO-Link IODD Device Description

The display corresponds to the display of the IO-Link device parameters. It is advisable to download the latest IO-Link IODD device description files from the [Download section](#) of the Beckhoff website and install them according to the installation instructions.

Parameter server (data storage)

The IO-Link boxes support the data storage functionality according to protocol revision 1.1. The parameters 0x0018 (application-specific tag) and 0x08n0 (settings) are secured with the IO-Link master. In order to use this functionality, the IO-Link master must also support it. (e.g. with the Beckhoff EP6224-xxxx IO-Link

master from firmware 10) Changes to these parameters are saved by the IO-Link master and restored when the box is replaced with an identical IO-Link box. How to use the data storage functionality is explained in chapter [EPIxxx, ERIxxx - Setting of the IO-Link device parameters](#) [▶ 65].

Index 0000 Direct Parameter Page 1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0000:01	Reserved	-	UINT8	RW	0
0000:02	Master Cycle Time	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	5
0000:03	Min Cycle Time	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	5
0000:04	M-Sequence Capability	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	1
0000:05	IO-Link Version ID	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	17
0000:06	Process Data Input Length	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	16
0000:07	Process Data Output Length	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	16
0000:08 - 0000:09	Vendor ID	manufacturer ID	UINT8	RW	0x0120
0000:0A - 0000:0C	Device ID	device ID	UINT8	RW	0x233900
0000:0D - 0000:0F	Reserved	-	UINT8	RW	255
0000:10	System Command	IO-Link specific		RW	255

Index 0001 Direct Parameter Page 2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0001:01 - 0001:10	Device Specific Parameter	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	0

Index 0002 Standard Command

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0x0002	Standard Command	IO-Link specific	UINT8	W	0

Index 000C Device Access Locks

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
000C:01	Parameter (write) Access Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:02	Data Storage Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:03	Local Parameterization Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:04	Local User Interface Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE

Index 0010 Vendor Name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0010	Vendor Name	manufacturer designation	String	R	Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG

Index 0011 Vendor Text

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0011	Vendor Text	manufacturer specific text	String	R	www.beckhoff.com

Index 0012 Product Name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0012	Product Name	product designation	String	R	EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x

Index 0013 Product ID

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0013	Product ID	product designation	String	R	EPI1008-000x, ERI1008-000x

Index 0014 Product Text

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0014	Product Text	product description	String	R	8 DI Module

Index 0015 Serial Number

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0015	Serial Number	serial number (Individual serial number. Independent of the lasered serial number.)	String	R	00000000

Index 0016 Hardware Version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0016	Hardware Version	Hardware revision	String	R	01

Index 0017 Firmware Version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0017	Firmware Version	Firmware version	String	R	01

Index 0018 Application Specific Tag

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0018	Application Specific Tag	application specific description	String	RW	***** *****

Index 0800 Settings

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0800:01	Input Filter	debounce for digital inputs	UINT8	RW	3ms
0800:02	Signal Extension	signal extension for digital inputs	UINT8	RW	off

Index 0A00 Diagnosis

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0A00:01	Overtemperature	overheating of the IO-Link modules	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:02	Short detected	short circuit on the IO-Link C/Q data line	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:03	US low	supply voltage too low (< 18V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:04	UP low	Additional power supply too low (<18V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:05	UP stat	Additional power supply non-existent (<8V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:06 - 0A00:10	Reserved	-	BOOL	RO	FALSE

5.3.9 EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x - Object description and parameterization

IO-Link IODD Device Description

I The display corresponds to the display of the IO-Link device parameters. It is advisable to download the latest IO-Link IODD device description files from the [Download section](#) of the Beckhoff website and install them according to the installation instructions.

Parameter server (data storage)

The IO-Link boxes support the data storage functionality according to protocol revision 1.1. The parameters 0x0018 (application-specific tag) and 0x08n0 (settings) are secured with the IO-Link master. In order to use this functionality, the IO-Link master must also support it. (e.g. with the Beckhoff EP6224-xxxx IO-Link master from firmware 10) Changes to these parameters are saved by the IO-Link master and restored when the box is replaced with an identical IO-Link box. How to use the data storage functionality is explained in chapter [EPIxxxx, ERIxxxx - Setting of the IO-Link device parameters](#) [▶ 65].

