ENA58PL-H12DS5-0013SS2-RAA



Model Number

ENA58PL-H12DS5-0013SS2-RAA

Features

- Industrial standard housing Ø58 mm
- Suitable for SIL2/PId applications .
- Absolute value data from SSI interface
- 13 Bit singleturn
- Incremental signals from sin/cos output

Description

This singleturn sin/cos rotary encoder transmits a position value corresponding to the shaft setting via the SSI interface (Synchronous Serial Interface). In addition to the postion values also sin/cos incremental signals are transmitted. Hearby a real time control of e.g. a motor is ensured. The control module sends a clock bundle to the rotary encoder to obtain the position data. The rotary encoder then sends the position data synchronous to the cycles of the control module. It is possible to select the following items with function inputs

- the counting direction and
- the zero-set function (preset value)

Date of issue: 2019-01-30 291655 eng.xml Release date: 2019-01-30 12:04

	Material
	Housing
	Flange
	Shaft
	Mass
	Rotational spee
	Moment of iner
	Starting torque
	Shaft load
	Radial offset
	Approvals and
	EAC conformit
	TÜV approval
I ing to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Informatio	n".

General specifications
Detection type
Device type
Functional safety related paramete
Safety Integrity Level (SIL)
Performance level (PL)
MTTF _d
Mission Time (T _M)
PFH _d
L ₁₀
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)
Electrical specifications
Operating voltage U _B
No-load supply current I ₀
Time delay before availability t _v
Output code
Code course (counting direction)
Interface
Interface type
Monoflop time Resolution
Single turn Overall resolution
Transfer rate
Standard conformity
Input 1
Input type
Signal voltage
High
Low
Input current
Switch-on delay
Input 2
Input type
Signal voltage
High
Low
Input current
Signal duration
Switch-on delay
Output
Output type
Pulses
Amplitude
Load current
0
Output frequency
Connection
Connector
Standard conformity Degree of protection
Climatic testing
Salt spray test
Emitted interference
Noise immunity
Shock resistance
Vibration resistance
Functional safety
Tunolonal salety
Ambient conditions
Operating temperature
Storage temperature
Mechanical specifications
Material
Housing
Flange
Shaft
Mass Retational anod
Rotational speed
Moment of inertia
Starting torque Shaft load
Radial offset
ndulai VIISEL
Approvals and certificates
EAC conformity
TÜV approval

Technical data

rs

photoelectric sampling Singleturn absolute rotary encoder with incremental output (sin/cos) SIL 2 PL d 1000 a 20 a 4.6 E-10 70 E+9 at 1.5 rpm 99.7 % 24 V DC ± 25 % max. 100 mA < 250 ms Gray code cw ascending (clockwise rotation, code course ascending) SSI + incremental track (sin/cos) \leq 15 μ s 13 Bit 13 Bit max. 500 kBit/s RS 422 Selection of counting direction (cw/ccw) 4.5 ... 24 V 0 ... 2 V < 6 mA < 20 ms zero-set (PRESET 1) 4.5 ... 24 V 0...2V < 6 mA > 10 ms < 20 ms sine / cosine 2048 1 V_{ss} ± 10 % max. per channel 10 mA , conditionally short-circuit proof (not with U_b), reverse polarity protected max. 200 kHz (3 dB limit) type 9416L (M23), 12-pin DIN EN 60529, IP65 DIN EN 60068-2-3, no moisture condensation DIN EN 60068-2-52, 672 h DIN EN 61000-6-4 DIN EN 61000-6-2 DIN EN 60068-2-27, 100 g, 6 ms DIN EN 60068-2-6, 10 g, 10 ... 2000 Hz IEC/EN 61508:2010 EN 62061/A2:2015 EN 61326-3-1:2008 EN 61800-5-2:2016 Suitable up to SIL 2, PL d, see leaflet. -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) 3.2315 aluminum 3.2315 aluminum stainless steel 1.4404 / AISI 316L approx. 220 g max. 10 min $\leq 80 \text{ gcm}^2$ < 10 Ncm max 0.04 mm

TR CU 020/2011 Cert. no. Z10 17 03 68273 002

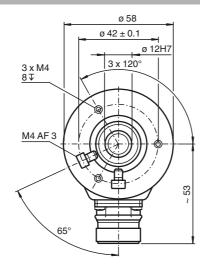
Refer to "General Notes Relati

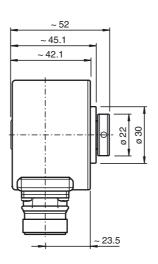
Pepperl+Fuchs Group www.pepperl-fuchs.com

