







Model Number

UCC2000-30GH70S-IE2R2-V15

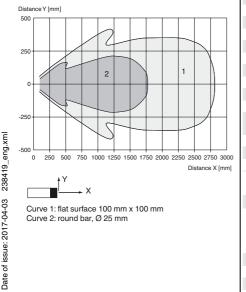
Ultrasonic diffuse sensor with pivoting transducer

Features

- Analog output 4 ... 20 mA
- · 1 switch output
- Temperature compensation
- Synchronization options
- Can be parameterized via the **ULTRA-PROG-IR** software and interface (accessories)
- High chemical resistance through **FEP** coated transducer surface

Diagrams

Characteristic response curve



Curve 1: flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm Curve 2: round bar, Ø 25 mm

Technical data

deneral specifications	
Sensing range	100 2000 mm
Adjustment range	150 2000 mm
Dead band	0 100 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 200 kHz
Response delay	< 100 ms

Nominal ratings

Temperature drift < + 1.5 % of full-scale value

Time delay before availability t ≤ 125 ms

Limit data

Permissible cable length max. 300 m

switching state switch output LED yellow LED green/yellow yellow: object in evaluation range

green: Teach-In Potentiometer switch output adjustable

Electrical specifications

Indicators/operating means

Rated operating voltage U 24 V DC 20 ... 30 V DC (including ripple) Operating voltage U_B

Ripple ≤ 10 % No-load supply current I₀ ≤ 50 mA

Interface Interface type Infrared

Mode point-to-point connection

Input/Output

Input/output type 1 synchronization connection, bidirectional (Factory setting: synchronized mode) / Teach-In input

0 Leve < 3 V 1 Level \geq 15 V typ. 900 Ω Input impedance Number of sensors max. 10

Switching output

Output type 1 switch output PNP, NO (NC contact programmable Default setting 150 ... 2000 mm (adjustable via potentiometer)

± 3 mm Repeat accuracy R Operating current IL 300 mA , short-circuit/overload protected

Switching frequency ≤ 4 Hz Switching hysteresis 20 mm (programmable)

≤3 V Voltage drop Off-state current ≤ 10 µA

Analog output

Output type 1 current output 4 ... 20 mA , ascending/descending

programmable

Default setting rising ramp; evaluation limit A1: 150 mm; evaluation limit A2:

2000 mm

Load resistor ≤ 500 Ω

Ambient conditions -25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) Ambient temperature Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) Shock resistance

30 g, 11 ms period 10 ... 55 Hz , Amplitude ± 1 mm Vibration resistance

Mechanical specifications

Connector M12 x 1, 5-pin Connection type

Degree of protection IP65

Material

Stainless steel 1.4571 / AISI 316Ti plastic PBT Housing Transducer FEP coated; epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture;

polyurethane foam Installation position any position Mass

170 g Construction type Cylindrical

Compliance with standards and directives

Standard conformity

Standards EN 60947-5-2:2007+A1:2012 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012

EN 60947-5-7:2003 IEC 60947-5-7:2003

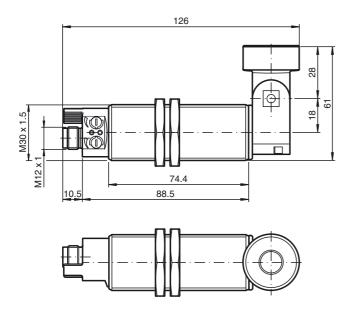
Approvals and certificates

cULus Listed, General Purpose UL approval CSA approval cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

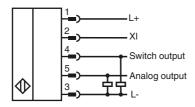
CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V

Release date: 2017-04-03 09:55

Dimensions



Electrical Connection



Pinout



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1 2 3 4	BN WH BU BK	(brown) (white) (blue) (black)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

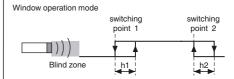
Additional Information

Analog output operating mode

Rising ramp



Switching output operating mode



Accessories

BF 30

Mounting flange, 30 mm

Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm

V15-G-2M-PUR

Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

UC-18/30GM-IR

Interface cable

ULTRA-PROG-IR

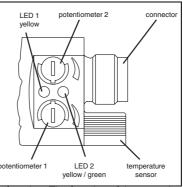
Configuration software for ultrasonic sensors

Description of Sensor Functions

Displays and Controls

The sensor has two potentiometers and two display LEDs.