Index 0000 Direct Parameters 1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0000:01	Reserved	-	UINT8	RO	0
0000:02	Master Cycle Time	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	5
0000:03	Min Cycle Time	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	5
0000:04	M-Sequence Capability	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	1
0000:05	IO-Link Version ID	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	17
0000:06	Process Data Input Length	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	16
0000:07	Process Data Output Length	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RO	16
0000:08 - 0000:09	Vendor ID	manufacturer ID	UINT8	RO	0x0120
0000:0A - 0000:0C	Device ID	device ID	UINT8	RO	0x233900
0000:0D - 0000:0F	Reserved	-	UINT8	RO	255
0000:10	System Command	IO-Link specific		RO	255

Direct Parameter Page 2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0001:01 - 0001:10	Device Specific Parameter	IO-Link specific	UINT8	RW	0

Index 0002 Standard Command

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0002	Standard Command	IO-Link specific	UINT8	W	0

Index 000C Device Access Locks

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
000C:01	Parameter (write) Access Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:02	Data Storage Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:03	Local Parameterization Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE
000C:04	Local User Interface Lock	unassisted	BOOL	RW	FALSE

Index 0010 Vendor Name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0010	Vendor Name	manufacturer designation	String	R	Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG

Index 0011 Vendor Text

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0011	Vendor Text	manufacturer specific text	String	R	www.beckhoff.com

Index 0012 Product Name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0012	Product Name	product designation	String	R	EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x

Index 0013 Product ID

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0013	Product ID	product designation	String	R	EPI1809-002x, ERI1809-002x

Index 0014 Product Text

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0014	Product Text	product description	String	R	16 DI Module

Index 0015 Serial Number

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0015	Serial Number	serial number (Individual serial number. Independent of the lasered serial number)	String	R	00000000

Index 0016 Hardware Version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0016	Hardware Version	Hardware revision	String	R	01

Index 0017 Firmware Version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0017	Firmware Version	Firmware version	String	R	01

Index 0018 Application Specific Tag

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0018	Application Specific Tag	application specific description	String	RW	***** *****

Index 0800 Settings

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0800:01	Input Filter	debounce for digital inputs	UINT8	RW	3ms
0800:02	Signal Extension	signal extension for digital inputs	UINT8	RW	off

Index 0A00 Diagnosis

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
0A00:01	Overtemperature	overheating of the IO-Link modules	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:02	Short detected	short circuit on the IO-Link C/Q data line	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:03	US low	supply voltage too low (< 18V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:04	UP low	Additional power supply too low (<18V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:05	UP stat	Additional power supply non-existent (<8V)	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:06	Port 0-7 UP short	short circuit detected on one of the digital ports 0-7	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:07	Port 8-15 UP short	short circuit detected on one of the digital ports 8-15	BOOL	RO	FALSE
0A00:08 - 00A00:10	Reserved	-	BOOL	RO	FALSE

5.3.10 Firmware update of the IO-Link device



Firmware update only possible with EtherCAT IO-Link master products

The firmware update of the IO-Link device is only possible with the EP6224-xxxx, EP6228-xxxx and EL6224. A firmware update is not possible with the KL6224.

An update of the box firmware is currently supported via the EP622x-xxxx IO-Link master box and the TwinCAT System Manager from version 2.11 R3 build 2248 or TwinCAT 3.1 build 4018.

The firmware update is performed directly via the IO-Link interface. To this end the box must be connected to the EP622x-xxxx and in *Operational* state. The update is started in the *Advanced* dialog of the corresponding IO-Link port (see the two figures below).

1. Select the EP622x-xxxx Box in the System Manager,
2. in the *IO-Link* tab, right click on the appropriate port
3. open the *Settings* tab,
4. select the *Advanced* button

5. Select IO-Link firmware files via the *Download* button (use the file extension *.efw).

The *Firmware Update* dialog is only displayed for supported Beckhoff IO-Link devices. Once the *.efw file has been checked, the firmware update starts automatically. This process must not be interrupted! After a successful update, the box is automatically restarted and therefore usually does not have to be de-energized. Device-specific settings (Appl. -Specific Tag, Settings) will not be lost.

