







Model Number

ENA36IL-R***-SSI

Features

- Very small housing
- Up to 32 Bit multiturn
- SSI interface
- Free of wear magnetic sampling
- High resolution and accuracy

Description

The ENA36IL series are high precision encoders with internal magnetic sampling.

This multiturn absolute encoder transmits a position value corresponding to the shaft setting via the SSI interface (Synchronous Serial Interface).

The control module sends a start sequence to the absolute encoder to obtain the position data. The rotary encoder then sends the position data synchronous to the cycles of the control module. It is possible to select the counting direction with the function input.

Technical data

specifications

Detection type magnetic sampling Device type Absolute encoders Linearity error $< \pm 0.1$

UL File Number E223176 "For use in NFPA 79 Applications only", if UL marking is marked on the product.

Functional safety related parameters

 MTTF_d 700 a at 40 °C Mission Time (T_M) 20 a

1035 E+8 revolutions at 19/44 N axial/radial shaft load L₁₀

Diagnostic Coverage (DC)

Electrical specifications Operating voltage U_B 4.75 ... 30 V DC

Power consumption P₀ ≤ 1 W < 450 ms Time delay before availability tv

Gray code, binary code Output code

Code course (counting direction) adjustable Interface

Interface type SSI

Resolution Single turn up to 16 Bit Multiturn up to 16 Bit up to 32 Bit Overall resolution

Transfer rate 0.1 ... 2 MBit/s < 100 μs Cycle time

Standard conformity RS 422 Input 1

Input type Selection of counting direction (cw/ccw)

Signal voltage $4.75~V~\dots~U_B$ (cw descending) High

Low 0 ... 2 V or unconnected (cw ascending)

Input current Switch-on delay < 250 ms

zero-set (PRESET 1) with falling edge Input type

Signal voltage High

4.75 V ... U_B Low 0 ... 2 V Input current < 6 mA Signal duration > 1.1 s

Connection

Input 2

Connector M12 connector, 8-pin Ø6 mm, 4 x 2 x 0.14 mm²

Cable Standard conformity

DIN EN 60529, IP65 or IP54 Degree of protection

Climatic testing DIN EN 60068-2-3, no moisture condensation

Emitted interference EN 61000-6-4:2007 Noise immunity EN 61000-6-2:2005

DIN EN 60068-2-27, 200 $\,g$, 6 ms Shock resistance Vibration resistance DIN EN 60068-2-6, 20 g, 10 ... 1000 Hz

Ambient conditions

cable, flexing: -5 ... 70 °C (23 ... 158 °F), cable, fixed: -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) Operating temperature

connector models: -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)

-40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) Storage temperature Relative humidity 98 %, no moisture condensation

Mechanical specifications

Material Housing nickel-plated steel

Flange Aluminum Shaft Stainless steel Mass approx. 150 g max. 12000 min ⁻¹ Rotational speed

Moment of inertia 30 gcm² Starting torque < 3 Ncm

Shaft load Axial 19 N Radial 44 N Axial offset ± 0.3 mm static

Approvals and certificates

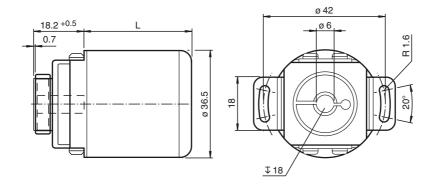
Radial offset

cULus Listed, General Purpose, Class 2 Power Source, if **UL** approval

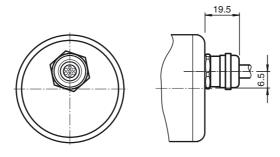
± 0.5 mm static

UL marking is marked on the product.

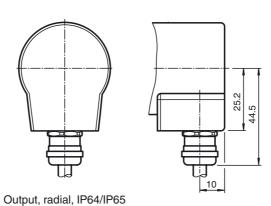
Dimensions



	L [mm]		
Degree of protection	Axial output	Radial output	
IP54	36		
IP64/IP65	36	32	



