### **Features**

- 1-channel signal conditioner
- 24 V DC supply (loop powered)
- Current input/output 4 mA ... 20 mA
- HART I/P or transmitter power supply
- · Low voltage drop
- Line fault detection (LFD)
- Up to SIL 2 acc. to IEC 61508

## **Function**

This signal conditioner is loop powered and isolates a 4 mA ... 20mA signal for transmitters and positioners and is HART compatible.

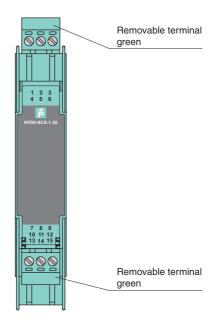
The low voltage drop of 5 V in comparison to active signal conditioners also allows transmitter applications with unstable power sources between 20 V DC ... 30 V DC.

Line fault detection of the field circuit is possible if the control loop in the safe area is monitored for overscale or underscale conditions of the 4 mA ... 20 mA range.

The module can also be used for controlling solenoid valves and discrete outputs, such as LEDs. In this case, terminals 8-and 9+ are driven with a 24 V signal.

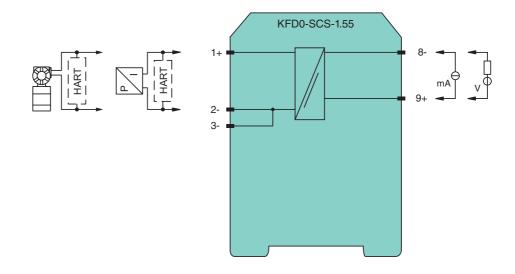
# **Assembly**

Front view



C € SIL 2

#### Connection



| General specifications               |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Signal type                          | Analog input/analog output   |
| Functional safety related parameters |  |
| Safety Integrity Level (SIL)         | SIL 2  |
| Supply                               |  |
| Rated voltage U <sub>r</sub>         | loop powered   |
| Power dissipation                    | 0.2 W  |
| Control circuit                      |  |
| Connection                           | terminals 8-, 9+   |
| Voltage                              | ≤ 30 V DC  |
| Current                              | 4 20 mA (quiescent current < 0.5 mA)   |
| Power dissipation                    | 150 mW at 20 mA and U <sub>in</sub> < 24 V   |
| Field circuit                        |  |
| Connection                           | terminals 1+, 2/3-   |
| Voltage                              | ≥ 16 V for supply voltage > 21 V   |
| Current                              | 4 20 mA (linear transmission 1 22 mA)  |
| Load                                 | $\leq$ 800 $\Omega$ (at 20 mA)   |
| Transfer characteristics             |  |
| Voltage drop                         | see note   |
| Deviation                            |  |
| After calibration                    | $\leq$ ± 80 $\mu$ A linearity, load and voltage dependence at 20 °C (68 °F)                                  |
| Influence of ambient temperature     | < 0.5 μΑ/Κ   |
| Damping                              | approx. 3 dB   |
| Rise time                            | $\leq$ 20 μs at 0 $\Omega$ , $\leq$ 600 μs with 800 $\Omega$ load  |
| Galvanic isolation                   |  |
| Input/Output                         | basic insulation according to IEC 62103, rated insulation voltage 300 V <sub>eff</sub>                       |
| Indicators/settings                  |  |
| Labeling                             | space for labeling at the front  |
| Directive conformity                 |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility        |  |
| Directive 2014/30/EU                 | EN 61326-1:2013 (industrial locations)   |
| Conformity                           | ·  |
| Galvanic isolation                   | IEC 62103:2003   |
| Electromagnetic compatibility        | NE 21:2007   |
| Degree of protection                 | IEC 60529:2001   |
| Ambient conditions                   |  |
| Ambient temperature                  | -20 60 °C (-4 140 °F)  |
| Mechanical specifications            |  |
| Degree of protection                 | IP20   |
| Connection                           | screw terminals  |
| Mass                                 | approx. 120 g  |
| Dimensions                           | 20 x 124 x 115 mm (0.8 x 4.9 x 4.5 inch) , housing type B2   |
| Mounting                             | on 35 mm DIN mounting rail acc. to EN 60715:2001   |
| General information                  |  |
| Supplementary information            | Observe the certificates, declarations of conformity, instruction manuals, and manuals where applicable. For |

information see www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

## **Additional information**

In addition, the voltage drop across the resistance (load) of the active measurement input must be considered when calculating the field voltage (terminals 1+ and 2-).

Lead breakage monitoring is possible by means of the reaction of the field current signal to the control side, which means the control system must monitor whether the 4 mA ... 20 mA range was exceeded or fallen short of.

SMART repeater supply isolator for **active** interfaces

Transmitters with or without HART

Voltage drop in case of 20 mA: max. 5 V

SMART repeater for **passive** interfaces

Transmitters with or without HART

Voltage drop in case of 20 mA: max. 5 V

Current driver for positioners, I/P converters Positioners with or without HART

Voltage drop in case of 20 mA:

5 V, 500  $\Omega$  ... 800  $\Omega$  load

6 V,  $250 \Omega load$  8 V,  $50 \Omega load$ 