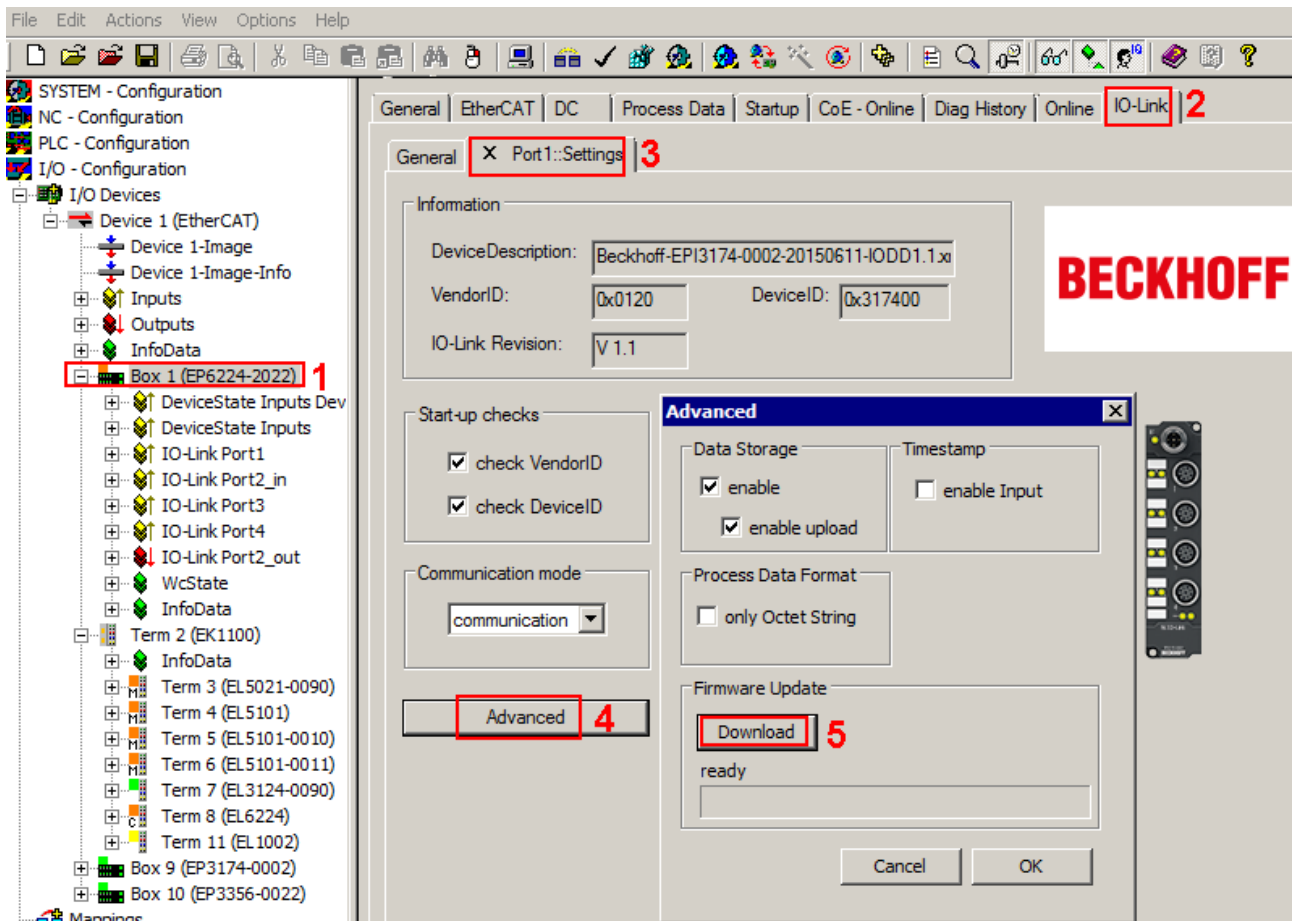


Fig. 80: IO-Link settings - download firmware update

The firmware version that is currently used can be obtained as follows (see the figure below):

1. Select the EP622x-xxxx Box in the System Manager,
2. In the *IO-Link* tab, right click on the appropriate port
3. open the *Parameter* tab,
4. select Index 0x017 (firmware version)
5. click the *Read* button
6. The firmware version is read out and displayed when IO-Link communication to the box is active.