LED 1 (yellow)	On/off: Switching state of switching output Flashing: Error when setting the switching points (switching point 2 < switching point 1). This state only occurs in window function operating mode (2 switching points).
LED 2 (yellow)	On/off: Object between evaluation limit A1 and evaluation limit A2 in the analog evaluation range.
LED 2 (green)	approx. 500 ms on: Range limit taught in Off: Normal mode
Potentiometer 1	Setting for switching point 1 of the switching output.
Potentiometer 2	Setting for switching point 2 of the switching output



The potentiometer function described illustrates the default function. The function of the potentiometer can be altered using the ULTRA-PROG-IR software. As soon as a configuration has been changed, the potentiometer function selected using ULTRA-PROG-IR is activated.

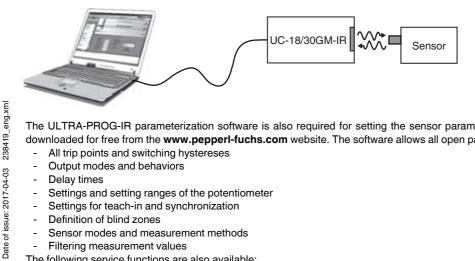
Setting the Sensor Using the Potentiometers

The sensor is equipped with two potentiometers. These potentiometers are assigned to the switching output by default. The switching output operates in window mode by default (2 switching points). Potentiometer 1 is used to set the near switching point of the switching window. Potentiometer 2 is used to set the distant switching point of the switching window.

The function of the potentiometer can be altered using the ULTRA-PROG-IR software. As soon as a configuration has been changed, the potentiometer function selected using ULTRA-PROG-IR is activated.

Parameterization via ULTRA-PROG-IR

In order to be able to set the sensor parameters and adjust the sensor to the respective application, the sensor is able to communicate with a PC via the integrated infrared interface. The UC-18/30GM-IR interface cable is required to allow communication via this method. This cable is connected to an unused USB port on the PC.



The ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software is also required for setting the sensor parameters. The ULTRA-PROG-IR software can be downloaded for free from the www.pepperl-fuchs.com website. The software allows all open parameters to be set, including:

- All trip points and switching hystereses
- Output modes and behaviors
- Delay times
- Settings and setting ranges of the potentiometer
- Settings for teach-in and synchronization
- Definition of blind zones
- Sensor modes and measurement methods
- Filtering measurement values

The following service functions are also available:

- Observing and recording measurement values
- Diagnosing interference reflections

Teach-in

The sensor is equipped with a function input (XI). In order to teach in a limit value, this sensor must be parameterized as the Teach-in input using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software. This parameterization software allows you to specify what limit value is taught in. Note:

The Teach-in function is not activated when the sensor is delivered.



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Description of the Teach-in process:

- 1. Position an object at the required distance.
- 2. Connect the Teach-in input to L-.
 - The green LED lights up briefly after approx. 3 seconds. This indicates that the required distance has been successfully saved.
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-in input from L-.

Note:

If the Teach-in input remains connected to L-, the Teach-in process is repeated every 3 seconds.

Synchronization

The sensor features a function input (XI). Using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software, this function input can be configured as a synchronization input to suppress mutual interference from external ultrasonic signals. This is illustrated in the following description. If the synchronization input is not connected, the sensor operates with internally generated cycle pulses.

External synchronization

The sensor can be synchronized by applying external rectangular pulses. The pulse duration must be $\geq 100~\mu s$. Each rising pulse edge sends an individual ultrasonic pulse. If the signal at the synchronization input is high, the sensor reverts to the normal, unsynchronized operating mode. If a low signal is applied to the synchronization input, the sensor switches to standby. In this operating mode, the last recorded output statuses are retained.

Internal synchronization

Common mode operation

Up to ten sensors can be synchronized with each other. To do this, the synchronization inputs of the individual sensors are connected to each other. When configured in this state, all of the sensors send the ultrasonic signals together at the same time. The cycle rate corresponds to the cycle rate of the sensor with the lowest rate.

Multiplex mode

Up to ten sensors can work in multiplex mode; i.e. the sensors send their ultrasonic signals in succession. This prevents the sensor signals interfering with each other. In multiplex mode, the synchronization inputs of all sensors are connected to each other. An address must also be assigned to each sensor using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software, and the number of sensors to be synchronized must be determined. To start multiplex mode, all sensors are commissioned together by switching on the power supply.