







Model Number

OBE1000-R2-SE2-L

Laser thru-beam sensor with 2 m fixed cable

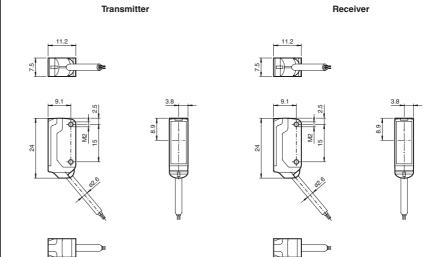
Features

- Ultra-small housing design
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors durable and employable like an LED
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints
- Improvement in machine availability with abrasion-resistant, antistatic glass front

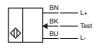
Product information

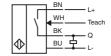
The R2 series nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options. The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor. The abrasion-resistant lens allows long operating times close to the moving object.

Dimensions

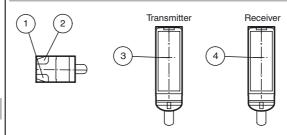


Electrical connection





Indicators/operating means



		_
1	Operating display	green
2	Signal display	yellow
3	Emitter	
4	Receiver	·

Technical data System components Emitter OBE10M-R2-L OBE1000-R2-E2-L General specifications Effective detection range 0 1 m Threshold detection range 1.5 m laser diode Light source Light type modulated visible red light, 680 nm Laser nominal ratings Note LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM Laser class 680 nm Wave length Beam divergence > 5 mrad approx. 2 us Pulse length Repetition rate approx. 16.6 kHz max. pulse energy 9.5 nJ Diameter of the light spot approx. 3 mm at a distance of 1000 mm Angle of divergence approx. 0.5 ° Optical face frontal EN 60947-5-2: 30000 Lux Ambient light limit Functional safety related parameters 806 a $MTTF_d$ Mission Time (T_M) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0 % Indicators/operating means Operation indicator LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz) Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes Function indicator when falling short of the stability control; OFF when light beam is interrupted **Electrical specifications** Operating voltage U_{B} 12 ... 24 V No-load supply current Emitter: ≤ 10 mA I_0 Receiver: ≤ 8 mA Protection class Input Test input Test of switching function at 0 V Switching threshold Teach-In input Output

NO contact

open collector

max. 30 V DC

approx. 2 kHz

UL 60947-5-2: 2014

-20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F)

-30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F)

≤ 1.5 V DC

250 us

IP67

glass PUR

2 m fixed cable

PC/ABS and TPU

approx. 20 g Per sensor

dated June 24, 2007

max. 50 mA, resistive load

EN 60947-5-2:2007 EN 60947-5-2/A1:2012

1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected,

EN 60947-5-2:2007 EN 60947-5-2/A1:2012 EN 60825-1:2007

Fixing screws, 2 x M2 allen head screws included with delivery

CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V IEC 60825-1:2007 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and

1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50,

E87056, cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source

Laserlabel



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT IEC 60825-1: 2007 certified.

Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50. dated June 24, 2007

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

IEC 60825-1: 2007 certified. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007

Accessories

MH-R2-01

Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bra-

MH-R2-02

Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bra-

MH-R2-03

Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket

MH-R2-04

Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bra-

Other suitable accessories can be found at www.pepperl-fuchs.com

PEPPERL+FUCHS

282039_eng.xml Date of issue: 2017-03-02 Release date: 2017-03-02 14:55

Approvals and certificates

Switching type

Signal output

Voltage drop Switching frequency

Response time

Directive conformity

Standard conformity Standards

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature

Storage temperature **Mechanical specifications**

Degree of protection Connection

Material Housing

Cable Installation

Mass

Optical face

Cable length

UL approval

CCC approval

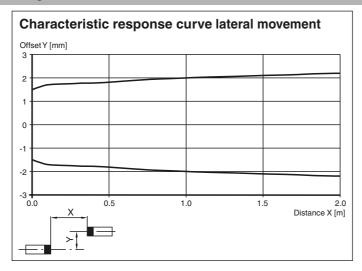
FDA approval

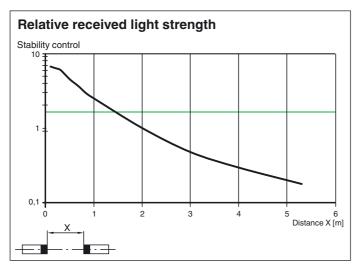
Electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU

Switching voltage

Switching current

Curves/Diagrams





Teach-In Methods

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

282039_eng.xml

2017-03-02

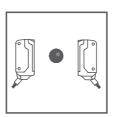
Date of issue:

2017-03-02 14:55

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up sold and yellow LED blinks.

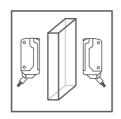
Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information" Pepperl+Fuchs Group USA: +1 330 486 0001 www.pepperl-fuchs.com fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

Germany: +49 621 776 4411 Singapore: +65 6779 9091 fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com fa-info@sg.pepperl-fuchs.com

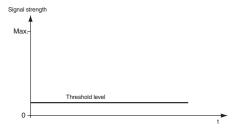


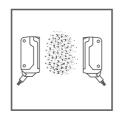
- 1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Position the object in the beam path.
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up sold. 5.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

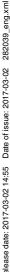
Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- 6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up sold.

Laser notice laser class 1

- The irradiation can lead to irritation especially in a dark environment. Do not point at people!
- Maintenance and repairs should only be carried out by authorized service personnel!
- Attach the device so that the warning is clearly visible and readable.
- The warning accompanies the device and should be attached in immediate proximity to the device.
- Caution Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



PEPPERL+FUCHS