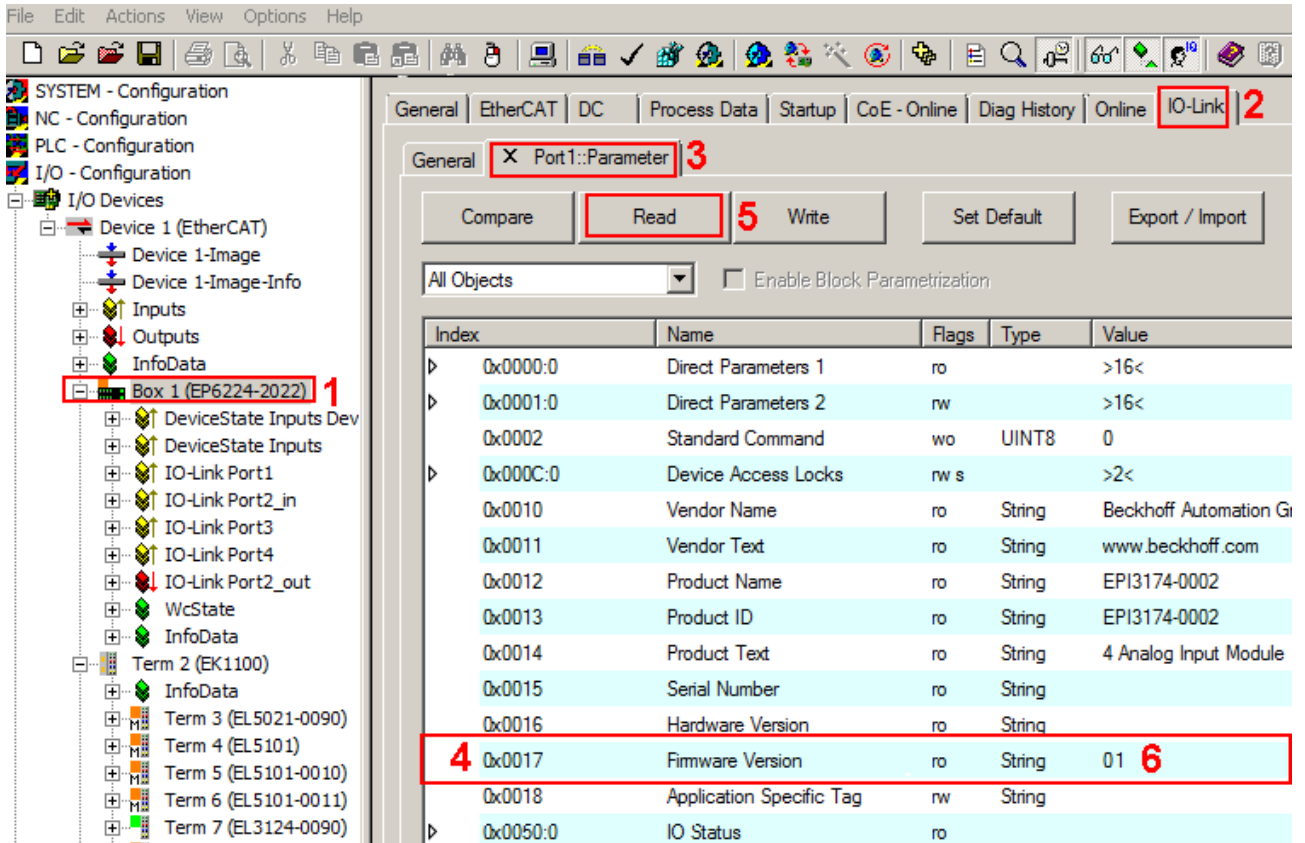


Fig. 81: IO-Link parameters - firmware version

6 Appendix

6.1 General operating conditions

Protection degrees (IP-Code)

The standard IEC 60529 (DIN EN 60529) defines the degrees of protection in different classes.