USA: +1 330 486 0001 fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

Germany: +49 621 776 1111 fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com

Dimensions





Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information" Pepperl+Fuchs Group www.pepperl-fuchs.com

USA: +1 330 486 0001 fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

Germany: +49 621 776 1111 fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com

Electrical connection

Signal	Connector 9416L, 12-pin	Explanation
GND (encoder)	1	Power supply
U _b (encoder)	2	Power supply
Clock (+)	3	Positive cycle line
Clock (-)	4	Negative cycle line
Data (+)	5	Positive transmission data
Data (-)	6	Negative transmission data
Preset	7	Zero-setting input
V/R	8	Input for selection of counting direction
A / Cos	9	Cosinus signal
A / Cos	10	Inverted cosinus signal
B / Sin	11	Sinus signal
B / Sin	12	Inverted sinus signal
	8 7 11 6 5 4	

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

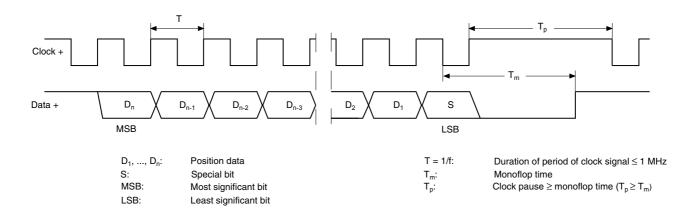
Pepperl+Fuchs Group www.pepperl-fuchs.com

Description

The Synchronous Serial Interface was specially developed for transferring the output data of an absolute encoder to a control device. The control module sends a clock bundle and the absolute encoder responds with the position value.

Thus only 4 lines are required for the clock and data, no matter what the resolution of the rotary encoder is. The RS 422 interface is optically isolated from the power supply.

SSI signal course Standard



SSI output format Standard

- At idle status signal lines "Data +" and "Clock +" are at high level (5 V).
- The first time the clock signal switches from high to low, the data transfer in which the current information (position data (D_n) and special bit (S)) is stored in the encoder is introduced.
- The highest order bit (MSB) is applied to the serial data output of the encoder with the first rising pulse edge.
- The next successive lower order bit is transferred with each following rising pulse edge.
- After the lowest order bit (LSB) has been transferred the data line switches to low until the monoflop time T_m has expired.
- No subsequent data transfer can be started until the data line switches to high again or the time for the clock pause T_p has expired.
- After the clock sequence is complete, the monoflop time T_m is triggered with the last falling pulse edge.
- The monoflop time T_m determines the lowest transmission frequency.

SSI output format ring slide operation (multiple transmission)

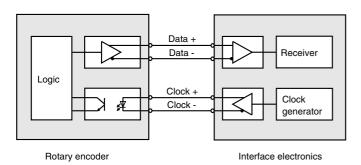
- In ring slide operation, multiple transmission of the same data word over the SSI interface makes it possible to offer the possibility of detecting transmission errors.
- In multiple transmission, 13 bits are transferred per data word in standard format.
- If the clock change is not interrupted after the last falling pulse edge, ring slide operation automatically becomes active. This means that the information that was stored at the time of the first clock change is generated again.
- After the first transmission, the 26th pulse controls data repetition. If the 26th pulse follows after an amount of time greater than the monoflop time T_m, a new current data word will be transmitted with the following pulses.



If the pulse line is exchanged, the data word is generated offset. Ring slide operation is possible up to max. 13 bits.

Block diagram

www.pepperl-fuchs.com

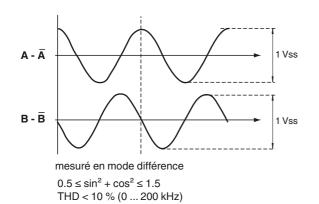


Line length

Line length in m	Baudrate in kHz
< 50	< 400

fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

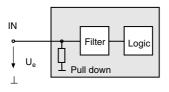
Signal outputs



℃ cw - flange view

Inputs

The selection of the counting direction input (cw/ccw) and the zero-set input (PRESET 1) are activated with 1-level.



Pepperl+Fuchs Group www.pepperl-fuchs.com

USA: +1 330 486 0001 fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

Germany: +49 621 776 1111

fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com