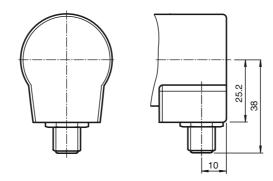
Output, axial, IP64/IP65



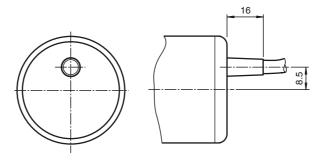
5PEPPERL+FUCHS

2

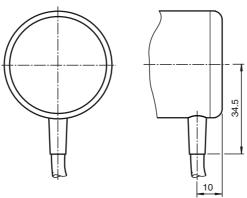
Output, axial, IP64/IP65



Output, radial, IP64/IP65



Output, axial, IP54



Output, radial, IP54

Electrical connection

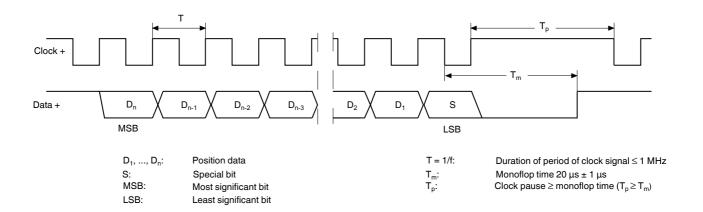
Signal	Wire end	Connector
GND (encoder)	White	1
U _b (encoder)	Brown	2
Clock (+)	Green	3
Clock (-)	Yellow	4
Data (+)	Grey	5
Data (-)	Pink	6
Preset	Black or Blue	7
Counting direction	Red	8
Shielding	Shielding	Housing
Pinout	-	5 6 7 1 8

Description

The Synchronous Serial Interface was specially developed for transferring the output data of an absolute encoder to a control device. The control module sends a clock bundle and the absolute encoder responds with the position value.

Thus only 4 lines are required for the clock and data, no matter what the resolution of the rotary encoder is. The RS 422 interface is optically isolated from the power supply.

SSI signal course Standard



SSI output format Standard

- At idle status signal lines "Data +" and "Clock +" are at high level (5 V).
- The first time the clock signal switches from high to low, the data transfer in which the current information (position data (D_n) and special bit (S)) is stored in the encoder is introduced.±
- The highest order bit (MSB) is applied to the serial data output of the encoder with the first rising pulse edge.
- The next successive lower order bit is transferred with each following rising pulse edge.
- After the lowest order bit (LSB) has been transferred the data line switches to low until the monoflop time T_m has expired.
- No subsequent data transfer can be started until the data line switches to high again or the time for the clock pause T_n has expired.
- After the clock sequence is complete, the monoflop time T_m is triggered with the last falling pulse edge.
- The monoflop time T_m determines the lowest transmission frequency.

SSI output format ring slide operation (multiple transmission)

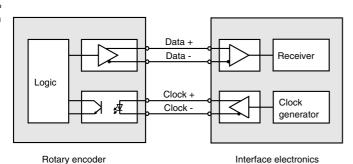
- In ring slide operation, multiple transmission of the same data word over the SSI interface makes it possible to offer the possibility of detecting transmission errors.
- In multiple transmission, n bits are transferred per data word in standard format. The value n equals the total resolution of the encoder.

 As an example: a multiturn encoder with a resolution of 8192 steps/revolution (13 bit) and a max. number of 4096 revolutions (12 bit) has a total resolution of n = 25 bit.
- If the clock change is not interrupted after the last falling pulse edge, ring slide operation automatically becomes active. This means that the information that was stored at the time of the first clock change is generated again.
- After the first position transmission, the n+1 pulse controls data repetition. If the n+1 pulse follows after an amount of time greater than the monoflop
 time T_m, a new current data word will be transmitted with the following pulses.



If the pulse line is exchanged, the data word is generated offset.

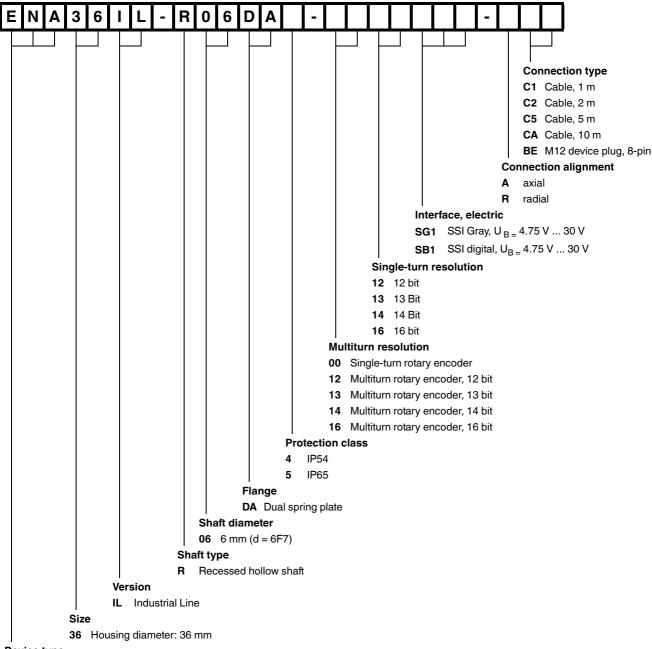
Block diagram



Line length

Line length in m	Baudrate in kHz
< 50	< 400
< 100	< 300
< 200	< 200
< 400	< 100

Model number



Device type

ENA Absolute rotary encoder