1. Number: dust protection and touch guard	Definition
0	Non-protected
1	Protected against access to hazardous parts with the back of a hand. Protected against solid foreign objects of Ø 50 mm
2	Protected against access to hazardous parts with a finger. Protected against solid foreign objects of Ø 12.5 mm.
3	Protected against access to hazardous parts with a tool. Protected against solid foreign objects Ø 2.5 mm.
4	Protected against access to hazardous parts with a wire. Protected against solid foreign objects Ø 1 mm.
5	Protected against access to hazardous parts with a wire. Dust-protected. Intrusion of dust is not totally prevented, but dust shall not penetrate in a quantity to interfere with satisfactory operation of the device or to impair safety.
6	Protected against access to hazardous parts with a wire. Dust-tight. No intrusion of dust.

2. Number: water* protection	Definition
0	Non-protected
1	Protected against water drops
2	Protected against water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15°.
3	Protected against spraying water. Water sprayed at an angle up to 60° on either side of the vertical shall have no harmful effects.
4	Protected against splashing water. Water splashed against the disclosure from any direction shall have no harmful effects
5	Protected against water jets
6	Protected against powerful water jets
7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water. Intrusion of water in quantities causing harmful effects shall not be possible when the enclosure is temporarily immersed in water for 30 min. in 1 m depth.

*) These protection classes define only protection against water!

Chemical Resistance

The Resistance relates to the Housing of the Fieldbus/EtherCAT Box and the used metal parts. In the table below you will find some typical resistance.

Character	Resistance
Steam	at temperatures >100°C: not resistant
Sodium base liquor (ph-Value > 12)	at room temperature: resistant > 40°C: not resistant
Acetic acid	not resistant
Argon (technical clean)	resistant

Key

- resistant: Lifetime several months
- non inherently resistant: Lifetime several weeks
- not resistant: Lifetime several hours resp. early decomposition

6.2 IP67 Box - Accessories

Fixing

Ordering information	Description
ZS5300-0001	Mounting rail (500 mm x 129 mm)

Marking material, plugs

Ordering information	Description
ZS5000-0000	Fieldbus Box set M8 (contact labels, plugs)
ZS5000-0002	Fieldbus Box set M12 (contact labels, plugs)
ZS5000-0010	plugs M8, IP67 (50 pieces)
ZS5000-0020	plugs M12, IP67 (50 pieces)
ZS5100-0000	marking labels, not printed, 4 stripes at 10 pieces
ZS5100-xxxx	printed marking labels, on request

Tools

Ordering information	Description
ZB8800	torque socket wrench with ratchet wrench for M8 connectors (over molded)
ZB8800-0001	ratchet wrench for M8 connectors (field assembly)
ZB8800-0002	ratchet wrench for M12 connectors (over molded)
ZB8801	torque wrench adjustable for M8 and M12 connectors
ZB8801-0001	ratched wrench for M8 connectors (over molded)
ZB8801-0002	ratched wrench for M8 connectors (field assembly) and M12 connectors (over molded)
ZB8801-0003	ratched wrench for M12 connectors (field assembly)



Further accessories

Further accessories may be found at the price list for Beckhoff fieldbus components and at the internet under http://www.beckhoff.de/english/fieldbus_box/data_sheets.htm?id=69033899254355.

6.3 Support and Service

Beckhoff and their partners around the world offer comprehensive support and service, making available fast and competent assistance with all questions related to Beckhoff products and system solutions.

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List of illustrations

Fig. 1	EPI1008-0001, ERI1008-0001.....	9
Fig. 2	EPI1008-0002, ERI1008-0002.....	9
Fig. 3	EPI1008-000x, Process image	11
Fig. 4	EPI1809-0021, ERI1809-0021.....	12
Fig. 5	EPI1809-0022, ERI1809-0022.....	12
Fig. 6	EPI1809-002x, Process image	14
Fig. 7	IO-Link overview: Peer-to-peer communication	16
Fig. 8	Establishment of IO-Link communication	17
Fig. 9	Dimensions of the IO-Link box modules	20
Fig. 10	Mounting Rail ZS5300-000	21
Fig. 11	IO-Link box with M8 and M12 connectors	22
Fig. 12	IO-Link box with M12 connectors	22
Fig. 13	Torque wrench, ZB8801	22
Fig. 14	Pin assignment Port Class A, Pin 2 not connected	23
Fig. 15	Pin assignment Port Class A, Pin 2 connected	23
Fig. 16	Pin assignment Port Class B	23
Fig. 17	IO-Link connection, master.....	24
Fig. 18	Example IO-Link cable: male to female.....	24
Fig. 19	Status LEDs for power supply	25
Fig. 20	Digital inputs M8 and M12	26
Fig. 21	UL marking	27
Fig. 22	Example IO-Link cable: male to female.....	28
Fig. 23	Selection of sensor cables available from Beckhoff	28
Fig. 24	Update Device Descriptions	30
Fig. 25	Appending a new I/O device (I/O Devices -> right-click -> Append Device.....)	30
Fig. 26	Selecting the device EtherCAT	31
Fig. 27	Appending a new box (Device -> right-click -> Append Box.....)	31
Fig. 28	Selecting a Box (e.g. EP6224-2022)	32
Fig. 29	Appended Box in the TwinCAT tree	33
Fig. 30	"IO-Link" tab.....	34
Fig. 31	Update Device Descriptions	36
Fig. 32	TwinCAT CONFIG mode display.....	36
Fig. 33	Scan Devices.....	37
Fig. 34	note for automatic device scan	37
Fig. 35	detected Ethernet devices	38
Fig. 36	scan query after automatic creation of an EtherCAT device	38
Fig. 37	online display example	39
Fig. 38	Master display after scan for boxes	39
Fig. 39	identical configuration.....	40
Fig. 40	correction dialog	40
Fig. 41	correction dialog with modifications.....	41
Fig. 42	Branch of the IO-Link Box to be configured.....	42
Fig. 43	General tab.....	42
Fig. 44	EtherCAT tab.....	43

Fig. 45	Process Data tab	44
Fig. 46	Startup tab	45
Fig. 47	CoE - Online tab	47
Fig. 48	Advanced Settings	48
Fig. 49	DiagHistory tab	48
Fig. 50	Online tab	49
Fig. 51	Selecting the Restore default parameters PDO	51
Fig. 52	Entering a restore value in the Set Value Dialog	51
Fig. 53	AoE-NetID allocation	53
Fig. 54	Reading of the Application-Specific Name	54
Fig. 55	Creating IO-Link devices	55
Fig. 56	Configuration of Port 2 as digital input	56
Fig. 57	IODD Finder, selection and import of the .xml file	57
Fig. 58	IODD Finder, display of an already imported device description	57
Fig. 59	Scan devices (C)	59
Fig. 60	Information Scan devices	59
Fig. 61	Button: Reload Devices	59
Fig. 62	Device at Port 2	60
Fig. 63	Device Port2 settings	60
Fig. 64	Parameter IO-Link device	61
Fig. 65	Manual creation of an IO-Link device via the "Create Device" dialog (D)	62
Fig. 66	Default process data showing EPI1809-0022 as example	63
Fig. 67	Context menu - Settings	64
Fig. 68	Settings of the IO-Link devices	64
Fig. 69	Advanced settings	65
Fig. 70	Opening the Parameters tab	66
Fig. 71	Parameters IO-Link device	66
Fig. 72	Parameterization IO-Link device - Export / Import	68
Fig. 73	Parameters IO-Link device Standard Command	69
Fig. 74	Parameters IO-Link device: Application Specific Tag	70
Fig. 75	Parameterization of input filter (Index 0x0800:01)	71
Fig. 76	Parameterization of Signal Extension (Index 0x0800:02)	72
Fig. 77	IO-Link Device Parameter: showing Diagnosis EPI1809-0021 as example	73
Fig. 78	Signal Input Filter	74
Fig. 79	Signal Extension	75
Fig. 80	IO-Link settings - download firmware update	83
Fig. 81	IO-Link parameters - firmware version	84